The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 18—No 46. FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1858 WHOLE No 1300

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

Insurance Agency.

a subscriber having received the Agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

IS prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms. This Company has a Capital Stock of

$300,000,

All paid and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 30. 1851. y17.

General Insurance Agency,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,

Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500 000

MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. Co

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania —Capital $100 000

STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.

Ogdensburgh, N. Y.—Capital $150,000.

The above Companies have all the capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

HOUGH & JONES, *Agents.*

May 17th, 1855. y46

By State Authority.

Choice First-Class Insurance.

—BY THE—

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

Cash Capital $1,000,000.

ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED,

With a Surplus of $506,387.88.

And the prestige of THIRTY-EIGHT YEARS success and experience.

Assets, January 1, 1858.

Cash in hand and Deposites in Hartford Banks,	$348 123 69
Cash in transit and Agents' hands,	166,872 05
Money due the Companie, secured by Mortgage,	5 418 04
Real Estate unincumbered,	47 653 42
Bills Receivable,	35 177 18
	Market Value.
102 Bonds 6, 7 & 10 per cent interest annually,	102 000 00
837 Shares Railroad Stock,	54 446 00
50 do. Connecticut River Co. Stock,	1,250 00
50 do. Stafford Bank "	5,000 00
50 do. Waterbury Bank "	5.000 00
16 do. Providence "	1.300 00
2300 do. Hartford "	199 060 00
6985 do. New York "	500 662 50
15 do. Jersey City "	1 425 00
100 do. U S Trust Co. N. Y. "	10 000 00
150 do. N Y L I and Trust Co. "	22 500 00
	$1 506 387 83

TOTAL LIABILITIES: Unsettled Claims not due. $173 926 84

LOSSES EQUITABLY ADJUSTED & PROMPTLY PAID,

Upwards of $11,000,000

Of Losses have been paid by the Ætna Insurance Co., in the past 38 years.

Fire and Inland Navigation.

Risks accepted at terms consistent with solvency and fair profit.

Especial attention given to Insurance of DWELLINGS *and Contents for terms of 1 to 5 years.*

The progress of this corporation have been stable and uninterrupted through seasons of financial sunshine and storm, or, periods eventful in or exempt from sweeping configurations and maritime disaster. Being long established on a cash basis, the troubles of the credit system affect us in no material particular.

During "hard times" the security of reliable Insurance is an imperative duty—the ability of property owners to sustain loss being then much lessened.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns throughout the State. Policies issued without delay, on any of the duly authorized Agents of the Company.

Business attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

JOHN HOUGH Jr. Agent

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HOUGH & JONES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, will attend to all legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

OFFICE—Calhoun street.

M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under the Sentinel Office.

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICE—On Calhoun street, one door south of P. Kiser's (second story).

F. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.

OFFICE—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana

OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

W. S. SMITH. W. W. STEVENS.

SMITH & STEEVENS,

Attorneys at Laws,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.

Sales or purchase of Real Estate negotiated.

OFFICE—Cheer City Auction Store. 36

BENJAMIN SAUNDERS,

JUSTICE OF PEACE,

No. 2 Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street,

(next door to the Sentinel Office.)

pdm19 FORT WAYNE.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

HOMŒOPATHY.

DR. G. W. BOWEN,

HOMŒOPATHIST,

Residence on Barr street, office on Calhoun street, Opposite the Public Square.

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Dr. C. S. Smith.

Office on Calhoun street, over Hill's Book Store.

Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

RAILROAD NOTICE.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THE PITTSBURGH, F. WAYNE & CHICAGO Railroad Company

WITH its ample rolling stock and equipment, is prepared to transport Passengers and Freight from

Philadelphia & Pittsburgh to Chicago,

ST. LOUIS, INDIANAPOLIS, CINCINNATI,

And all places West and South-West,

With a great degree of regularity and expedition.

The fact that this road forms a direct and consolidated line between PITTSBURGH and CHICAGO, is a sufficient guarantee that its Trains will make time, and connections with Trains on other Roads.

Change of Time.

GOING WEST

PASSENGERS TRAINS LEAVE

	Mail.	1st Express.
Pittsburgh,	2 40 A M	2.15 P M
Crestline,	10 00 A M	10 30 P M
FT. WAYNE,	5,40 P M	5 30 A M
REACH CHICAGO.	7 00 A M	1.30 P M

All Trains make close connections at CRESTLINE for COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS and SAINT LOUIS.

Also at FORT WAYNE with Trains on Wabash & Western Railroad for *Lafayette, Central Illinois,* and *St. Louis.*

Also at Forest with trains on the M. R. & L. E R. R.

RETURNING.

	1st Express.	Mail.
From Chicago,	10 00 P M	6 30 A M
FT. WAYNE,	5.45 A M	2 15 P M
Crestline,	12 01 P M	8.40 P M
Arr. Pittsburgh,	8 52 P M	6 10 A M

Making close connections with trains for Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York.

Trains from St Louis; Indianapolis, Cincinnati, and Columbus make close connections a Crestline with all returning trains. At Fort Wayne trains from St. Louis, Central Illinois, Lafayette, and intermediate places, connect with above trains. At Forest, connections are made with trains to and from Cincinnati, Springfield and Dayton.

☞ *Baggage checked through, and no charge for handling.*

☞ For tickets and furter information apply to A T Johnson, Agent, at the Great Western Railroad Office, directly on the corner, at the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, or to Geo. Parkin, Passeng r Station, Penn Street, between Wayne and Canal; R F Patrick, No. 30 Dearborn Street, opposite the Tremont House, Chicago, or to the Agents at the Stations on the line

☞ All Trains stop at Fort Wayne 15 minutes.—Remember above is *leaving* time.

J. J. HOUSTON, Gen. Pass'gr Agent.
D. W. BOSS, Pass'gr Agt Chicago.
JOS. H. MOORE, SUPERINTENDENT.

May 10th. 1858. y51

New and Direct Route

FROM

Toledo to St. Louis,

Springfield, Naples, Decatur, and all points in the West.

TOLEDO WABASH, & WESTERN RAILROAD

No change of Cars or Baggage between Toledo and St. Louis.

ON and after Monday, May 10th, 1858, Trains will leave Fort Wayne as follows:

GOING WEST.

Mail Express	5.00 A.M.
New York & St. Louis Express	5.00 P. M.

GOING EAST.

New York & St. Louis Express	5.00 A.M.
Mail Express	12 20 P. M.

Passengers by either of those trains go through to St. Louis without change of Cars, *an advantage not possessed by any on the route.* These trains make close connections at State Line with Great Western Railroad, for *Springfield, Naples, Decatur,* &c.

The Railroad is built and equipped in the most thorough manner, and for SPEED AND COMFORT, is not exceeded by any route to St. Louis.

The Mail Express leaving Fort Wayne at 5 00 A M, connects at Peru with Morning Train of the Peru and Indianapolis Railroad, for Indianapolis, and of Indianapolis with *all the Roads leading from that point.*

Trains leaving Fort Wayne at 5.00 A M. make close connections at Toledo with Trains of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad, for *Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo Albany, New York* and *Boston.*

☞ FREIGHT TRAINS run daily between Toledo, Fort Wayne and State Line.

GEO H BURROWS, Gen Sup't.

Toledo, May 10, 1858.

1858. 1858.

J. E. HILL. A. M. ORBISON

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS

FORT WAYNE, IND.

115 PIECES RED FLANNEL at ORFF'S

BLACK, BLUE, BROWN, & GREEN BROAD CLOTHS at ORFF'S

SATTINETTS, Jeans, Cassameres, Tweeds, Linseys & Full Cloths, at ORFF'S

BLACK and Colored Dress Silks, Merinoes, Delaines, Plaids, Coburgs, Alpaccas and Bombazines, at ORFF'S

LINEN Table Cloths, Diapers, Crashes & Sheeting at ORFF'S

ROCKHILL HOUSE,

By PHILO RUMSEY,

Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

January 20th, 1855. y26

MAYER HOUSE,

Formerly Palo Alto

H. B. GARTIN, Proprietor,

FORT WAYNE, IND.,

Corner of Wayne and Calhoun Streets.

☞ Omnibus to convey passengers to and from the Cars. y2

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods and Groceries,

Corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

FORT WAYNE, IND

JONAS W. TOWNLEY. ROBERT TOWNLEY.

BOOKS!

McDONALD'S TREATISE

On the Law relating to the

Powers & Duties

OF THE

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE & CONSTABLES

of the State of Indiana.

Just reSsued at HILL & JACOBS',

February 12, Calhoun st.

HUMPHREY & HURD

CARPENTERS AND JOINERS,

HEREBY give notice to their friends and all whom it may concern, that they manufacture to order at their shop, nearly opposite the Rockhill House, *Doors, Blinds Windows Sash,* and all other kinds of work usually in their line of business. Having the most extensive assortment and the very best of machinery driven by steam of any establishment in this vicinity, they are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch and at the lowest prices. Give us a call.

Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856 y41

COFFEE by the sack, to sell at

PIERR'S.

A Large stock of LARD OIL SPERM OIL, and BURNING FLUID.

Also, Iceland Moss Paste—a delicious remedy for Coughs and Colds; Gum Drops, Jujube Paste, and Spruce Gum, at WALL, MEYER, & Co.'s

Dr. W. D. STEWART

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that he has returned to and permanently located in Fort Wayne, where he will continue the practice of Medicine and Surgery.

Residence north side of Berry street, two doors west of the 2d Presbyterian Church. Office on Clinton street, immediately over the Post Office.

May 21, 1857. y44

D. J. HOSTETTER'S

STOMACH BITTERS

FOR THE CURE OF

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Constipation Flatulency, Loss of Appetite or any Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels producing Cramps Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c. &c.

All of these ills yield like magic toils vilifying influence upon the system, and for a person in advanced years, or recovering from sickness of any kind, nothing can be more conducive to their convalescence than the use of these Bitters as per directions on the bottles.

Scarcely four years have elapsed since the first introduction of "Dr. J Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters" to the public, and such has been the success of this article after its tested efficacy by a discriminating public, that during the last year nearly half a million bottles were sold, with a continuous demand in excess of the supply with all the facilities the proprietors have been able to command in its preparation.

Are you dyspeptic? Then take these Stomach Bitters.

Are you bilious? Try one bottle of these Bitters, and be relieved at once.

Are you ailthrived by indigestion or constipation? Remove the cause by the free use of these Bitters.

Have you fever and ague? How many thousands in the West and South have been cured of this constitution-destroying disease by the free use of these Bitters!

All should try this great Anidote. We venture to affirm that, when Hostetters's Stomach Bitters are used, a case of Fever and Ague cannot occur: therefore, no family consulting their own interest can afford to do without it.

A WORD TO THE LADIES

Inrecommending to your use Dr J Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters, it is but just to state that as a stimulant to the system, in imparting strength and vigor, preparatory to periodical stages, which are of times attended with much pain and trouble, we know of no preparation more happily adapted to all afflictions consequent upon this cause, and for cramps in stomach, cholera morbus, and all ailments arising from over indulgence in fruits, vegetables, ice creams, &c, it is certain and almost instantaneous remedy, and no family should be without it.

One wineglassful taken three times each before meals, at half the quantity i the patients are in a weak condition, and increased in proportion to their strength, will be found a great tonic agent, which all will appreciate when personally satisfied of the facts, as they will be by giving the Bitters one trial.

☞ CAUTION ☜

Carefulness should be our study, but more particularly when the health is at stake. Since these Bitters have, from their medical qualities, become so popular, there have been a great many concections called Stomach Bitters, and often represented to be the same in virtue as Dr. Hostetter's, palmed upon the public. Be careful of these villainous compounds! Our Bitters are put up in square quart bottles, and covered with the patent metallic cap, stamped "Hostetter's Stomach Bitters," and Dr. J Hostetter blown on the glass. All others are imitation.

For sale at Fort Wayne, by

SMITH & BRACKENRIDGE, WALL & MEYER.
H. B. REED, H. G. WAGNER.

Nov 7. 1856 y19

FLOUR-SACK FACTORY.

WE have commenced the manufacture of Sacks for Flour, Buckwheat, Meal, &c., and are prepared promptly to furnish all sizes, neatly printed to order, at New York prices, adding transportation. Terms cash.

TRESSELT & Co,

Fort Wayne, March 6. y36

GOOD NEWS!

ALL who want to buy good and CHEAP GOODS are invited to call at

P. PIERR'S.

There they will find every thing right, in

Groceries and Dry Goods.

Molasses, prime article,
Golden Syrup,
Tea from 37½ to $1 00 per lb.
Coffee, 12½ cents per lb.
Sugar very low, and prime article.

Call and satisfy yourself of the truth.

GLASSWARE exceedingly low; CROCKERY cheap—cheaper than anywhere else.

Come, come, and see!

January 23d, 1858

Drug Store Removed!

THE subscriber has removed his establishment, styled APOTHECARIES' HALL, to

No. 83 Columbia street,

directly opposite the Post Office, where he will be happy to serve his old customers, and as many new ones as will be pleased to call.

His stock consists of

DRUGS,

French, English and American Chemicals. Paints, Oils, Glass, Acids, Dye Woods, etc

—also—

BRANDIES AND WINES

of foreign importation, and warranted pure.

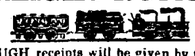
Agency of Gram & Smith's and New York Teeth Manufacturing Co's ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

Gold and Tin Foil Surgical Instruments, &c. &c.

☞ PRESCRIPTIONS compounded at all hours.

March 38 J. U. WINSLOW

FREIGHT NOTICE.



THROUGH receipts will be given by the Indianapolis & Cincinnati, and Toledo, Wabash & Western Railroad Companies, for the transportation of freights via Peru and Indianapolis, between

Cincinnati & Fort Wayne,

and from Cincinnati to all points on the T. W. & W. R R.

Rates as Low as by any other Route;

and time quicker—freights are taken through without transfer.

Mark Goods via P. & I. R. R. and deliver at the Depot of the Ind. & Cin. R. R. Cin—for through receipts in Cincinnati call at the freight office or on Mr. SIDNEY RICE, No 66, 3 d St; and at Fort Wayne, at the office of the T. W. & W. R. R. Messrs. KIMBALL & EDSALL, at that point, will also give any desired information and adjust only claims for overcharges.

J. F. CHEEK, Gen Frt Agt. I. & C. R R.
L. N. ANDREWS, Gen Frt. Agt P. & I. R R.
CARL KNOX Gen. Frt Agt T. W. & W. R. R.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 13th, 1858. tf—33

Fort Wayne Academy for Boys.

REGULAR Course of Studies

English, German, Latin, Arithmetic, Geometry Algebra, History (Ancient and Modern), Natural Philosophy, Vocal Music.

Optional Studies,

Greek, French, Drawing, Instrumental Music.

The academic year is divided into two sessions of five months each, with vacations of two months at the end of the second session; first session to commence September 1st, second session February 1st.

N. B The next session (being one half of regular session) commences *November 16th*

Pupils received at the commencement of sessions only.

Price of tuition of regular course, per session, payable in advance..... $12 00
" Optional studies " 5 00

For further information apply to

A. SUTERMEISTER, Principal.

Or to the Trustees, J. OBELLINGER, Fort Wayne.
CH. PIPPENBRINK, "
Rev. F. W. HUSMAN, Marion Tp

6m19

NEW BOOKS

Just Received at HILL'S Book Store

ATKINSON'S Oriental, and Western Liberia, gorgeously illustrated.

LIVINGSTONE'S Adventures in the Interior of Africa.

THE World of Mind, by Isaac Taylor.

BERANGER Two hundred of his Lyrical Poems done into English verse, by William Young.

THE Lady's Almanac for 1858. This little volume should be in the hands of every housewife. Price, 31 cents.

EUROPEAN Acquaintance, by Dr Forrest.

DEBIT & Credit, by Chevalier Bunsen.

☞ The above are all new books, and the subscriber would like to sell them.

C. L. HILL.

Interesting from Salt Lake City through an Escaped Mormon.

Probabilities of a Peaceful Result—Brigham Young likely to Retreat—Lack of Military Material—Condition of the Females—Terribly Suffering among the Hand-Cart Emigrants, &c.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Times.

LEAVENWORTH, K. T., April 19.

It was my fortune to meet here Frederick Loba, an ex-high Priest of the Mormons, who escaped recently from Salt Lake with his family, and is now in this city. I do not know when I have heard or read a more interesting or remarkable history than his, and within a few days I shall be able to lay it before you in full. For the present I will only say that he is a native of Switzerland, a man of great intelligence and liberal education, an accomplished linguist, and possessing rare conversational powers. He has traveled over and is familiar with every part of Europe, was distinguished in his own land and in Russia for his scientific attainments and was formerly a prominent official in his native town of Lausanne. But notwithstanding all this he became a victim to the strange delusion of Mormonism, and attested his sincerity by forsaking his high, honorable and independent position at home, and journeying with his family to Salt Lake in 1854, in the confident expectation to find there the Zion of God towards which his cultivated enthusiasm and intense religious zeal had turned with the highest and holiest aspirations.

How soul crushing was his disappointment when he reached the much longed for "Valleys of the Mountains," to find them the theatre of lust and crime of every description and the most disgusting character, perpetrated in the name of religion. Once in the city of the Saints, he awoke from his delusion, for his education and refinement were proof against even religious fanaticism and superstition. From that hour his attention was turned to plans for escape from the Valley. Foreseeing, however that this would be impossible if his purpose should be discovered, he was compelled to conceal his true feelings and appear to join with his heart and soul in the ceremonial mumeries from which his judgment turned with intensest loathing. He escaped, finally, in April last, and arrived here, after suffering incredible hardships, broken down in health, his family all sick, and without a farthing left of the ample means with which he started towards Salt Lake. No one who talks with Mr. Loba can doubt his sincerity, for honesty is stamped in every lineament, and truth beams out form every line of his eloquently simple narrative.

Of course, then his testimony in regard to the condition and resources of the Mormons at Salt Lake is of especial value, for no man could be better qualified to speak intelligently of the facts, as they are. I have questioned him closely upon these points, with the following result: He says, unhesitatingly, that the Mormons will not attempt to resist the United States troops if they go out in a body, instead of scattering along the road in small and careless parties, as did the Government wagon trains, which were destroyed upon the Plains last season. Mr. Loba met these on his way in and earnestly cautioned their conductors against their carelessness, assuring them of the danger and urging them to concentrate and move forward in a body; but they could see no enemy, nor apprehend any danger, failed to follow the friendly advice, and were cut off and robbed.

Mr. Loba bases his positive opinion that the Mormons will make no attempt at organized resistance, upon his personal knowledge of the fact that they have no means of resistance. They have very little ammunition, "no gunpowder factory, no material from which to make the powder, none of the appliances essential to that purpose, nor any simple man who knows how to make one ounce of explosive material, even if his life depended upon it." Nor have they any artillery, with the exception of a piece of cannon, a two-pounder, one of a pair given them long since by the United States—the other one having burst while Mr. Loba was in the Valley. My informant is a man of considerable military capacity having been an officer in the French service in the time of Charles X. This fact becoming known, on his arrival at Salt Lake, he was for a long time besought to accept a military title and position, which gave him ample opportunity of ascertaining the military resources of the country and capacity of its people. He asserts that they have no military knowledge, even if they had arms—that their talk about their battalions and regiments and legions is the veriest humbug imaginable—and that their pretences of the possession of abundant armaments are falsehoods unmitigated. They have no iron from which to cast cannon—and if they had the material, they have no foundry, nor any machinery for boring them nor any mechanic competent to do the work. True, there is an abundance of iron ore 300 miles or more south of Salt Lake City, but it is highly magnetic, and up to the time when Mr. Loba left, although large sums had been expended in experimenting, all efforts to melt it down and render it fit for use had failed. Neither are the Mormons any better off in the matter of manufacturing small arms. They have some few gun tinkers among them; but, as an evidence of their utter incompetency, he mentions the fact that no one of them was able to make a screw for him, to replace one which he had lost from a revolver of peculiar construction.

Mr. Loba estimates the total population of the valley at 32,000 souls. Of these, counting every male from 15 to 60 years of age, he estimates that there are not to exceed 7,500 capable of bearing arms—while not more the 3,500 of the whole number, in his opinion, would make even passible soldiers, under drilling by skillful men. Not one in ten of the entire male population had firearms of any description; and a large proportion of those they have are out of repair and worthless. He has no confidence in the statement that the Mormons have fortified Echo Canon, except it may be by digging ditches, and poising rocks to be rolled down from the lover hanging cliffs. Their boasts of mines under the roan, and all that sort of thing, he scouts as idle nonsense. In short, he considers the Mormons destitutes of any effective power of resistence to even the small force already under command of Gen. Johnston, and maintains that Brigham Young's entire reliance has been based upon his hope of being able to deter the United States from attempting to deal with him, by lying boasts of his ability to wage successful resistance.

He believes that when Brigham Young finds his braggadocio has failed, and that the United States authorities are determined to pursue him he will have a "special revelation from God," instructing him to retire from before the Philistines. In obedience to these directions he will go off with his 2,500 Danites or "Destroying Angels," and when, the troops arrive at Salt Lake, will be found missing. They will probably go northward to Vancouver's Island, or possibly to the Russian possessions, which they can do easier than go southward to Sonora, as they are without means of subsistance while crossing the desert lying in that direction. There is no probability that the "Saints," will retire in a body thence, to sally in predatory bands upon the Gentile troops or civil occupants of the valley. The Danites—well fitted by experience and wicked instincts for the life of banditti—might take to the mountains; but the masses could not follow them there, because it would be simply a journey to starvation and death. And for this very reason no considerable body even of the Danites will seek the mountain life, because there they could no longer live upon the sweat and blood of the toiling masses, whose tithes and other offerings have heretofore afforded to the Mormon hierarchy and their ministers of despotism known as "Destroying Angels," the support and means of gratifying their debasing tastes and passions.

Mr. Loba naturally feels very deeply the misery and degradation which Mormonism entails. A man of large heart and noble instincts he is sorely grieved at the condition of the fellow creatures whom he left under the heel of the Mormon Theocracy. He has witnessed every species of outrage and crime heaped upon men and women in the name of religion, and feels that it is a sternidity of the Government of the United States to go to every extreme in order to prevent the sacrifice of further victims. Understanding the whole system of Mormonism in all its secret mysteries and its continuous net work of crime, he is firm in the conviction that it can never be tolerated with safety, and that only in extermination can the evil be reached and cured. To this issue he thinks the question must come at last, believing that the "Saints," if they escape now, will eventually force either the Federal Government, or the indignant people of the border, to cut off the tail of the rabid dog, immediately back of the ears.

Perhaps no single incident in connection with Mormon history presents more of horror, than the history of hand cart trains, which you may remember was painted in such glowing colors by some of the Mormon missionaries whose harangues I reported at one of their meetings in New York last summer. I asked Mr. Loba to give me an unvarnished statment of the facts—for it was evident from the story told by the Mormons themselves that they were hiding important details which would not bear discovery. It appears that Young sent Franklin and Saml. D. Richards—two of his shrewdest and most unscrupulous minions—to Liverpool, to superintend the emigration thence to Salt Lake, of the numerous proselytes made in Europe. These men collected a large amount of money from the faithful, in sums of £53 each, which was to purchase wagons and other outfits for the passage from New York to Utah—each sum of £53 providing for a family—or if the man had none for himself and associates. A party of about 2,500 souls, collected under this arrangement, set sail with their faces towards "Zion." On their arrival on the frontier they were informed that Brother Brigham had received a revelation from God, directing that in order to try their faith and thus test who among them were worthy the donors of the faithful, they should journey to Salt Lake in hand-cart trains?

Accordingly, their pilots and leaders—filled with the grace acquired at the feet of their Prophet Brigham—kindly purchased the hand carts for them at the disposal of the newly arrived brethren at exactly double that sum. Of the entire party were compelled to go on foot six to each hand cart, which they dragged along with its contents, consisting of seventeen pounds of luggage to each person. All the property of the emigrants, over and above this, they were compelled to throw away, of course—thus loosing the litte remnant of their savings after having been most religiously robbed of all their cash. Now dissentions rose among them, and the result was that they did not reach the banks of the Missouri, from whence we start Westward until the 1st of September.

Here, then, they stood, with twelve hundred miles of weary travel on foot before them, and the merciless rigors of a northern winter staring them in the face. The commonest humanity would have inspired the leaders of the deluded band to stay their steps until the opening spring. But they seem to have been oblivious to any such sentiment. They got up another revelation from on high, in which the travellers were bidden onward, and assured that the angels of the Lord would be upon their right hand and their left, shielding them from harm, providing them sustenance and protection, and conducting the rejoicing into the valleys of the mountains, where dwelt the glories of Israel's God!

Thus twenty-five hundred honest simple souls full of honest faith and zeal—old men and young, gentle women and tender children plunged into the wilderness, never doubting the result. Sad to relate, of that entire band, only about two hundred frost bitten, starving and emanciated beings, lived to tell the story of thier sufferings! Mr Loba himself, witnessed the entrance of the survivors—many even of whom were compelled to submit to the rudest kind of surgery for the amputation of limbs already frozen to death. Twenty-three hundred of the devoted band had fallen by the way, tortured victims of hunger and cold some of them indeed torn by tamished wolves, while life still struggled for the victory over famishment and frost. The picture is too horrible to contemplate—but my informant states that its truth is well attested by many persons who soon after passed over the scene of this march of death, and found it strewn with its thousands of ghastly human skeletons. He says, too, that among the tribes of Utah white childred are now living who were picked up from the snow by the savages, and thus rescued from the death which their parents had failed to escape

Mr. Loba well asks whether it is not the province of Government to take notice of such events as these, and essay an effort to prevent their recurrence. It was far from safe, however, to suggest such an idea in Salt Lake City. A London friend of Mr. Loba's, named Jarvis, stung at sight of the miserable remnant of the hand cart immigration, remarked, that if such an event had occurred in England, Brigham Young would have been called to account by the Government. For utterance of this sentiment Jarvis became at once the object of cruel persecution. The Destroying Angels burned his house, robbed him, and dragged him out by the hair of the head. He was obliged to fly for his life, abandoning all his property of every description.

The condition of the female portion of the community at Salt Lake is represented as most deplorable. Large numbers of them feel deeply the degradation of their position, and look forward with joy, even to death, as a means of release. When the army shall have reached the Valley, Mr. Loba believes that the greater portion of the female Saints, will avail themselves of the protection thus afforded them, and abandon Mormondom. Many of these will do so because of their sufferings, notwithstanding that they still maintain faith in the doctrine of the Saints, while a larger number will, because of their intent disgust for the whole affair. I have thus given you a few of the prominent facts and suggestions derived from my intelligent informant. His intensely interesting personal narrative shall be forthcoming as soon as he has had time to make it complete.

Strange as it may seem, new victims to the delusions of Mormonism continue to pass up the Missouri, on their way to the Valley. Forty families of them passed here yesterday form St. Louis, on board the steamer Omaha. Russell & Majors, Government contractors endeavoured to procure passage hence on this same vessel for a party of their teamsters, but the Captain wisely declined to take them, foreseeing, as he did, that there would be serious trouble between them and the Mormons, for the teamsters were boasting upon the levee of their hostile intentions.

Douglas' Probable Successor.—Should the republicans secure a majority in the Illinois legislature, to be chosen next November, it seems to be understood on all hands that they will select a true and tried friend of their cause to succeed Judge Douglas. Only one person is seriously named in this connection, as yet, and a general agreement in his favor is probable. This is Hon Abraham Lincoln, formerly of the House of Representatives. He but just missed of an election, instead of Judge Trumbull, the present republican Senator from Illinois. As there are to be two democratic State tickets in the field at the next election, unless there is some very abrupt backing down, it is nearly certain that the republicans will carry the State, and have full control of the legislature.

☞ A Paris letter-writer says of Louis Napoleon:

The notion of an incessant and horrible danger hanging over his head has so possessed the Emperor, that in spite of all his resolves to the contrary, his nervous system is shaken to the roots, and he is in that peculiar state of mind that prevents a man from seeing straight or moving straight. He no longer enjoys his liberty of action or of thought, and his mistaken acts it will be that will probably one day bring a fatal crisis on.

The Acquittal of Dr. Bernard.

The acquittal of Dr. Bernard, the Parliament man, tried at London for conspiring with Radio and others, is mainly attributed to the effect produced by the speech of his counsel, Mr Edwin James. The evidence was certainly very telling against the prisoner. His complicity with Radio and the other conspirators was very fairly made out. It was shown that he was aware of what was going on, that he purchased part of the materials used in the composition of the bombs, and that he officiated as the best friends of the conspirators in England. The character of the defence may be judged from the concluding portion of Mr Jame's address to the jury:

I have now commented on the facts of this case, and I ask whether it is one in which you will stretch the law and give a verdict for the Crown?—whether the evidence is such as should induce you to consign to death the prisoner at the bar? I should have thought that when, under the dismal twilight of that morning, Orsini and Pierri expiated their crime upon the guillotine at Paris, enough had been done to vindicate the demands of French justice. I should have thought when they were defeated upon their conspiracy bill, *which they introduced to please the Emperor, whose haughty commands had gone in a different strain to the weaker courts of Sardinia and Switzerland,* that the Crown prosecutors would have been satisfied. But, no; always the charge of conspiracy is still hanging over the prisoner, it is sought to find him guilty on a charge of wilful murder under an act of Parliament which is not applicable to the case, and which I believe to be, so far as the law is concerned, a mockery and a sham. The great object of the French government is, if possible, to establish through you gentlemen of the jury, *that an exile is not to be protected in this country.* It has been the pride of this country, as was said by Cicero of Rome, "*Regum populorum, nationum, portus et refugium.*" How true has that been of this country! We have had exiled kings here, an exiled priesthood, an exiled nobility—we have had the Emperor of the French an exile here, plotting against the throne of Louis Philippe; and now his objects is to destroy that very asylum which afforded a refuge to himself.—Will you allow the laws of England to be perverted for such a purpose? I trust that you will hesitate long before you do so, and that you will see doubts enough in this case which will compel you to say that the crime charged in the indictment has not been proved against the prisoner. I need not remind you that it has been of the greatest advantage to this country that her free shores have been open to exiles from other lands. The requisition of Philip II., of Spain, led to an insurrection in the Netherlands, and conduced to the more firm establishment of Protestantism in this country; the revocation of the Edict of Nantes drove to our shores the Sanrins, the Romillys, and the Labouchères who have shed a lustre on this country. *Will you, then, at the bidding of a neighboring despot, destroy the asylum which aliens have hitherto enjoyed?* No, I am satisfied that you will not; I implore you at least to pause before you do so, because I believe, conscientiously, that you do not see at present the result that may flow from this proceeding. Gentlemen, I have done, I have discharged my duty towards the unhappy gentleman at the bar to the best of my ability. I have discharged it as an English advocate, I believe, ought to have discharged it—fearlessly and conscientiously. Let me urge you to discharge yours also fearlessly, firmly and conscientiously. You will have the case left in your hands, after an able reply from the Attorney General, by one who will hold the scales with an even and impartial hand. I implore you to let the verdict be your own, uninfluenced *by the ridiculous fears of French armaments of French invasions, such as were raised in Pallier's case.* You, gentlemen, will not be intimidated by foreign dictation to consign the accused to the scaffold; you will not pervert and wrest the law of England to please a foreign dictator. No. Tell the prosecutor in this case that the jury box is the sanctuary of English liberty. Tell him that on this spot your predecessors have resisted the arbitrary power of the crown, backed by the influence of crown serving and time serving judges. Tell him that under every difficulty and danger your predecessors have secured the political liberties of the people. Tell him that the verdicts of English juries are founded on the eternal and immutable principles of justice. Tell him that, panoplied in that armor, no threat of armament or invasion can awe you. Tell him that, though 600,000 French bayonets glittered before you, though the roar of French cannon thundered in your ears, you will return a verdict which your own breast and consciences will sanctify and approve, *careless whether that verdict pleases or displeases a foreign despot, or secures or shakes and destroys forever the throne which a tyrant has built up in the ruins of the liberty of a once free and mighty people.* [Distinct clapping of hands and other symptoms of approval were manifested by a portion of the audience at the conclusion of the learned counsel's address, and it was some time before the ordinary aspect of the court was restored.]

The Times then describes in the most graphic manner the scene in the Court room while the jury were out; the whole vast area pact with human beings—ladies, gentlemen and boys; all the streets around the 'Old Bailey" surging with a sea of heads.

Mr. Clark, the Clerk of Arraigns, addressing the jury said: Gentlemen, are you agreed upon your verdict?

The Foreman—We are.

Mr. Clark—How say you? Is Simon Bernard guilty or not guilty?

The Foreman—Not Guilty.

On the announcement of this decision, a scene occurred, unexampled, perhaps, in an English tribunal. From the galleries first, and then in an instant afterward from the floor of the court, proceeded a loud shout of exultation. The cheering was again and again repeated—the excitement was contagious—and many of the ladies of quality present waved their handkerchiefs in token of their delight. Vainly did the Lord Chief Justice endeavor by voice and gesture to still the tumult, and as powerless were the stentorian lungs of Mr. Harker, though exerted to the utmost, to restore silence. The prisoner, who was extremely excited, flourished his pocket handkerchief over his head, and several times attempted to speak. By this time, the verdict had reached the ears of the crowd assembled outside the Old Bailey, the rapturous cheer which they raised, and after repeated could be distinctly heard within the court. The Judges unable and perhaps unwilling to check this spontaneous ebullition of popular feeling, but yet not liking to sanction it by their presence rose to depart. The look of Lord Campbell at this moment was of itself a study. Slightly ruffled at the defiance which had been shown to his authority,

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

Secretary of State,
DANIEL McCLURE, of Morgan.

Auditor of State,
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.

Treasurer of State,
NATHANIEL F. CUNNINGHAM, of Vigo

Superintendent of Public Instruction,
SAMUEL L. RUGG, of Allen,

Attorney General,
JOSEPH E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.

For Supreme Judges,
SAMUEL E. PERKINS, of Marion.
ANDREW DAVISON, of Decatur
JAMES M. HANNA, of Vigo.
JAMES L. WORDEN, of Whitley.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1858.

Wabash & Western Railroad—CHANGE OF TIME—The Wabash Valley trains now leave Fort Wayne as follows:

Going West—at 5 A. M and 5 P. M.
Going East—at 5 A. M. and 12.20 P. M.

The Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne, & Chicago trains leave—

Going West—at 5.30 A. M. and 5.40 P. M.
Going East—at 5.45 A. M and 2 15 P.M

The LandGrant to Kansas—TheRepublicans have become alarmed lest the English compromise should be accepted by the people of Kansas, and the disgraceful squabble which has been so long kept up in the country be put an end to,—in which case their entire stock in trade would be lost, and they would have nothing left under which to rally as a party. Like Othello (a man of their own color and after their own hearts) their occupation would be gone.

In this dilemma they seek to attack theEnglish bill; but not being able to find anything in it which is justly obnoxious to censure, they have raised a hue and cry that the land proposed to be donated to the new state is offered as a "bribe" to induce the people of Kansas to accept the Lecompton Constitution. It is true, the bill proposes to allow to Kansas about three and a half millions acres of land—the usual quantity donated to other states; but it is equally true that Kansas, under the ordinance accompanying the Lecompton constitution, claimed twenty three and a half millions acres and bases the very question of this reduction of the amount of land granted that the vote in Kansas is to be taken. Kansas claims twenty-three and a half millions of acres, which Congress looks upon as exorbitant, but is willing to admit the new state if they will moderate their demands down to three and a half million acres, or the same amount granted to other states. And this reduction of about four-fifths of the land claimed, is gravely denounced as a bribe! Truly, republicanism must be at a low ebb, and hard run for something to find fault with, when such false and preposterous charges are made.

But to show the folly and inconsistency of this clamor still more clearly, it may be remarked that the proposed grant or "bribe" in theEnglish bill is precisely the same as that contained in the Crittenden amendment and theMontgomery substitute, which were sustained and applauded by these same conscientious republican denouncers of the "bribe," and were voted for by every republican in Congress! Mr Crittenden first proposed the "bribe," Mr Montgomery copied the clause containing it; but when Mr English, seeing how popular this proposition was, incorporated it in his bill, every republican voted against it, and the whole party throughout the Union denounce it as a bribe to secure the vote of Kansas in favor of the Lecompton Constitution! To such mean, contemptible shifts is this party reduced, in order to keep up the excitement and prevent the settlement of the Kansas difficulties. Can any man, possessing the least claim to honesty, fairness, or common sense support such a course, or be led away by such ridiculous and utterly false charges as are made against this bill? We trust, for the honor of the American people, that no such will be found

CONGRESS.—Now that the Kansas question is disposed of, Congress appears disposed to attend to its more necessary duties. A large amount of business has been disposed of, but nothing of much special interest, except the bill admitting Minnesota as a State, which has passed both Houses. The Senators elect, Gen. Shields and Mr. Rice have presented their credentials and taken their seats, Messrs. Cavanaugh and Phelps Representatives, also presented their credentials, which, after some dicussion, were referred to the committee on elections.

It may seem singular, but it is no less true; that the admission of this free state has been delayed and opposed at every turn by those especial champions of freedom the Black Republicans, and its passage was finally secured by southern democratic votes. The hypocrisy of these republicans and the hollowness of their pretensions to love of freedom and popular sovereignty are singularly manifested by their course on this occasion. They oppose the admission of a free state—because it had elected democratic officers; but vote for the admission of Kansas with a slave constitution, under the Montgomery Crittenden bill; because they expected it to be represented in Congress by members of their own peculiar stripe. This shows the honesty and the sincerity of Black Republicanism. That party are in favor of 'popular sovereignty' when they think the people will decide as they want them to; but when the people decide against them they care no more for the popular voice than though it were the idle wind. Democrats hereafter will know what confidence to place in the professions of this party. Hollow hearted and hypocritical, they care not how frequently or how grossly they belie their professions, so that they can thereby gain a miserable party end.

The President's Rumored Trip to the West—The Cleveland Plaindealer learns from undoubted authority, that during the long recess of Congress, the President contemplates making a tour of the west. His first stopping place will be at Cleveland. We do not learn whether he will visit FortWayne, but think he ought to do so. In no other place has Old Buck more warm and devoted friends, and in none would he be more heartily welcomed.

HUMBUG.—We have received a long extract from a raw-head and-bloody-bones Indian story, now appearing in a trashy New York paper, with an order to publish, for which a fair compensation would be allowed. The balance of the story is to be found only in the New York paper alluded to. We do not approve of this manner of humbugging and imposing upon our readers, and therefore refuse to insert, and beg our esteemed New York agents not to trouble us with any more advertisements of this nature. Any legitimate advertising from them will always be promptly attended to, but respect for our readers prevents anysuch publication as the one above referred to.

The English Bill for the settlement of Kansas difficulties, although opposed and denounced by Mr Douglas, appears to be generally acquiesced in by his friends in this state. We believe all the Anti Lecompton democratic papers in the state, express their satisfaction with the compromise, and avow their determination to sustain the regularly organized democratic state ticket. All past differences of opinion are healed up; the party is again united; the democracy of Indiana will present an unbroken front at the next election; and as a matter of course will be successful. There is no hope for republicanism, under whatever name or guise it may present itself, in Indiana when the democratic party is united. An insidious attempt has been made to divide the party, and at one time we must admit there seemed some probability that the scheme would prevail; but the rank and file of the party stood firm, and could not be seduced from their allegiance. We honor them for their devotion to democratic principles and usages, and feel assured that the glorious democracy of Indiana can always be relied upon. Buchanan owes his nomination and election more to the democrats of Indiana than to those of any other state, and we rejoice in being able to announce that their confidence in him is unshaken, and their determination to sustain his administration is as firm and decided as were their efforts to elect him. Indiana democracy remains unchanged and unchangeable.

City Officers.—The Common Council at their meeting on Tuesday night, elected Louis T. Bourie, Chief Engineer Fire Department; Wm Stewart, Market Master; and S. G. Johnson, John Ryan, and Henry Tons, Supervisors, or assistants to the Street Commissioner.

A False Rumor.—Straggling rumors have got into the opposition newspapers intimating probable modifications or changes in the cabinet. These rumors, the Washington Union says, are unfounded and gratuitous. Probably no administration in the history of the country has so entirely harmonized on all measures of policy as the present one; and no fact is more certain than that each and every member of the cabinet enjoys the entire and implicit confidence of the President.

☞ PROF. HARDICK designs leaving this city on the 10th June next. Those having Pianos or other musical instruments needing tuning or repairing would do well to call upon him before that time, as they may never meet with another opportunity to have it so well done. Prof. Hardick has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have intrusted their instruments to his care, having in many instances greatly improved their tone and power, and made them better than when new; he has few equals as a tuner in the country.

MRS. KING has just opened a new stock of beautiful spring and summer bonnets, embroideries, artificials &c. Also an assortment of calicoes, lawns, and other dress goods, and some remarkably cheap silk and lace mantillas, &c. See advertisement in another column.

CONCERT.—The Rehearsal of the Summit City Harmonic Society on Monday evening last was a very favorable specimen of the musical talents of our citizens, and gave entire satisfaction to the audience. Many of the pieces were executed in a style that would have done no discredit to professional singers, and, on the whole, we do not think any who heard the performance will accuse us of exaggerated praise when we say that the evening's entertainment was fully equal to any given here by regular concert troupes. It is evident we have musical talent among us, which the Harmonic Society, under its present able mangement, will cultivate and develope. Owing to the extreme inclemency of the weather the attendance was not so large as it otherwise undoubtedly would have been

☞ ERASTUS WILLARD, Esq., brother of Gov Willard of this State, died recently in New Orleans. A friend and fellow-student of the deceased, living in this city, requests us to publish the beautiful tribute to his memory which will be found below; he also handed us the Utica (N. Y.) Observer, from which we extract the following feeling obituary notice of this promising young man:

Death of Erastus Willard.

The hearts of many friends in this County have been saddened by the announcement that Erastus Willard, the yougest and only surviving brother of Hon. A. P. Willard, Governor of Indiana, died at New Orleans on Saturday the 3d inst. Our former notice was so brief and so hurriedly prepared that our readers will pardon another allusion to the event and the life and character of the deceased.

Mr. Willard's age was a few days over twenty-six years. He was born at Whitesboro, Oneida County, March 9th, 1832. This village was then a place of more importance than now. The County Courts were held there; and some of the leading lawyers of the County resided there. When Erastus Willard was a boy, his father held the Sheriffship of Oneida County for a term of three years. All the sons of Sheriff Willard seem to have imbibed, from the scenes with which they were familiar at Whitesboro, a strong predilection for political life. They grew up to be earnest, shrewd and successful politicians, of the Democratic school. Out of five brothers, Governor Willard is the only one now living.

Few young men give promise of a brighter future than did Erastus Willard before disease marked him for an early victim.—His intellect was clear, grasping and comprehensive. His love of books was second only to his love of active life. He was graduated from Hamilton College, last July, as the valedictorian of his class, but owing to his illness was unable to appear at Commencement. He was gifted in a remarkable degree with that fervid eloquence which has made for his surviving brother a national fame. During the political campaign which resulted in the election of James Buchanan, he went through the State of Indiana, speaking from the stump, day after day with a readiness in the use of historical facts, a sweep of logic and an exhaustless enthusiasm that equally surprised and charmed the large crowds that assembled to hear the youthful statesman. Equally marked and admirable were his personal and social qualities. Wherever he went he drew around him many friends by his frankness and generosity. The last few months of his life were spent at Baton Rogue and Tallahasee, and were cheered by the presence of one or more of his most intimate friends. The final resting place of his ashes will be at New Albany, where he fitted for college. No life is wasted, however short it may be, that teaches such lessons for the living as those gently whispered from the grave of Erastus Willard.—*Utica Observer*

As a College mate, a student, he was a bright star to those, who with him, trod the paths of thought. When they sought him, 'twas through the labyrinths of classic lore, not along the gay, and festooned walks leading to scenes of festivity, and idleness. Genius cradled his infancy; her enchanting voice guided him: and whilst the germs of her aspiration s were glowing with intense, and restless ardor, he was cut down, in reaching forth a faithful hand, to enshrine a gem upon her altar.

Never in any bosom did the tide of hope bound with a stronger current, than in his—nightly vigils over the dreams of Grecian sages, and Roman Bards; bespoke the toilsome care of his anxious mind.

As a friend, he was kind, and quick to forgive. His nice sense of honor won for him respect, and esteem, and made him beloved by all. As a brother, he was without a fault; his heart beat to no unkind voice, and his devoted love, to those around him, was exemplified in his every word and action.

With that little band, bound together, by the "mystic tie," in our Alma mater, we mourn his untimely doom; with them, we strew our humble garland upon his "turf-rear'd" tomb—where fresh buds may come to freshen memory, and pluck the rose, that bends to kiss his ashes.

O. M.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, May 11.

HOUSE.—Mr. Smith, of Va., asked leave to report a bill to organize the Territory of Nevada.

Mr. Clemens, of Va., objected.

The House rejected the bill amending the act of 1851, limiting the liabilities of ship owners.

Mr. Burroughs, of N. Y., from a special Committee, on the subject of a ship canal around the Falls of Niagara, made a report proposing a grant of land in aid of the construction of the work to the extend of one third of its probable cost.

The House then resumed the consideration of the Senate bill for the admission of Minnesota into the Union.

Mr. Ricaud, of Md., spoke against alien suffrage, contending that none but citizens of the United States should be allowed to vote.

Mr. Stephens, of Ga., answered various objections made against the bill, arguing that Congress could only look into the Constitution of a new State, to see whether it was Republican in form, and legally and fairly the expressed will of the people; if it conflicts with their Constitution of the United States, that instrumant points out a remedy.

The Minnesota bill then passed in the form it came from the Senate, by a vote of 157 against 38.

The House ordered to be engrossed the resolution, authorizing the President to take prompt measures for the abrogation of the Clayton Bulwer Treaty. The question now recurred on ordering the engrossment of the preamble thereto, asserting that both the American and British interpretation of the treaty had been productive of misunderstanding and controversy. The preamble was rejected—67 against 99. A long debate ensued on the resolution

WASHINGTON, May 12.

SENATE.—A communication was received from the Secretary of War, relative to the proposed purchase of a site for the fortification of the harbor of San Francisco.

Mr Broderick, of California, declared that the whole ranche proposed to be purchased was not worth more than seven thousand dollars.

Mr Fessenden, of Me., objected to the price demanded, $200,000, and thought the necessity was not so urgent thatCongress should submit to such an enormous imposition.

Mr Gwinn said that the site was indispensable for the protection of the harbor, hence he should not hesitate about the price.

The subject was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

After the transaction of some unimportant business, the consideration of the bill for the repeal of the fishing bounties was resumed.

After some debate, the fishery question was suspended, and the credentials of Mr Rice were presented as Senator for Minnesota. As soon as presented and readMr Harlan presented charges from the people of Minnesota, chargingRice with corruption in land sales.

Mr Brown objected to the credentials being received, not because the charges were made, but because Minnesota was not a State when she elected Rice and Shields, and the whole thing is wrong. A debate ensued.

The charges made are, that Mr Rice sold land at one dollar and a half per acre and gave receipts for one dollar and a quarter per acre.

Mr Seward, of New York, thought Mr Brown more metaphysical than practical.

Mr Bright, of Ind, defended the new Senator from the imputation; he believed that he would satisfactorily explain to the country the matter at issue.

Mr Davis, of Miss., sustained Mr Harlan in presenting these papers of charges.

Mr Rice was then sworn in, and immediately addressed the Senate.

Mr Harlan offered a resolution for a Committee of Investigation to examine the charges, with power to send for persons and papers. Laid over.

Mr Crittenden presented the credentials of General Shields, who was also sworn in as Senator from Minnesota. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, May 13.

HOUSE.—Mr. Philips of Pa., said that Messrs Cavanaugh and Phelps member from Minnesota, were present, and moved that they be sworn.

The certificates of election were read and found to be signed by Samuel Medary, Governor of Minnesota, and dated December.

Mr. Sherman objected to the administration of the oath. It was known that the Constitution of Minnesota provided for the election of three members by a general ticket, and he desired to be informed as to where the credentials of the 3d member were

Mr. Phillips replied, that these were the only credentials he had seen.

Mr. Millson, of Va. offered a resolution that the certificates and crededtials of those claiming election of members from Minnesota be referred to the committee on elections, with instructions to enquire and report as to their right to be sworn as members.

Mr. Millson's resolution was adopted as a substitute for Mr. Phillip's motion that the members be sworn, by 91 against 84.

Mr. Sherman moved a reconsideration of the vote and lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Harris of Ill. thought it better for the public business, that the subject be examined by the Committee on Election, who will immediately have a meeting.

Mr. Florence of Pa said if by general consent, the members be sworn in, he would have no objection to the subject going before theCommittee.

Mr. Hughes, of Indiana, moved that theHouse adjourn.

Mr. Hughes' motion was voted down and Mr. Sherman's agreed to by 4 majority.

The question recurred on agreeing to Mr. Philips's motion as amended by the adoption of Mr. Millson's substitute and it was decided in the affirmative, 108 against 83.

WASHINGTON, May 7.

Col. Sayles, of R. I. and Mr. Austin his Private Secretary, have just left this city for Arizona, via. San Antonio and San Diego. Mr. Sayles is charged with important duties connected with the Post Office, Interior and Treasury Departments. It is said that he has confidential communications with reference to Sonora In company with Mr. Sayles is Porf. Pierce, Mining Engineer and Geologist, and S. Burton, Civil Engineer, who goes out in the employ of the Lopri Land and Mining Co., to put in operation the mines of that company, taking with them the most approved appliances for silver mining.

Mr. E. G Dunbar, has just arrived form Arazona. He confirms the great value of the silver operations in the centre of that territory and represents the condition of the territory as distressing in the extreme. He brings the proceedings of a public meeting held by the citizens of Santa Cruz Valley, addressed to Congress, praying urgently for relief. The memorial has been placed in the hands of Lieut. Mowry, delegate for Arizona.

The Kansas bill will be officially despatched to-morrow, to Gov. Denver, with instructions designed to secure a fair vote on the proposition to be submitted to the people.

The estimate for the three volunteer regiments for 12 months, is said to amount to $450,000.—They will positively not be called into service until the appropriations are made.

Lieut. General Scott, has arrived here in pursuance of the orders of the Secretary of War.

Gen Cramer, chief clerk in the Land Office, at Lecompton, Kansas, who is now in this city, reports that there was a very general feeling of indignation in the territory at the announcement of the sale of the Kickapoo and Lecompton lands, and that meetings, protesting against the sale, have been held throughout the Territory.

Senator Evans, whose decease was mentioned in the Senate to-day, was taken suddenly ill last evening, while supping with his colleague, Mr. Hammond, and died soon afterward. His death was caused by disease of the heart

The iron has been purchased for that portion of the Cincinnati, Logansport and ChicagoRailroad between Logansport and Valparaiso, and the work of grading will be commenced in a short time. The Surveying party on the road is at work. The party is under the direction of Theodore Lincoln Engineer of the road.—*Dem. Pharos.*

Senator Douglas

We must confess great astonishment and regret that Mr DOUGLAS should rise in his place in the Senate, and in an elaborate speech reiterate the unfounded and ridiculous objections which have been made against the report of the Kansas Committee of Conference by the opposition press. It was unworthy of him, not only as a Democrat, but most disastrous to his reputation for ability and foresight. The so called English bill must indeed be unanswerable in argument in argument, when Senator Douglas can find nothing stronger to hurl at it than the silly charge that it is "a bribe and a threat to the people of Kansas," which was originated by the more corrupt of the Black Republican press, and exposed almost immediately, and admitted to be false by every candid man. The Senator, however, having no other objections, adopts this calumny, and seeks to give it dignity by Senatorial utterance. His speech is calculated to strengthen the worst apprehensions which have been expressed in regard to his future political position, and to deeply mortify and annoy those who cherished the belief that he contemplated no permanent estrangement from the Democratic organization. He and his friends in the Illinois delegation now stand almost alone upon this question. His warmest and most attached adherents in Ohio and Indiana—such men as Mr Cox and others, in the House, and Mr GRAY, of the Cleveland Plain Dealer—who have stood inflinchingly by him up to this point, find now that their paths must divert in the future. They have taken the steps which lead back to the party organization, while he seems to continue on a road which can terminate nowhere but in the Republican camp. We say this in no unkind feeling toward the distinguished Senator from Illinois, and should greatly rejoice to find that he yet intends to be faithful and true to the Democratic cause. He is a statesman of ability, whose loss we should deplore as a misfortune to our organization. But if he contemplates no radical change of position and of friends, it is almost inexplicable to us why he should not, like Messrs Cox, GROESBECK, PENDLETON, LAWRENCE, and others, have accepted the ENGLISH proposition as a fair compromise of conflicting sentiments, and, for the sake of peace and harmony, thrown his great influence into the scale of the friends of the adjustment. By omitting so to do he has lost a golden opportunity to reinstate himself in that position which he occupied previous to his unfortunate speech at the commencement of the session.—*Cin Enq*

Congress—Improved Progress of Business

Evidences are already apparent in Congress of the good results of the dismission of the Kansas controversy from its deliberations. The sessions of each House are longer and an unusual amount of business is despatched. Not only is Congress bestowing its attention in good earnest upon the miscellanious business on its calendars; but the temper of members is favorable for the despatch of business. One of the most important of the annual appropriation bills was passed by the House on yesterday without any formal opposition. This is but an instance showing the temper of members of all parties in favor of the facilitation of business. The disposition to despatch business seems general, and none are disposed to raise dilatory objections merely for the purpose of clogging the progress of bills.

We suppose there will still be much animated debate during the remaining weeks of the expiring session, on original and new questions, such as the Minnesota bill; but, if we are to judge from the experience of the present week, the regular routine business of Congress will be taken up energetically in its due course and be allowed to progress to maturity without impediment from dilatory objections and unnessary motions and roll calls.

The resolution which was adopted by a meeting of the democrats of the House, a few days ago, approving the President's suggestion of passing bills in time to allow him a few day's deliberation upon them before the expiration of the session, is a good augury; and we have reason to believe that it not only expresses the sentiment of the democratic portion of Congress but of the opposition also.

We can see no reason, in view of the swimming manner in which the business of Congress has got along during the present week, to doubt the practicability of an adjournment on the 7th of June, the day fixed upon by joint resolution. We could not invoke for the country a higher gratification, or for Congress itself a more welcome result, than by wishing, as we do with much confidence, that the adjournment may be effected by the day determined on.—*Washington Union.*

Death of Senator Evans.—The most melancholy incident of the present session of Congress has been the sudden death of Senator Evans, of South Carolina. He was perfectly well on Thursday, was present in the Senate during the session of that day, and even made one of a dining party at Senator Hammond's on that night. No symptom of illness appeared until his return to his lodgings about ten o'clock of that evening, shortly after which he was attacked with an affection of the heart, and died most suddenly. The first intimation which the large majority of his fellow members in Congress received of the sad occurrence was the official announcement of his death, which was made in each house immediately after the morning session was opened.

Senator Evans was a native of South Carolina, and resided at Society Hill, Darlington district. He was aged about sixty years, and had been a United States senator five years on the 4th of March last. The greater part of his life was spent in public service, as he at one time filled the responsible office of attorney general of his native State, and for more than twenty years before his advent in the United States Senate, occupied the position of judge of the supreme court of South Carolina. He was a valuable member of society, and was held in the highest esteem, not only in his native State, but by men of all parties in Congress and in Washington.—*Wash. Union.*

CHESTER, Orange Co., N.Y., May 7.

Mrs. Phebe Westlake, a widow residing in this place, was yesterday arrested on suspicion of poisoning several persons in this village, and last night destroyed herself by taking arsenic. Before the suicide she confessed that she had administered poison at different times to a Mrs. Felder, who died about two weeks since very suddenly. She also confessed that she had administered poison to Mr. J. B. Futhil, a merchant, who has recovered and is doing well. Mrs. Chas. Futhil, and a Mrs. Derrick are now very unwell, with every symtom of having been poisoned, and as Mrs. W. had lately sent them some preserves which they had eaten, it is supposed they were also intended by her as victims.

ST LOUIS, May 8.

Army Movements—Major Gen. Smith has issued elaborate orders relative to the movement of the trains and troops of the Utah forces. The trains are to be divided into divisions of 226 wagons each. The troops are to be organized into columns, each column consisting an escort of a division of the general supply train. The first column, under command of Lieut. Colonel Andrews, is already organized and ordered to march; the second column, under Col. Monroe, comprising the escort of the first division of supplies, will march from Leavenworth on the 15th inst., the third column, under Col. May, will march on the 20th, the forth column under Col. Morrison, will march on the 25th; the fifth column, under Col. Summer, will march on the 30th; the sixth column, under Maj Emory, will march on the 4th of June.

Those columns for the present constitute the first brigade of Utah forces under command of Gen. Harney. Each column will be supplied with four months provisions, which will be replenished on passing Forts Kearney and Larimie.

Gen. Smith is yet in the city, the state of his health being such, as to require his remaining here a short period.

Four companies of the 6th Infantry left Leavenworth on the 6th inst. One company of Infantry form Fort Riley, will join them at Fort Kearney

John Hartwell, Secretary of Utah, left here yesterday for Leavenworth.

☞ A Chicago paper, alluding to the two rival Democratic Conventions that have recently been held in Illinois, narrates the following:

A little weazel-faced, pipe-voiced Douglas man came up to Jake Newsome, a comparative giant in weight and height, and inquired of Jake—"Sir, which wing do you belong to?"

"Wing!" replied Jake, in a voice of thunder. "Yes, sir, which wing of the unterrified Democracy?" asked the little fellow.

"Wing, h—ll; we belong to no wing. The whole bird is ours."

Frightful Railroad Accident

Seven or Eight Persons Killed and Forty Wounded.

UTICA, N. Y., May 11.

A frightful railroad accident occured this morning at past six o'clock on the Central Railroad by the crushing of a bridge over Sequoit Creek, some three and a half miles west of this city, near Whitesboro. Seven or eight persons are already dead—five or six others are barely alive—and the injured number forty or more.

The accident occurred to the Cincinnati Express, due here at 6 30 A. M. It was somewhat behind at Whitesboro, and was coming at a high rate of speed when it met on the bridge, over the Sequoit creek, the Utica Accommodation for the West, each on its own track. The engines crossed the bridge, but as the passenger cars of the Express and the Freight cars of the Accomodation came upon the north side the bridge gave way, precipitating the freight cars one above the other, splintering platforms and seats to atoms as the cars struck the abutment.

The persons injured were all on the Express.

The passenger car on the Accommodation did not reach the bridge.

Different stories are told as to the cause of the accident. One is that an axle of the Express Baggage car broke as it reached the bridge, and thus threw the trains together. The other attributes the casualty to the rottenness of the timber of the bridge

Maj. Priest, Local Superintendent of the road happened to be on the Accommodation train, and he at once dispatched a sufficient number of men to the relief of the sufferers.

A large number of the wounded were immediately brought to the city and taken to the different Hotels. Others were cared for at Whitesboro.

Physicians were summoned, and everything done that could be to relieve their sufferings.

DETROIT, May 12.

Sailed for Liverpool.—The schooner Star of the North cleared to day from this port with a cargo for Liverpool, being the second clearance from Detroit for that port this season.

The schooner Colonel Cook will sail this week, and be followed the present month by six others, all loaded with staves and lumber for Liverpool direct.

The Southern Flood.—A breach was made in the levee about four miles below Memphis, on the opposite side of the Mississippi, on the 1st, and the water was pouring through at a terrible rate. The whole country back was covered, and the damages great. The Lake Providence (La.) Herald of thd 1st inst. says:

We stop the press to announce that a crevasse took place yesterday afternoon at Colonel W. Benton's plantation, about seven miles below this. This morning we learn that the break has widened a quarter of a mile, and that there is no hope of closing it. Besides the great damage which must ensue to the country in that vicinity, it is believed that many places in the interior of this parish and Madison will greatly suffer from this crevasse.

☞ One of our citizens, who recently thought of emigration of Kansas, has just returned, and reports the condition of business in that Territory as most deplorable. Many of the inhabitants are actually starving. Laborers are abundant, but there is no work; and all who have gone there with the expectation of finding a golden opportuniny for acquiring riches have discovered themselves grossly deceived.—*Keokuk (Iowa) Journal.*

Emigration of Florida Indians.—At the latest accounts from Fort Myers, Florida, Billy Bowlegs, and suite, thirty-three warriors and eighty-four women and children, were there ready to emigrate. These, added to others in custody, will make two hundred and six, all of whom would be sent West in a few days. Sam Jones and his thirty-three warriors have, probably, ere this surrendered, so that there is a prospect that the "Florida War," will soon be over.

The Colored Race are proscribed on thePacific as well as on the Atlantic coast. A bill is before the CaliforniaLegislature to prohibit the further immigration of free negroes into the State, and to drive out those who are already there. It authorizes the seizing of the free negroes, and hiring them out to pay the expense of their deportation. It is also proposed to inflict heavy fines upon persons who employ free negroes not licensed to remain in the State.

Arrival of the Vanderbilt.

NEW YORK, May 10.

The steamer Vanderbilt, arrived at an early hour this morning, with London dates to the 28th News meagre.

Liverpool Breadstuff market, moderately active at full rates for flour and wheat, and stiffer prices for corn. Buyers demanded a reduction for the latter. A slight improvement in the London breadstuff market. American flour scarce. Liverpool cotton market firm at Friday prices. Sales on Monday and Tuesday 11,400 bales, of which 5000 were for speculators and export.

Political news unimportant.

In the House of Commons Gen. Reed stated in reply to a question, that the whole cost of the Indian War would be defrayed by the East India Co. The consideration of the bill providing for the Government of India, was set down for Friday.

The clause in the Budget, imposing a penny stamp duty on checks, was adopted without dissension. The excise duty bill has passed through a second reading. An amendment offered to the increase of the spirit duty failed by a vote of 227 to 35. The opposition being confined to Irish members.

Business in England was generally stagnant.

France is to send a private Commissioner to China. The elections in Paris have resulted in the choice of the Government candidate and one opposition. The latter being Jules Taire. There is an immense increase in the French Navy Budget for 1859. Paris papers deny that there is an increase in the French armament. The iron masters of France have petitioned the government for a increased duty on foreign iron. The trade of Paris has been seriously checked by the violent comments of Parisian journals on the acquittal of Bernard, but at last advices it was recovering.

Count Esterhazy, the Austrian Ambassador to St. Petersburg, has retired from that post.

Austria and Prussia have come to an amicable arrangement as to their policy in the Holstein affair.

The Sardinian Chambers have adopted the principles of the conspiracy bill by a large majority.

There is another dispute between England and Persia. The latter country having taken possession of territory in Afghanistan and detained a great number of Afghans.

Liverpool Breadstuff Market.—Messrs. Richardson, Spence, & Co., quote flour very dull at a decline of 6d on southern. The quotations are western 21s a 22s; Philadelphia and Baltimore 22s a 22s 6d; Ohio 23s a 26s. Wheat quiet but steady. Corn dull with a decline from Friday's quotations of 6d on white. The quotations are, yellow 30s; white 33s 3d a 34s. The latter is freely offered at the quotation.

Provisions—Beef heavy. Pork quiet. Bacon quiet but firm. Lard firm at 56 for choice lots. Tallow unchanged. Ashes quiet at 39s a 39s 6d for pots; 40s for pearls. Sugar quiet

Arrival of the Steamship Persia.

SANDY HOOK, May 11.

The steamship Persia passed this morning with Liverpool dates to the 1st inst

Later advices had been received from India announcing the capture of Jhansi by the British, with great slaughter to the rebels.

In the House of Commons D'Israeli's first resolution, declaring it expedient to vest the Indian government in the crown, has been finally passed.

A conference has been held at Paris to indemnify Prof. Morse for his telegraphic invention.

The Daily News says there is not the slightest doubt that if Lord Derby is defeated on any question of importance he will dissolve Parliament.

The advices from India are one week later—the main feature is the capture of Jhansi by the British, under Sir H. Rose, with great slaughter to the rebels. Gen. Roberts had also assaulted and captured the town of Ratah.

The debate of the D'Israeli's India resolution commenced on Friday, the 30th. The first resolution was carried with cheers, when the debate adjourned.

The operations on the Atlantic Cable were going briskly forward. More than 2,000 miles have been coiled on board the Niagara and Agamemnon. The paying out machinery has been completed, and pronounced perfect.

[illegible] to a change in the present system of administration, and of the retirement of Gen. Espinasse from the interior department.

The Plenipotentiaries have held a conference to ratify the boundary between Russia and Turkey, and also to consider the claims of Prof. Morse in Europe, to indemnification for his telegraphic intention. Nothing had been resolved on, but the prospects were favorable for Morse.

India—Sir Hugh Rose invested Ihansi with three brigades on the 27th of March, and the rebels, 2,000 strong, returned to the fort. On the next day the bombardment commenced.

An attempt was made on the 1st of April by 2,500 rebels to raise a seige, but were defeated with a slaughter of 1,500 and the loss of all their guns and camp equipments. The town was stormed and taken on the 4th, and the forts occupied on the 6th—the rebels having 3,000 killed. Six British officers were killed.

The Ranee escaped with a few attendants, hotly pursued.

Gen. Roberts carried Kotah on the 20th.

The English loss is trifling—37.

Col. Milman had been compelled to retire from near Assigeun, and at the last accounts was shut up at Azimbur. A strong detachment had gone to his relief.

The country opposite Benares was much disturbed.

The Northern provinces were quietly disarmed.

Colpee was filled with rebels and a great panic was prevailing there.

A strong column of troops had gone from Cawnpore into Oude to attack Karrok.

Russia.—Russia has decided to construct three lines of railway between the Black and Caspian Seas

France.—The Paris Moniteur publishes a decree ordering forty two thousand additional soldiers into active service. The Bourse became heavy in consequence.

LIVERPOOL, April 30.

Breadstuff Markets—Flour is very dull at a decline of 6d; sales of Western canal at 21s a 22s; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 22s a 22s 6d; Ohio, 23s a 25s.

Wheat is quiet but steady.

Corn is dull—yellow, 35s; white is freely offered at 33s 6d a 34s.

Beef is heavy. Pork quiet. Bacon quiet but firm.

Lard firm at 56s for choice. Tallow is unchanged.

POST OFFICE, Ft. Wayne, Ind., May 5th, 1858.

Arrivals and Departures of the Mails.

From and after Monday, May 10th, 1858, the mails wil arrive and depart from this office as follows, to-wit:

Cleveland, Pittsbrugh, Philadelphia, Washington City, Columbus and Cincinnati Mails, per Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Rail Road will

ARRIVE Daily (except Sundays) at 5 P. M.
DEPARTS " " " " 5 40 A. M.

Great Northwestern Mail through Chicago per Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Rail Road.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sundays) at 5 30 A. M.
DEPARTS " " " " 5 30 P. M

Eastern Letter Mail, from New York, Boston, and New England States, per Toledo, Wabash, and Western Rail Road.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sundays) at 4 40 P. M.
DEPARTS " " " " 12 20 noon

Indianapolis, Central Illinois, St Louis and Southwestern mail generally, per Toledo, Wabash and Western Rail Road.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sundays) at 12 noon.
DEPARTS " " " " 5 P. M.

Sturgis, Michigan.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sundays) at 8 P. M.
DEPARTS " " " " 7 A. M.

St. Mary's Ohio.

ARRIVES Tuesdays Thursdays & Saturdays at 8 P. M.
DEPARTS Mondays Wednesdays & Fridays at 7 A. M.

Bluffton, Indiana.

ARRIVES Mondays Wednesdays & Fridays 12 noon.
DEPARTS Tuesdays Thursdays & Saturdays at 8 A. M.

Auburn, Indiana.

ARRIVES Mondays Wednesdays & Fridays at 8 P. M.
DEPARTS Tuesdays Thursdays & Saturdays at 7 A. M.

Goshen, Indiana.

ARRIVES Tuesdays and Saturdays at 8 P. M.
DEPARTS Mondays and Fridays at 7 A. M.

Winchester, Ind., (Horse Mail.)

ARRIVES Tuesdays and Saturdays at 8 P. M.
DEPARTS Mondays and Fridays at 7 A. M.

Saint Joe, Ohio, (Horse Mail.)

ARRIVES Saturdays at 8 P. M.
DEPARTS Fridays at 7 A. M.

Liberty Mills, Ind, (Horse Mail)

ARRIVES Saturdays at 8 P. M.
DEPARTS Fridays at 7 A. M.

Hicksville, Ohio, (Horse Mail.)

ARRIVES Thursdays at 11 A. M.
DEPARTS same day at 1 P. M

Marion, Ind., (Horse Mail)

ARRIVES Fridays at 2 P. M.
DEPARTS same day at 3 P. M.

All Mails which leave in the morning, will close the previous evening, and Railroad mails which leave during office hours, will be closed 40 minutes before time of departure.

Office open during the week, from 7 o'clock in the morning, to 8 o'clock in the evening, (except while separating and distributing the Eastern or Western Mails, at which time the boxes will be closed for delivery;) and on Sunday from 9 to 9½ o'clock, in the morning, and from 1 to 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

JOHN G. MAIER, P.M.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE—It seldom occurs, that we notice, under any circumstance; patent medicines, restoratives, or any thing of the kind, for we have a prejudice against most of them. But candor compels us to invite attention to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative in the last column at the bottom of third page of this paper. We are too juvenile to require anything of the kind, but some instances of its use have come to our knowledge which almost assures us that it is a sovereign remedy against the hair becoming permaturely gray. It is not a "Hair Dye," but upon its application as directed, the effects is produced on the skin, which brings out the original ative colored hair, without stiffness, and gives it a glossy and natural appearance. We have seen persons who have used it, and they are much pleased with it. Examine the advertisements. [Missouri Republican. Sold by all respectable Druggists.

SAVE YOUR HORSES

"We take great pleasure in recommending the Mexican Mustang Liniment as a valuable and indispensable article for Sprains, Sores, Scratches or Galls on Horses. Our men have used it for severe Burns, Bruises, Sores, Stiff Joints and Rheumatic Pains, and all say it acts like magic. We use no other liniment.

J. W. HEWITT.

Foreman for American, Harnden & Wells, Fargo & Co's Express."

Gentlemen:—"I had a negro man worth $1,200 who took cold from a bad hurt, and was useless for over one year: I had used everything I could hear of without benefit, until I tried the Mustang Liniment. It has perfectly cured him, and I can now take the above price for him

Respectfully yours,
JAMES DORRANCE.

Every Planter, Teamster and Family should have this invaluable article. Sold by all respectable dealers everywhere. Beware of any other "Drag" Liniment." It is a base imitation.

BARNES & PARK, Proprietors, N. York.

A CARD.

Mrs. Griffiths informs the ladies of Fort Wayne that she has commenced business, and is now ready to undertake to make LADIES' DRESSES, BASQUES, MANTILLAS, CLOAKS, & CHILDREN'S DRESSES. She would also inform them that she is making arrangements to receive them at fashionable and approved PATTERNS for each season.

Ladies residing out of town, by sending their pattern or direction, will meet with every attention. Mrs Griffiths may be found at the house of Mr Saunders on Bar Street, until her removal

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomhuff, J. P.
Allen County. } ATTACHMENT.
Waiam Wall, Christian F. G. Meyer, against Ferdinand Venn.

NOTICE is given the defendant of the pendency of the above entitled suit, and that proceedings in Attachment have been commenced therein, and that said cause will be heard before said Justice, at his office in the city of Fort Wayne, county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 4th day of June, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if the said defendant fail to appear at the said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.

S. H. BLOOMHUFF J. P.
May 12, 1858. [$1 50] 3w46

Board of Equalization.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Equalization of the City of Fort Wayne will meet at the Council room in said City, on the 24 h day of May, 1858, for the purpose of hearing and deciding all complaints in relation to the assessment of property for taxation for the year 1858, and to equalize the same as right and justice may require.

J. C. DAVIS, City Clerk.
Fort Wayne, May 8 1858 3w45

ROBERT OGDEN,
Plumber and Glazier.

Main Street, between Cass and Harrison, Fort Wayne.

PUMPS,

Baths, Water Closets, and Wash Stands,

Fixed and Repaired on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

Cash paid for Old Lead and Pewter

Being a practical workman, and having a thorough knowledge, acquired by many years' experience, in every thing connected with Pumps, Baths and Water-Apparatus generally, and also in fixing Roofs, Eavethroughs, Spouts, &c, he respectfully solicits a trial, and is prepared to guarantee that every job will give entire satisfaction to his employers.

Terms moderate.
May 8, 1858 1y45

Chinese Sugar Cane Seed.

A FEW BUSHELS still on hand, by
2w45 WALL, MEYER, & Co.

HATS! HATS!

Spring and Summer Styles,
AT THE WOOSTER HAT STORE,
82 Columbia Street.

J. NATHTRIEB has received a new supply of Silk, Fur and Wool Hats of the new spring styles. He invites an inspection as he feels confidentiba Hats will be found better and cheaper than any others in market.

Straw, Palm Leaf, Leghorn, Panama, and all descriptions of SUMMER HATS
May 8

New Ambrotype Rooms!
THE LADIES' PICTURE GALLERY.

CALHOUN STREET, Fort Wayne, (formerly occupied by Mr McDonald.)

MRS. BENHAM respectfully announces that she has taken the above rooms and will be happy to wait on LADIES and CHILDREN who may wish Likenesses of themselves or friends. Having furnished the rooms with everything necessary to render them pleasant and for producing FINE PICTURES; and as ladies sometimes feel a delicacy in calling for Pictures where no lady is present, she trusts she may receive their patronage.

Her prices will be as low as similar work is done elsewhere.

For children a clear day is preferable.

Rooms open from 8 A. M. till 5 P. M.
May 1st, 1858. 3w45

Great Speculation!

I WILL SELL, on extremely reasonable terms, my FIRST CLASS

FLOURING MILL,

THREE RUN OF STONES, situated in the heart of the city of Huntington, county of Huntington Indiana. Payments to suit the purchaser. Any person desirous of engaging in said business will find it to their interest to embrace the present opportunity of investing money, as I am anxious to dispose of the above property, and will make the terms suit the purchaser.

Enquire of F. S. AVALINE, Fort Wayne.
or A. M. COMSTOCK Huntington.

NOTICE

THE term of partnership of the Firm of BOSTICK & BOLMAN being about to expire, and as they are determined to settle all the matters transacted during said term, they notify all those in their indebtedness, and all those having claims against them, to come forward immediately, and close their accounts.

They have just received their entire NEW SPRING and SUMMER stock of

Ready-made Clothing,

Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings,

Consisting of every article in that line, from a Linen Coat to the finest French Broad Cloth. The same in Vests and Pants.

Also—the choicest stock of piece goods ever brought to the West; all of which they will make to measure, on the most reasonable terms to Cash; and will warrant all to fit, and made to the LATEST FASHIONS received every three months from New York.

They have also a large assortment of

HATS, CAPS, AND TRUNKS,

And a general assortment of Gents' Furnishing Goods

BOSTICK & BOLMAN.
Fort Wayne, May 8, 1858.

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomhuff, J. P.
Allen County. } ATTACHMENT.
Christian Gable against John Furly.

NOTICE is given defendant of the pendency of the above entitled cause; that proceedings in attachment have been commenced therein; that said cause will be heard before said Justice, at his office in Fort Wayne, county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 29 h day of May, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if said defendant fail to appear at said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.

S. H. BLOOMHUFF, J. P.
May 8, 1858. ($1 50) 3w45

State of Indiana, }
Whitley County. }

NOTICE is hereby given that Frederick Humbarger, Administrator of the estate of Henry Humbarger, deceased, has filed his petition to sell the real estate of the decedent, his personal being insufficient to pay his debts, and that said petition will be heard at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of said County.

Witness my hand as Clerk, this 7th day of May, 1858. ISAIAH B. McDONALD,
3w45 [$1 45] C. C. C. P. Whitley Co.

Guardian's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, within and for Allen County, State of Indiana, made at the April term, 1858, of said Court, the undersigned, Guardian of the minor heirs of John Snyder, deceased, will, on Monday the 31st day of May, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, offer for sale at private sale, on the premises, the undivided eight-ninths of the east half of the south-east quarter of section eighteen (18), in township thirty-two (32), range eleven (11) east, in said County and State, supposed to contain eighty acres; subject to the life estate of the widow of said decedent therein. Being the property of said minors. The terms of said sale being as follows, to-wit: One third cash, one third in one year, and one third in two years; the purchaser to give his notes, secured by mortgage on the premises, for the deferred payments.

CHRISTIAN KINCEY, Guardian.
May 6 h 1858 [$2 25] 3w45

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas within and for the County of Allen, and State of Indiana, I will offer for sale at Public Vendue, at Dr J. L. Fuller's Tavern, in Huntertown, in said County, on the 12th day of June, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day, the fee simple in the following described premises: The east half of the north east quarter of section twenty-four (24) in township thirty two, (32) north of range eleven (11) east.

Also, the south east quarter of the south east quarter of section thirteen (13) in said township and range; also a part of the west half of the south west quarter of the north-east quarter of section eighteen (18), in township thirty-two (32), north of range twelve (12) east containing twelve and one half acres, all laying and being in said County of Allen and State of Indiana, and belonging to the estate of E. H. Dunton, dec'd. The said property will be sold on the following terms: One third of the purchase money in cash, one third in six months, and one third in one year from date of sale. The different payments to be on interest, and secured by notes and mortgage on the premises, waiving all benefit from valuation or appraisement laws.

WM. T. HUNTER,
Administrator of the estate of E. H. Dunton.
[$3 50 4w45

New Grocery & Provision Store!

A. KURTZ has opened a Family Grocery & Provision Store, in the room lately occupied by Biss & Emerick, two doors north of Reed's Drug Store, and invites special attention to his stock which will be found of the best quality and will be sold cheap

Give Him a Trial,

And patronize according to merit. This is all he asks, and is fair and right.
May 1st. pd3m45.

Leeches!

JUST received and will be kept constantly on hand by
4w45 WALL, MEYER, & Co

St Charles Eating Saloon,
Main Street, Fort Wayne,

THE proprietors have just refitted this popular establishment, to make it more comfortable for their guests, and are now prepared to supply their wants in the best style. Oysters, Game, Liquors, Wines, Cigars, Coffee, and other refreshments at all hours. A Free Lunch every day at half past ten A. M.

PECK & HEAD
April 10 pd3m.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.
A. MAYER;

88, Columbia Street, Fort Wayne.

RETURNS his thanks to his numerous friends for their liberal support, and respectfully informs them that he has just received a large and excellent new stock of

Gold & Silver WATCHES,

From the most approved Makers, which he will sell at prices to suit the present hard times.

Among those will be found a lot of AMERICAN WATCHES from the AMERICAN WATCH MANUFACTURING Co, of Massachusetts, warranted to keep correct time, and expressly adapted to the wants of

Railroad Officers.

CLOCKS,

of all kinds, in great variety.

Guard Chains, Seals and Keys; Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Finger Rings—including a large stock of WEDDING RINGS, which he offers low in hopes of increasing the demand. Children's Corals, Chains, Bracelets, Lockets, Gold and Silver Thimbles, and every thing else in the Jewelry Line.

Silver and Plated Spoons and Forks Plated Tea Sets, &c,

Spectacles, Accordeons, Flutes, Port-Monnaies, Work Bags, Work Boxes, Toys, and Fancy Articles in great variety and cheaper than ever.

REPAIRING punctually and faithfully attended to. He gives particular attention to this branch of business, employing the best workmen, and can warrant good satisfaction to all who need any description of Watches, Clocks, or Jewelry repaired,
May 1st, 1858. pd3m48.

Fort Wayne Western Railroad.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE stockholders of the Fort Wayne Western Railroad are hereby notified that an election of seven Directors, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Rockhill House, in the city of Fort Wayne, on Wednesday, the 9th day of June next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors,
Attest: R. C SCHENCK, *Pres't.*
THOMAS TIGAR, *Sec'y*
April 30 h, 1858. 6w44.

B. RANDALL,
PROPRIETOR OF
I. M. SINGER'S
Patent Sewing Machine,

of the State of Pennsylvania (except the counties of Erie, Alegheney and Philadelphia) State of Wisconsin, and the northern part of Indiana.

THE world wide reputation of these machines renders puffing unnecessary. All who have used Singer's Machines testify to their superior merits over all others. Over 12 000 have been sold and are now in active operation, and not one has proved a failure! By simply changing the needle and thread the same machine will execute perfectly every variety of work, coarse or fine, on cloth or leather. From $200 to $500 a year can be cleared by an individual using this machine more than can be cleared by hand.

Singer has also brought out a new

FAMILY MACHINE,

Highly ornamented, which for beauty and expedition far surpasses all other Family Machines. These machines use two threads, forming a lock stitch in the centre of the goods sewed, and making a perfect back stitch on both sides of the cloth, which makes a seam much stronger and harder to rip than hand sewing, and does not use more than two thirds as much thread as the chain stitch machine.

These machines are for sale by the undersigned, at his office on North Fifth Street, opposite Good's Hotel, Reading, Pennsylvania;

Also by T. E. EVANSON, Traveling Agent in Indiana. Silk, Needles, Oil, and Thread for sale by T. E. EVANSON,

B. RANDALL,
1 44 Reading, Penn.

Farm For Sale!

SITUATED a mile and a half north of Ft Wayne, on the Goshen Plank Road, known as the Hoboken Farm, containing 80 acres of first rate land, equal to any in the County. Any person desiring to purchase the above farm will do well to call on the subscriber.

WM D. HENDERSON.
May 1st, 1858 pd 2m43

Water-Lime and Plaster!

THE subscriber will keep for sale, after this date, at the new brick building occupied as a Marble Works, recently erected by John Brown on Harrison Street, nearly opposite Robinson's Boot & Shoe Store, *Louisville, Oswego, & Sandusky Water Lime, also Plaster Paris and Land Plaster.*

A fresh supply of each at all times on hand, which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

Also, special attention given to MONUMENTAL and GRAVE STONE work, at prices to suit the times.

P. S. UNDERHILL.
Fort Wayne April 30, 1858. 3m 44

For SALE or RENT.

THE LARGE GRAIN WAREHOUSE situated on the Canal, at PERU, Ind., now occupied by McCulloch & Little.

The House is well located and in good repair for business. Possession given 1st May.

Enquire of Mr. HIRAM SALISBURY, Peru, Ind
April 23d, 1858. [4w43

NEW GOODS
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER
AT THE
Boston Dry Goods Store.

WM. T. ABBOTT has just received and opened an extensive assortment of new and beautiful Goods, for the present and approaching season, which have been selected with great care, and will be sold at LOWER PRICES than goods of the same quality can be bought at any other house in the city. Our

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

Is very full, and contains

Elegant Barege and Challie Robes.
" Muslin and Jaconet do
" Shepherd's Plaid do

And in pieces,

Jaconets, Muslins,
Lawns, Brilliantes,
Bareges, Tissues,
Barege De Laines,
Challies, Ginghams,
Prints, De Beges,

and, in short, every thing a Lady wants for a cheap and handsome Dress

SHAWL

of every description, from a Child's 50 cts Shawl to a $50 Broche.

VISITES, MANTILLAS, & DUSTERS, a great variety.

Bonnets, Ribbons and Ruches.

HOOP SKIRTS.

Douglas & Sherwood's best. Also HOOPS of different kinds.

GLOVES AND HOSIERY

For Ladies, Misses, Men and Boys.

And a whole raft of

EMBROIDERIES & WHITE GOODS.

BLEACHED MUSLINS cheaper than ever before.

Also

Summer Cloths

Of all kinds, for men's and boys' wear. Palm Leaf and Straw HATS.

50 Pieces of new style

Carpeting, Oil Cloths, & Mattings.

20 Casks of

Queensware.

500 Packages of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

All of which will be sold cheap for cash or ready pay.

All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods, and the highest market price allowed.

Fort Wayne, April 23d, 1858.

Administrator's Sale.

I WILL SELL at Public Auction, on the 22d day of May, 1858, at the door of the Court House in Fort Wayne, Allen County, Indiana, the east half of the east half of the south-west quarter of section thirty-six (36), of township thirty-one (31), north of range eleven (11) east, in Allen County, Indiana, containing forty acres of land, the property of the estate of John Brokker, deceased.

Terms—One half cash, the balance in six and twelve months.

M. BROKER, Adm'r
April 26, 1858. 3w44

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomhuff, J. P.
Allen County. } ATTACHMENT.
Cornelius S. Smith, Theodore K. Brackenridge, against Jacob Gasborne.

NOTICE is given the defendant of the pendency of the above entitled suit, and that proceedings in attachment have been commenced therein, and that said cause will be heard before said Justice, at his office in the city of Fort Wayne, County of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 16 h day of May 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if the said defendant fail to appear at said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.

S H BLOOMHUFF, J P.
May 1, 1858 ($1 50) 3w44

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomhuff, J. P.
Allen County, ss } ATTACHMENT.
Bernard Trentman & Joseph A. Strout, against George P. Miller.

NOTICE is given defendant of the pendency of the above entitled suit, and that proceedings in attachment have been commenced therein, and that said cause will be heard before said Justice at his office in the city of Fort Wayne, county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 16 h day of April, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if said defendant fail to appear at said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.

S H BLOOMHUFF, J P.
May 1, 1858. ($1 50) 3w44

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door in Allen County, Indiana, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 29 h day of May, 1858, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years of the following described premises: Beginning at a stake from which the north-east corner of the north wing of the College building bears south forty seven and a half (47½) degrees west, one hundred and ninety-five (195) links distant, and the north-east corner of the piazza of the main building bears north twenty-four (24) degrees west, two hundred and thirty six (236) links; from thence south fourteen (14) degrees and fifty-five (55) minutes east, two hundred and ninety four (294) feet; thence south seventy five (75) degrees and five (5) minutes west, three hundred (300) feet; thence north fourteen (14) degrees and fifty-five (55) minutes west, two hundred and ninety four (294) feet; thence north seventy five (75) degrees and five (5) minutes east, three hundred (300) feet, to the place of beginning, containing two and one-hundredth (2 1 100) acres, being a part of the south-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section number three (3), township number thirty (30) north of range number twelve, in Allen County, Indiana; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of said real estate. Taken as the property of the Trustees of the Fort Wayne Female College, at the suit of David M. Dunbar.

WILLIAM FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C
BRACKENRIDGE & MILLER, Att'ys.
April 26 h, 1857. [$5 00] 4w44

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an an *Order of Sale* to me directed from the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door, in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 8th day of June, 1858, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the following described premises, to-wit: Lot numbered four hundred and eighty-one [481], excepting forty feet off the south end of said lot, in Hanna's addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in said county and State of Indiana. Also a part of Lot numbered one hundred and three [103] on the Old Plat of said town, bounded as follows: Beginning at the north west corner of said lot, thence east twenty-feet on the north line of said lot, thence south fifty-one and a half feet to the south line of said lot, thence west twenty feet, thence north along the west line of said lot to the place of beginning. And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of said real estate. Ordered to be sold to satisfy said execution in the case of the State of Indiana vs. Andrew J. H. Mills *et al.*

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C
R. BRACKENRIDGE, Att'y.
May 1st, 1858. [$4 50] 6w44

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Order of Sale to me directed by the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I have levied upon and will offer for sale by *Public Auction*, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen and State of Indiana, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 8 h day of June, A. D. 1858, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the following described property, to-wit: The west half of section number nine (9) in township number thirty (30), north of range number twelve (12) east, containing three hundred and twenty acres more or less (excepting about three and a half acres cut off by the Huntington Road from the north-west corner of said tract), situate in said county; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgement, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of the said premises. Ordered to be sold to satisfy a judgment in said Court in favor of the State Bank of Indiana, and against Benjamin Roffner and others.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.
R. BRACKENRIDGE, Att'y.
April 23 d, 1858. ($4 00) 7w43

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, ALLEN CO., IND.,
April 17th, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners of the county of Allen, and State of Indiana, will receive sealed proposals at their June term thereof, for 1858, until two o'clock on Thursday, June 10 h, for renting the Poor House and Farm for two years, and Boarding and Clothing the Paupers, &c. Said proposals are expected to specify the rent of farm per year, and the amount per head week for which the Lessee will board all the legal Paupers and Idiots in the county. The best and most suitable will be accepted, and they reserve the right to reject all of the bids, if in their opinion they are not proper to be accepted.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners
7w43 F. L. FURSTE, County Auditor.

Doors, Blinds and Sash.

A VERY LARGE LOT OF DOORS, BLINDS AND WINDOW SASH on hand, and for sale cheap for CASH at our old stand, a few rods North of the City Mills.

We are prepared to execute all orders with despatch, at the lowest price.

FRONFIELD & TODD.
Fort Wayne, April 17th, 1858. 6m42.

Cheaper and Better than ever.

C. A. GREY is now receiving a full and excellent stock of new

Spring and Summer Goods

Bought low for Cash, during these hard times, and will be sold accordingly. The ordinary shilling Calicoes, fast colors, are offered at 8 cents; a good article of Calico for 6 l. and every thing else in proportion.

The stock includes D Lynes, Lawns, Ginghams, Calicoes, and other Dress Goods. Denims, Drillings and all other Summer Goods, extraordinary good, heavy and cheap. Shirtings and Sheetings of the best Fabrics; Ribbons and Trimmings—in short, every thing calculated to meet the wants of his customers. These articles will be found

Better and Cheaper

than any stock ever before brought to Fort Wayne.

Groceries, Queensware, &c.

A full supply of the best, at the lowest prices.
April 17. 3w43

WE have a large FRENCH PLATE MIRROR which we will sell Cheap.
Feb 27. WALL, MEYER & Co.

Hungarian Grass Seed.

A FEW BUSHELS of the seed of this new and valuable Grass, for sale by
April 10. KIMBALL & EDSALL

Sale of Seminary Lot.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Statute in such case made and provided, the undersigned, Auditor and Treasurer of the County of Allen and State of Indiana, will offer for sale at public auction, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, in said County, on Monday, the 19th day of July next, the following described premises, to wit: Lot number one hundred and ninety two in Hanna's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in said county; the same having been forfeited to the Seminary Fund belonging to the County of Allen, State of Indiana, for the non-payment of principal and interest.

Terms of Sale—One year's interest to be paid in advance on the amount due and owing to the Seminary Fund of said County; all arrears of interest, and all costs of sale, and any amount that may be offered, exceeding the total amount due must be cash in hand; and the balance due the School Fund in ten equal instalments, with six per cent. interest payable annually in advance.

F. L. FURSTE, County Auditor.
A. WILEY, County Treasurer.
Auditor's Office, Allen Co., Ind., April 13th, 1858
[$6 00] 14w42

Thieme's Clothing Store,

JUST received a full stock of Superior French and German Cloths, French Cassimeres, Silk and Marseilles, Vestings, Tweeds, Summer Goods, &c., which will be made to measure in the most elegant and fashionable style, and at the lowest rates.

Ready-made Clothing.

A large and superior assortment, all home-made; we pay good prices to our hands, and being practical Tailors and judges of work, can warrant it to be well and honestly made. We use such linings and trimmings as are suitable to the goods to be made up, whereby they last longer, fit better, and are every way superior to eastern slope work.

A very large stock of

HATS and CAPS.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, Shirts, Collars, Scarfs, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Socks, Suspenders, Carpet Bags, a lot of good Trunks, warranted strong and well made, cheap.

THIEME BROTHERS,
April 17. 3n42

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Farm, on the Goshen Road, 14 miles from Fort Wayne, containing eighty acres of first rate land, equal to any in the County. Forty acres are cleared smooth, 30 acres of which are in grass, and the balance ready for corn; it is well watered, having a good permanent creek and excellent spring of water on it. A good Log House, Stable, &c. Will be sold at a bargain, and reasonable credit given for a portion of the purchase money.

If not sold will be rented to a good tenant, on avorable terms.

JOSEPH DONOUGHOO.
April 10 1858. 6m41

SPRING FASHIONS.

MISS VOGEL announces to the Ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity that she has now receiving her Spring Fashions, consisting of a beautiful assortment of Straw, Silk, Crape, Neapolitan and other

Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Trimmings, Artificials, &c.,

which will be ready for inspection on Thursday next.

A good assortment of Silks, Lawns, and other Bonnet materials, which will be made up to order in the neatest and most fashionable style. All sorts of Ribbons, Trimmings, and Artificials, at the lowest rates.

Bonnets Altered, Cleaned and Pressed.

The favor of a call is respectfully solicited.
Calhoun Street, two doors south of P. Kiser's;
March 26, 1857. 39.

Saddlery and Harness.
B. D. MINER

HAVING purchased of D M Lunceford his entire stock in trade, will continue the business at the old and well known stand, corner Calhoun and Clinton Street, Fort Wayne, Indiana.
January, 28th, 1858. 3m31

1858
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS
AT
The New York Cash Store
FOR
Ready Pay, at Low Prices!

Now receiving.

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

White Goods, Hosiery, & Notions,

DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMINGS,

Shawls and Mantillas,

Millinery Goods, Bonnets, &c.

Men's Furnishing Goods,

HOOPED SKIRTS, HOOPS, ETC, ETC

Hats, Caps, and Straw Goods.

UMBRELLAS & PARASOLS.

Also a Stock of choice

Family Groceries

BOUGHT AT PANIC PRICES,

AND

Selling at very Small Profits for Ready Pay.

WANTED, in Exchange for Goods, Cash, County and City Orders, Old Rags, and all kinds of Country Produce.

S. C EVANS & CO.
Fort Wayne, April 3d, 1858

OLD No. 8
FULL STOCK OF
NEW GOODS!
C. ORFF

HAS now on hand a full stock of new SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which he offers very low. As he has entirely abandoned the credit system, and sells exclusively for cash, he is enabled to reduce his prices accordingly.

THE ONE PRICE SYSTEM strictly adhered to. In the stock will be found a general assortment of

The Best and Newest Styles of

Dry Goods, Dress Goods,

STAPLE ARTICLES,

Bonnets, Ribbons, & Trimmings,

Of all kinds;

GROCERIES,

Queensware, Glassware, Cutlery, Woodenware, Stoneware, &c.

In short every thing usually kept in a Country Store.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS can be accommodated at New York Prices, adding transportation. Our Goods are all bought by the package, from Manufacturers, avoiding Jobbers' profits, which enables us to sell at their prices.

Produce of all kinds wanted at fair Prices for Goods. C. ORFF,
Fort Wayne, March 20. No 3 Jones Block.

ST. NICHOLAS
One Price Cash
Clothing Emporium!

Is now open for inspection.

THOSE who wish to appear as nature intended should not fail to call at this blessed spot.—Every thing in our line is new and of the

LATEST STYLE,

and will be sold as cheap as can be had this side of Jordan—cut and made as we make them. Our advantage for buying is No. 1, and Gentlemen may rely on being dealt with correctly. Our new way of cutting garments is such that any plugg can be made up in good shape.

WEDDING GARMENTS.

We are gay on these kinds of fixings; those who have tried us can substantiate the fact, as they are now all rich, happy, and plenty of

MORAL.

Ladies Goods, but no Hoops; Hosiery and Gloves of the best quality. Ladies, do call; we will snow you Alexander's best KID GLOVES. What is prettier than a nice Glove, with a beautiful hand in it? Do not forget to call; we will wait on you very pretty.

Same old place, east of Happy Row, opposite Lagerdom.

2m30 W. C SHOAFF, Proprietor.

SCHWEGMAN

Is now opening a big lot of

NEW GOODS,

The best and cheapest in town. Further particulars next week—in the meantime call and examine for yourselves.

April 24.

NAILS for sale by P. PIERR.
BACON for sale by P. PIERR.

Ladies' Emporium.
Mrs SULLEY

Begs to return thanks to the Ladies of Fort Wayne and neighborhood for the very liberal patronage she has hitherto received and also wishes to inform them that her

SPRING GOODS

are now open for inspection. Her stock comprises in part

BONNETS,

Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries,

SILK AND LACE MANTILLAS,

Infants' Boys' and Misses Hats, Ladies' Flats, French Flowers, &c.

Mrs. S would particularly call attention to her large stock of RIBBONS FRENCH FLOWERS and FRENCH MILLINERY, generally; all articles of the latest style and best quality.

With regard to prices, Mrs. S only asks a diligent examination before purchasing elsewhere, as she is aware that no house in the trade has better facilities for purchasing, and she thinks she may say, without presumption, better skill in selecting and making up

Her SHOW ROOMS for SUMMER FASHIONS will be opened on the 2nd of May, when her Paris Bonnets have arrived.

P. S. A large quantity of unusually rich EMBROIDERIES, *rather soiled*, AT HALF PRICE. All kinds of Ladies' and Children's PATTERNS for DRESSES, from Madame Demorest's 375 Broadway, New York.

☞ The Daily Democrat, Van Wert Constitution, Decatur Eagle, and De Kalb Democrat, please insert 3 mo this.

P. S. UNDERHILL

Will continue to manufacture

MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES, Furniture

AND

Counter Tops,

&c., &c.,

At his Old Stand on MAIN STREET,

Also at the new Brick Building on Harrison st., between Columbia and Main,

FORT WAYNE.
1 33

EAGLE DRUG STORE
C. NILL, PROPRIETOR,
Corner of Calhoun and Main Streets.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND a fine assortment of

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS,
PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISHES,
DYE-STUFFS,
GLASSWARE,
WINDOW GLASS
AND PUTTY,
BRUSHES of all kinds,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,
AND FANCY ARTICLES.

Tobacco, Cigars and Snuffs

PATENT MEDICINES.

Pure Wines & Brandies.

CUSTOMERS AND PHYSICIANS will always find at his establishment fresh and unadulterated Medicines, which will be sold on liberal terms

Warranted
Flower and Garden Seeds,

DAHLIA ROOTS AND PIE PLANTS,
Just received from Rochester.
WALL, MEYER, & Co

N. B. Orders for all articles in the Nursery line can be left at our Drug Store, and they will be furnished on reasonable terms.

FLAX SEED and all kinds of Medicinal Roots bought at the highest market price.
Feb. 27. WALL, MEYER & Co.

A Superior selection of MEDICINAL WINES and Liquors, just received by
Feb 27 WALL, MEYER & Co

JAMES HUMPHREY'S
STEAM
Free and Lime Stone Works,

On the Canal, near the Rockhill House,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Time is Money---Save it.
WATCH, CLOCK, JEWELRY,
AND
Repairing Store.
F. VOIROL & BOUVERAT

RESPECTFULLY notify the citizens of Fort Wayne, that they have purchased the stock of Jewelry and Silver Ware lately owned by John Lane, and have rented and refitted up his old stand on Calhoun street, two doors west of Stoplnford's Auction Room, and are now better than ever prepared to sell

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

AND FANCY GOODS

At Reserve prices, and far cheaper than any other establishment in the City, and no mistake.

Repairing Watches and Clocks

Is a business in which they challenge competition as to workmanship, and more especially in the best class of fine and valuable Clocks and Watches.

They have all the instruments and machinery to do any work in their line, and will warrant every job done to entire satisfaction.

They have worked nearly twenty years in the cities of France, Switzerland, and North and South America.

☞ *Particular Notice*—They keep the time of the P. F. W. & C. R R, as kept in the Superintendent's Office.

Fort Wayne, February 27, 1858 3n 35

GEORGE MILLER,
Wholesale and Retail Merchant,
At his new stand,
N. W. corner Calhoun & Berry Sts.,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE Proprietor has just received from the East the largest Stock of

Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES

That was ever brought to this section of Country.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Can buy as cheap of him, FOR CASH, as in New York, saving time and freight, as he purchased his Goods in their original packages.

My Wholesale Department

Is the most extensive in Northern Indiana, and will be kept in such order that my customers can make as good selections as anywhere West of New York.

Coffee, Sugar, Tea, and Molasses

Retailed at lower prices than anywhere in the City.

Without boasting, I offer better inducements to buyers than can be found in Northern Indiana, and all I ask is to have my Goods examined and prices asked.

Do not forget to call at the new stand of

GEO. MILLER.
Fort Wayne, March 27, 1858. 39

CIRCULAR.

On the first day of July, 1857, B. A. Fahnestock, said George W. Fahnestock, of Philadelphia, Pa., A. B. Hull, of New-York, and J. L. Schwartz, of Pittsburgh, re-associated themselves for a further term of business, under the style and firm, as heretofore, of

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.,
B. A. FAHNESTOCK, HULL & Co., New-York City.

In each of which three cities we continue our Wholesale Drug Business in all its branches.

Particular attention will be given to the importation of proprietary articles from abroad; and a full stock of well-established popular remedies will be kept constantly for sale. Orders for our B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S well-known **Vermifuge** (of which we are the SOLE PROPRIETORS and EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURERS) should be addressed to either of the above-named establishments.

We continue the manufacture of White Lead, Red Lead, and Litharge, at Pittsburgh.

Spring & Summer Clothing.

Calhoun st., two doors south of Kiser's.

C. G. VOGEL respectfully informs his numerous friends that he has just received from New York his Spring Stock, consisting of an extensive assortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres,

TWEEDS, VESTINGS, AND

SUMMER GOODS,

of all descriptions, which he will MAKE TO MEASURE in good and fashionable style.—Fits warranted. Also,

Ready-made Clothing

Of all kinds, of his own manufacture, which he warrants well and honestly made, and equal if not superior to any in the market.

He will sell and make up at the very lowest prices, and asks a continuance of the patronage already bestowed upon him.

April 3, 1858 3m41

ON MANHOOD,
AND ITS PREMATURE DECLINE.
Just Published, Gratis, the 20th Thousand:

A FEW WORDS on the Rational Treatment, without medicine, of Spermatorrhea or Local Weakness, Nervous Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Impotency, and Impotency, and Impediments to marriages generally, by

B. DE LANEY, M. D.

The important fact that the many alarming complaints originating in the imprudence and solitude of youth, may be easily removed *without Medicine*, is in this small tract clearly demonstrated; and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure *himself* perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.

☞ Sent to any address, *gratis* and post free, in a sealed envelope, by remitting (post paid) two postage stamps to Dr. DE LANEY, 83 East 31st Street, New York City.

THE GREATEST
MEDICAL
DISCOVERY
OF THE AGE.

Mr. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common Pasture Weeds, a remedy that cures

Every Kind of Humor

FROM

The worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple

TWO bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the stomach.

Three or five bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of Erysipelas.

One or two bottles are warranted to cure all humors in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of ringworm.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

One to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of dyspepsia. I know from the experience of thousands that it was caused by a canker in the stomach.

One or two bottles are warranted to cure sick headache.

One to two bottles are warranted to regulate a costive state of the bowels.

One to two bottles will regulate all derangement of the kidneys.

Four to six bottles have cured the worst cases of dropsy.

One to three bottles has cured the worst case of piles; a relief is always experienced. What a mercy to get relief in such excruciating disease!

Since its first discovery, I have from time to time added various other herbs to it; of one of them, Hippocrates, the Father of Medicine, says: "It is an herb of Jupiter, and in the sign Leo

"It openeth obstructions of the liver, gall and spleen; it is an especial friend to the liver, worth all other herbs put together; cooling it when too hot, and

"He is Lost."—The Paris correspondent of the Boston Courier tells the following anecdote of Orsini, for which he says he can vouch:

"One of the magistrates, highest placed upon the bench, and who was foremost in conducting the prosecutions against the prisoners, (you will easily see why I cannot give his name publicly,) had both personally and, by letter held communion with Orsini since the trial, and Orsini having written to thank him for various good offices, the magistrate I speak of, paid a last visit at the prison of La Roquette. Upon this occasion, he addressed Orsini thus: 'I have no right to ask you what I am about to ask, and you have every right to refuse me an answer: consequently, if my question be indiscreet, remain silent! What is your belief with regard to further attempts upon the Emperor's life?—will these continue?'

'Orsini looked him full in the face, and answered slowly and very gravely: "I can have no reason for not answering you, and for not speaking the perfect truth: it is impossible he should escape—he is lost.—(*il est perdue.*")

When to take Your Hat.—Young men, a word. We want to tell you when you should take your hat and be off. And mind what we offer. It is

When you are asked to take a drink.

When you find out you are courting a slovenly and extravagant girl.

When you find yourself in doubtful company.

When you discover that your expenses run ahead of your income.

When you are abusing the confidence of your friends.

When you think that you are a great deal wiser and older and more experienced people than yourself.

When you feel like getting trusted to a new suit of clothes, when you haven't money to pay for them.

When you don't perform your duty, your whole duty, and nothing but your duty.

King Charles the Simple, and His Fool.—This good fellow's influence was so great, that Charles, King of France, once remarked to him, he thought they had better change places. As Jean did not look well pleased at the proposal, Charles asked him if he were not content at the idea of being a king.

"Oh, content enough," was the reply; "but I should be exceedingly ashamed at having such a fool."

It was this fool who once tried his master's nerve, by rushing into his room one morning with the exclamation—

"Oh, sire, such news! Four thousand men have risen in the city!"

"What!" cried the startled king; "what intention have they risen!"

"Well," said Jean, placing his finger upon his nose, "probably with the intention of lying down again at bedtime."

A Quiet Place.—In one of our country exchanges we find the following recommendation of a thriving little neighborhood town:

A few days ago a gentleman in conversation with some friends was praising Woodville, Miss., to the skies, and remarked among other things that it was the most quiet and peaceful place he ever saw—there was no quarrelling nor rowdyism, nor fighting about the streets; if a gentleman insulted another, *he was quietly shot down, and there was the last of it!*

The Moustache.—A lady writer in Graham's Magazine for May has the following in regard to the moustache:

Did you ever know a woman who knew any thing about it, who would give "two pence" for a kiss from a shaven lip? Somebody talkes about egg without salt—nonsense! that does not begin to express it, because if a man or woman either is hungry, they will forego the condiment, but I declare, if I was on the point of osculatory starvation, I would die decently, and make no sort of sign, rather than take the kiss without its accompanying moustache.

☞ A little ragged urchin had a curiosity to see Barnum's Museum the other day, and quietly stepped in by the doorkeeper, who caught him by the arm and demanded a quarter—The little urchin drew up to his full height, and told the man he didn't want to *buy* his museum, he wanted to see it. The doorkeeper handed him in, and also politely offered him his hat in the bargain.

☞ A punster challenged a sick man's vote at a recent election, on the ground that he was an *ill* legal voter.

☞ The young lady with "speaking eyes" has become quite hoarse, in consequence of using them so much.

☞ It is nothing in our favor if we are honest because it is the "best policy," or because it is respectable.

☞ "I won't cover your heels, I'll be *darned* if I do," as the ragged stocking said to the novel reading lady.

☞ "What are the chief ends of man? asked a school teacher of his pupils. "Head and feet," was the reply.

☞ One of the toasts drank at a recent celebration, was—"Woman! she requires no eulogy—*she speaks for herself!*"

☞ A dandy with a cigar in his mouth, entered a menagerie, when the proprietor asked him to take the weed from his mouth, lest he should learn the other monkeys bad habits.

☞ A servant maid, who was occupied in pickling her mistress's cabbages, took the opportunity of cabbaging her mistresses pickles, saying it made no difference.

☞ The savage man paints his body to terrify his enemies; the civilized woman covers her face with red and white colors to charm her friends! Which is the most ridiculous tatooted?

☞ Miss Drummond, the late famous preacher among the Quakers, was asked if the spirit had never inspired her with the thoughts of marriage? "No friend," said she, "but the flesh hath often done so."

☞ There are only about four things necessary to a capital speaker: first, to have something worth saying; second, to know how to say it, third, when to say it; and fourth, to know when he *has* said it, and thereafter hold his peace."

☞ The Troy Times describes "blasted hopes" to be "marrying a woman with the hopes of getting $30,000 with her, and when the union is consummated, to be presented with a bill for her last year's board."

☞ "Oh, pray let me have my way this time," said a young gentleman to his lady love. "Well, Willie, I suppose I must this once, but you know that after we are married I shall always have a *Will* of my own."

☞ "Reading the biographies of our great and good men and women," says an exchange, "not one of them had a fashionable mother. They nearly all sprung from plain, strong minded women, who had as little to do with fashions as with the changing clouds."

☞ What is the best line to lead a man with? Crino-line.

And the best line to lead a woman with is a masculine?

☞ "Husband, why did you destroy all my sweet Williams in the garden, and leave all the bouncing Betsies?"

"Because the Betsies are all favorites of mine, and I won't have any sweet Williams about my premises."

☞ The most astonishing instance of a man's regard for his word was recently given by a man who killed his wife, whom he did not like. When asked "why he didn't go off and leave her, instead of killing her," he replied, jocosely, "that he had promised, on the wedding day, to live with her until death parted them, and that he wasn't the man to break his word!"

☞ At a recent trial before Justice, the following queer colloquy occurred:

Counsel—"Didn't you tell Hopper to go to the devil?"

Witness—"I rather think I did."

Counsel—"Well, did he go?"

Witness—"I believe not; but if he did, he made a quick trip of it, for I met him the next day."

☞ A person who was recently called in court for the purpose of proving the correctness of a doctor's bill, was asked by the lawyer whether "the doctor did not make several visits after the patient was *out of danger?*"

"No," replied the witness, "I considered the patient *in danger* as long as the doctor continued his visits!"

C. W. NETTLEHORST. B. W. NETTLEHORST

NETTLEHORST & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Hollow Ware, &c.

Shop and Store Room in Edsall's Buildings, one door north of H B Reed's Drug Store.

WE keep constantly on hand a perfect assortment of

Cook, Parlor, & Box Stoves

From the justly celebrated Foundries of Troy N Y embracing all of the latest improvements; and, also, many of the most approved Patterns of Ohio and Pennsylvania Stoves. We would therefore solicit those of our friends who want any thing in our line to give us a call. We not only warrant our stoves, but also our TIN WARE, to give entire satisfaction, as we employ none but experienced Workmen.

P. S. If you want anything in the way of Job binding, such as

Pavetroughs Spouting, &c.,

Call at Nettlehorst & Co. We are prepared to do it with neatness and dispatch.

Nov. 14th, 1857.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City FREE OF CHARGE

Fine Picture Gallery in the West

DAGUERREOTYPE,

Ambrotype, Hallotype,

AND

Photographic Rooms,

Over Evans' Store corner of Calhoun and Main sts

AMBROTYPES, 25 CTS.

A. McDONALD has returned from the East with the finest and best assortment of MATERIALS ever brought into this city, carefully selected by myself, and will sell at the lowest figures.

P S. The principal Operators in the Union are condemning the Ambrotypes as not being durable, and I am of that opinion myself; I have therefore concluded to commence the DAGUERREOTYPES, and persons wishing for either of those pictures can have them executed in the finest style at my new Rooms over Evans & Co.'s Dry Goods Store, Fort Wayne, Ind. 29

To the Stockholders of the FORT WAYNE WESTERN R. R.

OFFICE OF THE FORT WAYNE WESTERN R. R CO
FORT WAYNE, January 1, 1858.

THE Stockholders of the Fort Wayne Western Railroad Company in the County of Allen, Indiana, are hereby notified that, in addition to the three instalments heretofore required of them, the remaining seventy per cent. of the stock subscribed by them, respectively, is required to be paid up by them to me, as Treasurer, in further instalments as follows:

The fourth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of February, 1858.

The fifth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of March, 1858.

The sixth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of April, 1858.

The seventh instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of May, 1858.

The eighth instalment of ten per cent. on the 10th day of June, 1858.

The ninth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of July, 1858.

And the tenth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of August, 1858.

By order of the Board of Directors,

7.27 THOMAS TIGAR, Treasurer.

NEW STOCK

At the Old Boot and Shoe Store,

2 Phœnix Block, Calhoun st.

E. VORDERMARK has just received a full and very superior assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

which he intends selling at the very lowest prices.

The Stock includes all the newest and most seasonable styles, from the best eastern manufactories.

Additional supplies will be constantly received, so as to keep the assortment complete.

Being a practical workman, he will give particular attention to

Home Made & Custom Work

and can warrant his articles to be well and faithfully made, and of the best materials.

Calf and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans, and Ladies wear of all kinds,

kept on hand or made to measure.

Sept. 11. 1857 v—48

Leather & Findings.

FRY & CHEESMAN,

WELL and long known in this city, have opened up, in connection with their Tannery, a

Leather Store

On Columbia st, Fort Wayne,

In the room formerly occupied by R W. Taylor & Co., west of Calhoun, where they keep a full assortment of Leather, such as

FRENCH CALF,
SOLE LEATAER, all kinds,
UPPER LEATHER,
COMMON CALF,
KIP SKIN
HEAVY UPPER,
EASTERN of all kinds,
SHOEMAKER'S FINDINGS,
HARNESS LEATHER,
BRIDLE LEATHER,
ALL KINDS OF LININGS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

All of which they will sell to the trade, or by retail, and at prices which will be of advantage to the buyer

Their facilities for making Leather are as good as any in the city, and hence, they can sell cheap as any.

N. B.—They buy Hides and Pelts.

50,000 HIDES WANTED,

For which the highest cash prices will be paid. Call and examine our stock.

Fort Wayne, Oct 3d, 1857. 1y

NEW GOODS!

The Emporium of Fashion is now open.

AND STILL THEY COME with one continual rush to see one of the most Magnificent assortments of

DRY GOODS

that you can find in Northern Indiana.

SILKS

in all the latest styles: Fancy Collars; besides a large stock of BLACK SILKS, that we are enabled to sell at lower prices than you will find in this market. Also

DRESS TRIMMINGS

of every grade, style and price for the million

WHITE GOODS.

A full and complete assortment.

Large stock of EMBROIDERIES of all the new patterns. A good assortment of

HOSIERY & GLOVES,

And a large assortment of all other Goods usually kept in a Dry Goods Store, too numerous to mention.

All the above Goods were bought under unusually favorable circumstances, just after the recent crash in the Wall Street Banks and the consequent depreciation in the money market, and th looked for failures of the Importers and Jobbing Houses obliged them to sell to cash customers, we availed ourselves of these great bargains, and willing to give our customers the benefit of them, we would invite all the Ladies and the balance of mankind, or we have the goods and are bound to sell them Bring along your cash.

Oct. 10, 1857. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

Stewart's Large Oven, Air-Tight,

SUMMER AND WINTER

COOKING STOVE,

COMBINING economy of fuel and time, perfection in Cooking and Baking, with great durability and convenience. This is warranted to be

The Best and most complete Cooking Stove

now made, and by a peculiar arrangement or reflectors, the heat may be all retained in the stove, and the room kept cool and pleasant. A great saving is thus effected, and the comfort of those using the stove secured. Housekeepers are invited to call and examine this triumph of modern invention.

For sale by A. B BRANDRIFF,
July 24, 1857. *Sign of the Golden Stove.*

H. WILLIAMS, A. C HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Fruit, Glass, Nails, Woodenware,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Lard, &c.,

No. 85 Columbia street,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

MERCHANTS supplied with Groceries of all kinds, on as favorable terms, all things considered, as can be purchased in *any market.*

☞ *All orders filled with dispatch.* ☜

Jan, 17, 1857. 1y29

B. W. OAKLEY

Will give his exclusive attention to the

HARDWARE BUSINESS,

and will keep always on hand a superior assortment of HARDWARE well selected to suit this market, and of the best quality. He will sell at *reasonable prices*, and it will give him great pleasure to serve his old friends and make himself useful to the public generally in his line of business. He his prepared to fill all orders correctly and with dispatch.

In his stock may be found

Scythes, Snaths, Forks, Rakes, Hoes, Shovels,
Grain Cradles, Sickles, &c.
IRON of all sizes.
Cast, Blister, German and Spring STEEL
Nails, Brads, Spikes, &c.
Mattocks, Picks, & Grub-Hoes.
Vices, Anvils, Bellows, & Screw Plates.
Bench and Moulding Planes.
Socket, Mortice, and Firmer Chisels.

A superior assortment of

Saddlery Ware

of all kinds, Enameled Leather and Cloths, and CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS generally.

Machine Stretched Leather Belting, Vulcanized Rubber Belting and Packing, and a large stock of

Shelf Hardware.

In short, all articles kept in the Hardware line.

June 27th, 1857. y—52

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE receive, Store, and Forward Goods by the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, and the Toledo, Wabash, & Western Railroads, and by the Wabash & Erie Canal, and deal in all kinds of

PRODUCE,

Salt, Fish Nails, Pork, Beef, Flour, Glass, Coal, &c.

☞ We are also Agents for

Fairbank's Celebrated Scales

and

DUPONT'S GUN POWDER,

For Sporting and Blasting purposes. And for

Peacock & Son's Steel Plow.

Our Warehouse is well located on the Canal Basin at the east end of Columbia street, at the termination of the side track of the Pittsburgh, Fort-Wayne, & Chicago Railroad.

Fort Wayne, April 4, 1857.

C. L. HILL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller & Stationer,

Calhoun St., Fort Wayne.

School, Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books; Writing, Wrapping and Printing Papers; Fancy Articles, &c.

Pianos, Melodeons, Guitars, and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

BOOK BINDING promptly executed.

FRESH TAMARINDS just received and for sale by J. U WINSLOW.
83 Columbia street.

HARD TIMES

And Prices to Match.

EMBROIDERIES almost given away. We have just received a large invoice of New Embroideries, consigned to us from an Eastern House, which will be sold at ruinously low prices. In the lot, we offer

1000 Jaconet Collars at one half the usual price.
500 Muslin do, at 20 cents, worth 5 shillings.

500	"	"	25	"	50 cents.
500	"	"	31 cts.	"	56 "
500	"	"	37	"	62 "
500	"	"	50	"	87 "

1000 Jaconet Bands 2 yards long, and warranted to wash, for 10 cts, worth 37.
500 Jaconet Bands at 20 cents, worth 62.
750 do, 2½ yards long, for 80 cents, worth $1,50
100 sets Collars and Sleeves at 75 cts, worth 1 75
475 pair Sleeves at 20 cts a pair, worth 50 cts.
500 do at 25 cents, worth $1 00.

Jaconet and Muslin Flouncings, elegant work and beautiful patterns, for one half what they can be purchased for at any other house: and a whole raft of Edgings, Insertings, Bands, Infant's Waists, Infant's Robes, Thread Edgings, &c., &c. All of which will be sold without regard to cost, at 75 Columbia street, by

Oct 13 h WM T. ABBOTT.

☞ New England money taken at par in exchange for Goods.

100,000 Hides Wanted!

FOR which the highest market price will be paid in Cash.

Jan. 31. H. C. GREY & Co.

New Grocery and Provision Store!

Corner of Berry and Calhoun streets, opposite G. Miller's.

A. G. BARNETT respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has opened in the above store, (formerly Reiter's Confectionary,) a full stock of choice.

FAMILY GROCERIES

Crushed, Coffee, and N. Orleans Sugars; Rio and Java Coffee; Teas, Pepper, Spices, Tobacco, Segars, Pickles, Sauces, &c., &c.

CONFECTIONARIES

Of all kinds, Wholesale and Retail.

PROVISIONS such as Potatoes Butter, Eggs, Fruit, Flour, Corn Meal Dried Beef, Hams, Fish; &c.

Cash paid for all kinds of Farmers' Produce.

It is his design to furnish his customers with the very best and choice articles in the above line, and to sell at the very lowest prices, and he therefore hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

Nov 231. tf—21

PILES! PILES! PILES!!

This hitherto intractable disease, of every form and in every stage,

CURED BY EXTERNAL APPLICATION ONLY

Dr. Cavanaugh's PILE SALVE

WILL never fail in giving immediate relief, and positively curing the worst and most obstinate case of Hemorrhoids or Piles. It is the

ONLY INFAILLIBLE REMEDY KNOWN

here or elsewhere for the Piles, and the result of years of patient study and investigations.

Sufferers from Piles now have a remedy at hand which will

Stand the Test of Trial,

without the fair of failure on its part to do all the proprietor claims for it,

Full directions accompanying each box; and all that is requisite is strictly to observe them, and a cure is certain to follow.

The proprietor refers to the following testimonials from gentlemen of character and standing, who have voluntarily given their certificates in its favor in regard to its efficacy in their own cases. Read them

The following is from one of the most reliable citizens of Chicago, the late Treasurer of Cook County Illinois:

Chicago, July 25, 1855.

Dr. Cavanaugh:—Dear Sir,—I wish hereby to make known to the afflicted that I have been troubled with the Piles for twenty years and upwards, and at times most severely. And during a recent and exceedingly painful attack a friend procured a box of your Salve, and asked me to give it a trial. I did so; not however with the expectation of benefitting my disease, for truly, I had tried so many applications I had lost confidence in all. But in making use of your Salve, I soon found that is was doing me good; and really it is incredible to myself, that with only about two weeks' use of your Salve, I am so far as I can judge a well man.

I most cheerfully make this statement, believing it due both to yourself and such as may be afflicted with this most painful and trying disease. I do not hesitate to say that I consider your preparation an invaluable remedy for the Piles.

Most sincerely yours, IN N. HEALD.

The Hon Richard Yates, late member of Congress from the Springfield District, says:

Jacksonville, Ill., Nov. 15. 1855.

Dr. Thos. H. Cavanaugh—Dear Sir,—The preparation Cavanaugh's Pile Salve, which you furnished, I found of great service, producing an easy and speedy cure. I do not hesitate to recommend it as an invaluable remedy for the Piles

Respectfully, RICHARD YATES.

☞ Price $1 per Box. For sale at Fort Wayne by Wall & Meyer, H B Reed & Co, J. U. Winslow, Smith & Brackenridge, Meegan & Nill, and H. G. Wagner, and by Druggists and dealers generally

1y6m

FRUIT TREES AND SHRUBBERY.

WE the undersigned, Proprietors of the Elm Park Nursery, and members of the firm of Fletcher, Williams & Loomis, of the Western Commercial Nursery at Indianapolis, Indiana, take this means of informing the public that we have purchased all the right, title, and interest of I. D. G. Nelson in the Elm Park Nursery, as heretofore carried on by W. H. Loomis & Co, and that every effort will be made, as heretofore, to merit the trade and confidence of the people. Having been engaged in the Nursery and Fruit business (and no other) for the past fifteen years, we are confident that we are qualified to meet the wishes of our patrons in this particular, and to give valuable aid and advice in all matters connected with the Fruit business. The stock which we now offer for sale has been got up with the view of adaption to our soil and climate, knowing as we do that such will succeed when Eastern trees will in most cases utterly fail.

We therefore have the pleasure of offering for sale

10,000 Peach Trees

of the very best leading varieties. A superior quality

STANDARD & DWARF PEAR TREES.
STANDARD & DWARF CHERRY TREES

of the best, leading, hardy sorts.

Also a large collection of superior

APPLE TREES

Three years old, not so large as we could desire, but thrifty in growth, and unsurpassed in excellence of variety.

GRAPES, CURRANTS, & GOOSBEERRIES, a large collection.

EVERGREENS,

consisting of

BALSAM FIR, NORWAY SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, RED CEDAR AND AMERICAN ARBOR VITÆ,

at from four to two shillings each, according to size.

We will sell 100 Peach Trees, one year from bud, at twelve dollars; fifty for seven dollars, and 1,000 at $75. For less than fifty, fifteen cents a piece will invariably be charged.

Terms CASH on all bills under $25, and if desired, on bills exceeding that amount, six months credit will be given on the best of paper, with interest, and well endorsed. Address by mail,

LOOMIS & FLETCHER,
April 10, 1853. 3.n Fort Wayne, Ind.

FIVE REASONS WHY

C. Orff can sell Goods low.

1ST. He does not sell on credit, hence no losses to put on prompt paying Customers.

2d. He buys all for Cash and short time.

3d. He is a working man, and does not hire "*gentlemen*," to take care of his business.

4th. All his clerks are working men

5th. The greatest of all, he lives within his means.

March 27, 1858.

GIFTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS

AT

REED'S DRUG STORE,

consisting of a choice assortment of

Perfumery & Fancy Articles

offered at

Prices to suit the Times!

I HAVE just opened a large stock of PERFUMERY, FANCY ARTICLES, TOYS, &c., for the Holidays, among which I will offer at reduced prices the following

EXTRACTS

FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF AND TOILET,

LUBIN'S Paris.
RIMMEL'S London.
MAUGUET & CORDAY'S Paris,
FARINA COLOGNE Paris.

FOR THE HAIR.

Pomades, Philocomes, Restoratives and Dyes
Ox Marrow and Bears Grease.

SOAPS.

Low's Brown Windsor, Low's Honey Soap, Haull's Honey Soap, Roussell's Almond and Floating Soap; Taylor's Wright's, Haull's, Roussell's and Bazin Crystaline, Wash Balls and Bar Soap, Walnut Oil, Military Shaving, Soap Shaving, Cream, etc.

SHAVING BOXES AND BRUSHES.

Powder Puffs in Boxes, Toilet Powder, Men Fun Lilly White, Pearl Powder, and Rogue.

A large assortment of

Brushes.

Hair Brushes, Cloth Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Flesh Brushes, and Dressing Combs.

Also a large lot of Porte-Monaies, Port Purses, Pocket Books, Cigar Cases, Card Cases, with an endless variety of other Fancy Toys and useful articles, all admirably suited for *Holiday Gifts*, which are offered CHEAP at the DRUG STORE

Cornes of Calhoun and Columbia Streets.

December 26.h, 1857.

2000 SEAMLESS BAGS,
5 bales Carpet Warp—white and colored.
250 kegs Juniatt's Nails.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

O. H. Smith's Great Work!

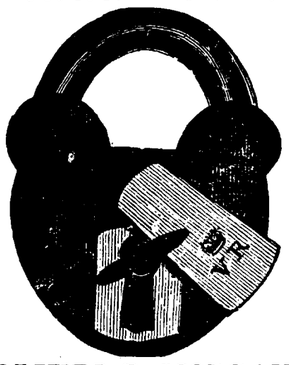
Early Indiana Trials & Sketches.

REMINISCENSES by Hon. O. H. Smith. In one octavo volume. One of the best and most interesting books ever published; throwing much light on the early history of Indiana and its old settlers. Just published, and for sale by

C. L HILL.

March 27, 1858.

HARDWARE.



OLIVER P. MORGAN,

Successor to H. Durrie,

No 81 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

OFFERS a large assortment of STOVES which for quality and variety is equal to any in this market, at *greatly reduced prices.* Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call at least before buying elsewhere.

He is now receiving a large variety of

HARDWARE,

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON

AND STEEL, OF ALL SIZES,

Axes Elliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices.

and other heavy goods, which in variety will compare with any stock in this vicinity.

FARMER'S GOODS.

such as Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Forks, Grubbing Hoes, Picks, &c., &c.

Building Materials

including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS—Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, &c.

MECHANICS' TOOLS for Carpenters and Joiners, Blacksmiths and Coopers, fully up to the times in shape and quality.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,

of a greater variety than is usually found

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Castors, Tea and Table Spoons, Forks, &c.

SOLAR & FLUID LAMPS,

Britannia Tea Setts Curtain Cornices and Bands, together with

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of every kind and variety.

He is prepared to execute any order for the manufacture of

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Work

To Merchants he offers an assortment of TIN WARE, warranted in quality, at *Lower Prices* than usual

Tin Plate and Tinners' Goods always on hand.

Dec. 19 1856. y—25

MACABOY SNUFF—a fine quality of Lorillard's represented, at J. U WINSLOW.

FLUID EXTRACT OF VALERIAN, for sale at Apothecaries' Hall, 83 Columbia Street

---

NITRATE of silver *Pure* in Pencels and crystals Sulphate of Quinine; Sulphate, Muriate, and Acetate of Morphia; Strychnia Veratria, Podophillin, Iodine, Iodide of Iron, Hydrate of Potassa, Lactate of Iron, Phosphate of Iron, Citrate of Iron and pure Iron Filings.

For sale by J. U. WINSLOW,
Aug. 30. *At Apothecaries Hall.*

Splendid Prizes for Farmers!

Two Ways of making Money!!

No. 1, One Silver Watch..... $10
2, One Canary Bird..... 5
3, One pr Boots made to measure 5
4, Copy of Fort Wayne Newspaper to be selected by the winner.. 2

The above prizes will be paid to persons delivering the most

BARK

To H. C. GREY & Co.,

at their Tannery on the Feeder Canal, near Capt. Rudisill's Mill, by the first day of August, 1857.

The bark must be either

White or Black Oak,

in good condition, and of this year's peeling.

The person bringing the most bark will receive the first prize; the one bringing the next largest amount will receive the second prize, and so on.—We will pay

The Highest Market Price in Cash for all Bark delivered

January 31st.

No. 95 Columbia Street. No. 95 Columbia Street.

WALL, MEYER, & CO.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS.

Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes, of all kinds!

Pure Wines & Brandies!

Perfumery Soaps, and Fancy Articles,

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drugs and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.

NEW LIQUOR STORE.

L. FALK,

Wholesale Dealer in Foreign & Domestic

LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.,

No. 93 Columbia street.

One door east of Meyer & Croter's Drug Store;

IS just opening and will keep constantly on hand a large stock of

Cherry Brandy,	Stomach Bitters,
French "	Champagne Wine,
Catawba "	Port "
Domestic "	Malaga "
Apple "	Sweet "
Jamaica Rum,	Muscat "
St Croix "	Madeira "
Gin	Sherry "
Old Bourbon Whisky,	Catawba "
Rye "	French "
Monongahela "	White "
Common "	Rhine "
Schiedam Schnaps,	Claret "

Also, a large assortment of Imported and Domestic

Cigars & Sardines

To which I would call the attention of both the City and Country Trade. All who want first rate articles, at

CHEAP PRICES,

will please give us a call. April 17 '57 tf—42

KID GLOVES.

October 3d, 1857.

A COMPLETE assortment of Ladies and Gents white black and colored Kid Gloves of the best quality, this day opened and for sale by

WM. T. ABBOTT.

GAUNTLETS,

LADIES' Lisle, Taffeta, Kid, Buck, and Merino Gauntlets—plain and fancy tops.

Also Gents Buck and Cloth do, at the Boston Dry Goods Store. Oct.

DRAKE & BOURIE

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

HAVE removed their Wholesale and Retail Provision Emporium to No. 5 Phœnix Block, Calhoun street, two doors north of Evans & Co, where they have just received a large choice stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Pickles, Preserves, Can Fruits, Confectionaries, Fish, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold very low for cash, and cash only.

To Farmers they offer the highest cash price for all kinds of marketing, and to the Citizens of Fort Wayne, the largest and most complete assortment of EATABLES in the city, *delivered Free of Charge* at their residences.

Are Agents for Maltbey's celebrated

Baltimore Oysters.

Dec. 1, 1856.

HONEY SOAP.—A large lot of this popular soap; also an endless variety of Toilet Soaps, at *Apothecaries Hall.*

MARSH-MALLOW PASTE—Jujube Paste—Lemon, Rose, Banana, Pine-Apple, Liquorice, Hourhound, Wild-Cherry and Iceland Moss Gum Drops for sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

HECKER'S FARINA, Pearl Tapioco, Pearl Sago, Pearl Barley, Bermuda Arrow-root—fresh and of the best quality, at 83 Columbia street.

J. U. WINSLOW.

CHLORIDE of Lime and Chloride of Soda, at *Apothecaries Hall*, 83 Columbia st.

COFFEE—Old Gov. Java, 6lbs for a dollar, at J. U WINSLOW'S

PURE LEMON JUICE—Identical with the ex pressed juice of Fresh Lemons. For sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

ENGLISH BREAKFAST and fine Oolong Teas, for sale at 61 Columbia steet.

J U WINSLOW.

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale on liberal terms of payment: LOTS 11 and 12 in block 24, Ewing's Addition, (my late residence), price $3,000.

Also the middle 20 feet (adjoining Mr. F. Nirdlinger's) of lot 540, Hanna's addition. Price $1,000.

82 Acres of Land, 1½ mile from town, adjoining James Embey's farm on the south, and Simon Edsall's farm on the west; 40 acres are well clear and fenced. Price $4 000.

80 Acres of Land near the Piqua Road, 2½ miles from Fort Wayne, 8 acres cleared, the balance well timbered. Price $2 000.

The above property is rapidly rising in value, and presents a rare opportunity for investment to persons desiring property in and near Fort Wayne.

I also offer for sale, in lots to suit buyers, Lots and Out-Lots in New Haven, and over 7,000 acres of valuable timbered and farming lands, on and near the Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis, and Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroads, in the eastern part of Allen County.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 28, 1856. tf—39

PIANO FORTE WAREROOM

HILL & JACOBS having opened rooms for the sale of Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, keep on hand a full assortment of

Piano Fortes & Melodeons,

of various styles and qualities, from the most celebrated Manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC—A large collection kept on hand. New Music constantly received.

A fine assortment of

Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.,

Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.

Feb. 6, 1856.

LATEST NEWS!

Reported expressly for CARIER & WEHMER, by the Telegraph Line *The Rumor.*

END OF THE WAR IN PALESTINE!

Jerusalem Bombarded and Taken

By the French and Germans!

Carier & Wehmer,

Wholesale Liquor Dealers,

63 Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

HAVE just received the largest and best selected assortment of the following articles, which they are ready to sell at lower figures than any house in the State.

Brandies—

1 Champagne Brandy.
2 French do.
3 Cogniac do. of Rasteau de Sazarac, Pinet Castillon, and Otard Dupuy.
4 Catawba do
5 Domestic do.
6 Cherry do.
7 Kummel do.

Gin—Schiedam Shnapps.

Cordials—

Bordeaux.
Anisette.
Maraschino.
Curacao.
Absinthe.
Brandy Fruits

Whiskey—

Rye Whiskey. Monongahela. Bourbon.

Wines,

Haut Sauterne.
Claret, Rhine.
Champagne, Madeira.
Muscat. Sherry Catawba.
Port Malaga.
Ginger,

Rum—Jamaica. Santa Cruz. Batavia.

AGENTS for the sale of Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters, and also for Greene's Aromatic Sap.

Also a large assortment of imported and domestic CIGARS, SARDINES, &c., &c.

May 23 1857. 47

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $12000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from Hanging Rock metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS.—We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market; it outstrips all competition wherever introduced. I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the signe of the Golden stove, by A. D. BRANDRIFF.

September 22d, 1855.

PARLOR COOKING STOVES.—You will find three kinds of these Stoves at BRANDRIFF'S.

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are both beautiful Stoves; for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE.—We have five sizes of this Stove, warranted good; also, the Hoosier State, takes 30 inches wood, which suits the farmers. This Stove has long been their favorite, is heavy and never breaks. We will warrant it one year. Can be had at BRANDRIFF'S.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S.

Ironton Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find six sizes of this excellent Stove of heavy plate, at

Sept. 10. BRANDRIFF'S

ELEVATED OVEN.—This Stove we get manufactured for this market, out of Hang Rock, and the only one made of the kind exclusively of the material in the United States; it has two fire-chambers is a quick baker, and is the best kind of a house warmer. We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality, by BRANDRIFF

UNION Box Stove—3 sizes new pattern, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

---

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

10,000 Lbs. of SHEET IRON and Stove Pipe for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

BEST PREMIUM.—We have 5 sizes of these Stoves; they are truly what their name indicate For sale nowhere but at BRANDRIFF'S.

---

500 Lbs. SAD IRON for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

SEVEN sizes Fluted Boxes Stoves very cheap and nicely plated at BRANDRIFF

Indiana Six Hole Premium Cook Store.

YOU will find two sizes of this stove, of heavy plate, and a good baker of beautiful design, at the sign of the Golden Stove.

THE IOWA.—This is a new Stove, just out, and is destined to meet with rapid sales in this city; it is everything that is nice and good. The sight of it is sufficient. We have the exclusive sale of it; the price is low. Call at BRANDRIFF'S.

KANSAS PARLORS.—3 sizes of this new and beautiful Parlor Stove, got up this season, and will carry off the palm. For sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

1853 **FORT WAYNE** 1853

STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C BOWSER JOSEPH STORY.

BOWSER & STORY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses.

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all, on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 18—No 46 | FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1858 | WHOLE No 1300

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the Agency of the

Etna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

IS prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms. This Company has a Capital Stock of

$300,000,

All paid and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. y17.

General Insurance Agency,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Etna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500,000

MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. Co
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.—Capital $100 000

STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N.Y.—Capital $150,000.

The above Companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

HOUGH & JONES, *Agents.*

May 17th, 1855. y46

By State Authority.

Choice First-Class Insurance.
—BY THE—

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

Cash Capital $1,000,000.

ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED,

With a Surplus of $506,387.88.

And the prestige of THIRTY-EIGHT YEARS success and experience.

Assets, January 1, 1858.

Cash in hand and Deposites in Hartford Banks,	$318 123 69
Cash in transit and Agents' hands,	166,872 65
Money due the Company, secured by Mortgage,	5 418 04
Real Estate unincumbered,	47 653 42
Bills Receivable,	35 177 18
	Market Value.
102 Bonds 6, 7 & 10 per cent interest annually,	102 000 00
637 Shares Railroad Stock,	54 446 00
50 do. Connecticut River Co. Stock,	1,250 00
50 do. Stafford Bank "	5,000 00
50 do. Waterbury Bank "	5,000 00
25 do. Providence "	1,800 00
2300 do. Hartford "	199 050 00
5985 do. New York "	300 662 50
15 do. Jersey City "	1 425 00
100 do. U S Trust Co. N. Y. "	10 000 00
150 do. N Y L I and Trust Co. "	22 500 00
	$1,506 387 83

TOTAL LIABILITIES: | Unclaimed Claims not due, $178 926 84.

LOSSES EQUITABLY ADJUSTED & PROMPTLY PAID,

Upwards of $11,000,000

Of Losses have been paid by the Ætna Insurance Co., in the past 38 years.

Fire and Inland Navigation.

Risks accepted at terms consistent with solvency and fair profit.

Especial attention given to Insurance of DWELLINGS *&c. &c. and Contents for terms of 1 to 5 years.*

The progress of this corporation have been stable and uninterrupted through seasons of financial sunshine and storm, or, periods eventful in or exempt from sweeping conflagrations and maritime disaster. Being long established on a cash basis, the troubles of the credit system affect us in no material particular.

During "hard times" the security of reliable Insurance is an imperative duty—the ability of property owners, to sustain loss being then much lessened.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns throughout the State. Policies issued without delay, by any of the duly authorized Agents of the Company.

☞ Business attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

JOHN HOUGH Jr. Agent.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HOUGH & JONES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, will attend to all legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.
Office—Calhoun street.

M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Office—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under the Sentinel Office.

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Office—On Calhoun street, one door south of P. Kiser's (second story).

H. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.
Office—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana.
Office—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

W. S. SMITH. W. W. STEEVENS.

SMITH & STEEVENS,
Attorneys at Laws,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.

Sale or purchase of Real Estate negotiated.

☞ OFFICE—Over City Auction Store. 36

BENJAMIN SAUNDERS,
JUSTICE OF PEACE,
No. 2 Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street,
(next door to the Sentinel Office.)
p6m19 FORT WAYNE.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

HOMŒOPATHY.
DR. G. W. BOWEN,
HOMŒOPATHIST,

Residence on Barr street, office on Calhoun street, Opposite the Public Square.
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Dr. C. S. Smith.

Offices on Calhoun street, over Hill's Book Store.
Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

RAILROAD NOTICE.

THE PITTSBURGH, F. WAYNE & CHICAGO Railroad Company

WITH its ample rolling stock and equipment, is prepared to transport Passengers and Freight from

Philadelphia & Pittsburgh to Chicago,

ST. LOUIS, INDIANAPOLIS, CINCINNATI,
And all places West and South-West,

With a great degree of regularity and expedition.

The fact that this road forms a direct and consolidated line between PITTSBURGH and CHICAGO, is a sufficient guarantee that its Trains will make time, and connections with Trains on other Roads.

Change of Time.
GOING WEST
PASSENGERS TRAINS LEAVE

	Mail.	1st Express.
Pittsburgh,	2 40 A M	2.15 P M
Crestline,	10 00 A M	10 30 P M
FT. WAYNE,	5.40 P M	5 30 A M
REACH CHICAGO.	7 00 A M	1:30 P M

All Trains make close connections at CRESTLINE for COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS and SAINT LOUIS.

Also at FORT WAYNE with Trains on Wabash & Western Railroad for *Lafayette, Central Illinois,* and *St. Louis.*

Also at Forest with trains on the M. R. & L. E R. R.

RETURNING.

	1st Express.	Mail.
From Chicago,	10 00 P M	6 30 A M
Ft. WAYNE,	5.45 A M	2 15 P M
Crestline,	12 01 P M	8.40 P M
Arr. Pittsburgh,	8 52 P M	6 10 A M

Making close connections with trains for Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York.

Trains from St Louis, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, and Columbus make close connections a Crestline with all returning trains. At Fort Wayne trains from St Louis, Central Illinois, Lafayette, and intermediate places, connect with above trains. At Forest, connections are made with trains to and from Cincinnati, Springfield and Dayton.

☞ *Baggage checked through, and no charge for handling.*

☞ For tickets and furter information apply to A. T. Johnson, Agent, at the Great Western Railroad Office, directly on the corner, at the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, or to Geo. Parkin, Passeng r Station, Penn Street, between Wayne and Canal; R P Patrick, No. 30 Dearborn Street, opposite the Tremont House, Chicago, or to the Agents at the Stations on the line

☞ All Trains stop at Fort Wayne 15 minutes.—Remember above is *leaving* time.

J. I. HOUSTON, Gen. Pass'gr Agent.
D. W. BOSS, Pass'gr Ag't Chicago.
JOS. H. MOORE, SUPERINTENDENT.

May 10th, 1858. y51

New and Direct Route
FROM
Toledo to St. Louis,
Springfield, Naples, Decatur, and all points in the West.

TOLEDO WABASH, & WESTERN RAILROAD

No change of Cars or Baggage between Toledo and St. Louis.

ON and after Monday, May 10th, 1858, Trains will leave Fort Wayne as follows:

GOING WEST,
Mail Express ..... 5.00 A.M.
New York & St. Louis Express ..... 5.00 P.M.
GOING EAST,
New York & St. Louis Express ..... 5.00 A.M.
Mail Express ..... 12 20 P.M.

Passengers by either of those trains go through to St. Louis without change of Cars, *an advantage not possessed by any on the route.* These trains make close connections at State Line with Great Western Railroad, for *Springfield, Naples, Decatur,* &c.

The Railroad is built and equipped in the most thorough manner, and for SPEED AND COMFORT, is not exceeded by any route to St. Louis.

The Mail Express leaving Fort Wayne at 5 00 A M, connects at Peru with Morning Train of the Peru and Indianapolis Railroad, for Indianapolis, and at Indianapolis with *all the Roads leading from that point.*

Trains leaving Fort Wayne at 5.00 A M. make close connections at Toledo with Trains of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad, for *Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo, Albany, New York* and *Boston.*

☞ FREIGHT TRAINS run daily between Toledo, Fort Wayne and State Line.

GEO. H. BURROWS, Gen Sup't.

Toledo, May 10, 1858.

J. E. HILL. A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,
(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)
Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS
FORT WAYNE, IND.

115 PIECES RED FLANNEL at ORFF'S

BLACK, BLUE, BROWN, & GREEN BROAD CLOTHS at ORFF'S

SATTINETTS, Jeans, Cassameres, Tweeds, Linseys & Full Cloths, at ORFF'S

BLACK and Colored Dress Silks, Merinoes, Delaines, Plaids, Coburgs, Alpaccas and Bombazines, at ORFF'S

LINEN Table Cloths, Diapers, Crashes & Sheeting at ORFF'S

ROCKHILL HOUSE,
By PHILO RUMSEY,
Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
January 20th, 1855. y26

MAYER HOUSE,
Formerly Palo Alto
H. B. GARTIN, Proprietor,
FORT WAYNE, IND.,
Corner of Wayne and Calhoun Streets.
☞ Omnibus to convey passengers to and from the Cars. y2

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Groceries,
Corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.
FORT WAYNE, IND.
JONAS W. TOWNLEY. ROBERT TOWNLEY.

BOOKS!
McDONALD'S TREATISE
On the Law relating to the
Powers & Duties
OF THE
JUSTICES OF THE PEACE & CONSTABLES
of the State of Indiana.
Just received at HILL & JACOBS',
February 12, Calhoun st.

HUMPHREY & HURD
CARPENTERS AND JOINERS,

HEREBY give notice to their friends and all whom it may concern, that they manufacture to order at their shop, nearly opposite the Rockhill House *Doors, Blinds Window Sash,* and all other kinds of work usually in their line of business. Having the most extensive assortment and the very best of machinery driven by steam of any establishment in this vicinity, they are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch and at the lowest prices. Give us a call.

Fort Wayne, April 11th, 1856 y41

COFFEE by the sack, to sell at PIERR'S.

A Large stock of
LARD OIL,
SPERM OIL, and
BURNING FLUID.
Also, Iceland Moss Paste, a delicious remedy for Coughs and Colds; Gum Drops, Jujube Paste, and Spruce Gum, at WALL, MEYER, & Co.'s

Dr. W. D. STEWART

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that he has returned to and permanently located in Fort Wayne, where he will continue the practice of Medicine an Surgery.

Residence north side of Berry street, two doors west of the 2d Presbyterian Church. Office on Clinton street, immediately over the Post Office.

May 21, 1857. y44

D. J. HOSTETTER'S
STOMACH BITTERS
FOR THE CURE OF

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Constipation Flatulency, Loss of Appetite or any Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels producing Cramps Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c. &c.

All of these ills yield like magic toits vilifying influence upon the system, and for a person in advanced years, or recovering from sickness of any kind, nothing can be more conducive to their convalescence than the use of these Bitters as per directions on the bottles.

Scarcely four years have elapsed since the first introduction of "Dr. J Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters" to the public, and such has been the success of this article after its tested efficacy by a discriminating public, that during the last year nearly half a million bottles were sold, with a continuous demand in excess of the supply with all the facilities the proprietors have been able to command in its preparation.

Are you dyspeptic? Then take these Stomach Bitters.

Are you bilious? Try one bottle of these Bitters, and be relieved at once.

Are you annoyed by indigestion or constipation? Remove the cause by the free use of these Bitters.

Have you fever and ague? How many thousands in the West and South have been cured of this constitution-destroying disease by the free use of these Bitters!

All should try this great Anidote. We venture to affirm that, when Hostetters's Stomach Bitters are used, a case of Fever and Ague cannot occur: therefore, no family consulting their own interest can afford to do without it.

A WORD TO THE LADIES

In recommending to your use Dr J Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters, it is but just to state that as a simulant to the system, in imparting strength and vigor, preparatory to periodical stages, which are of times attended with much pain and trouble, we know of no preparation more happily adapted to all afflictions consequent upon this cause, and for cramps in stomach, cholera morbus, and all ailments arising from over indulgence in fruits, vegetables, ice creams, &c, it is certain and almost instantaneous remedy, and no family should be without it.

One wineglassful taken three times each before meals, or half the quantity i the patients are in a weak condition, and increased in proportion to their strength, will be found a great tonic agent, which all will appreciate when personally satisfied of the facts, as they will be by giving the Bitters one trial.

☞ CAUTION ☜

Carefulness should be our study, but more particularly when the health is at stake. Since these Bitters have, from their medical qualities, become so popular, there have been a great many concoctions called Stomach Bitters, and often represented to be the same in virtue as Dr. Hostetter's, palmed upon the public. Be careful of these villainous compounds! Our Bitters are put up in square quart bottles, and covered with the patent metallic cap, stamped "Hostetter's Stomach Bitters," and Dr. J Hostetter blown on the glass. All others are imitation.

For sale at Fort Wayne, by
SMITH & BRACKENRIDGE. WALL & MEYER.
HUBBARD, REED; H. G. WAGNER.

Nov 7, 1856 y19

FLOUR-SACK FACTORY.

WE have commenced the manufacture of Sacks for Flour, Buckwheat, Meal, &c., and are prepared promptly to furnish all sizes, neatly printed to order, at New York prices, adding transportation. Terms cash.

TRESSELT & Co.

Fort Wayne, March 6. 36

GOOD NEWS!

ALL who want to buy good and CHEAP GOODS are invited to call at

P. PIERR'S.

There they will find every thing right, in

Groceries and Dry Goods.

Molasses, prime article,
Golden Syrup,
Tea from 37½ to $1 00 per lb.
Coffee, 12½ cents per lb.
Sugar very low, and prime article.

Call and satisfy yourself of the truth.

GLASSWARE exceedingly low; CROCKERY cheap—cheaper than anywhere else.

Come, come, and see!

January 23d, 1858

Drug Store Removed!

THE subscribers have removed his establishment, styled APOTHECARIES' HALL, to

No. 88 Columbia street,

directly opposite the Post Office, where he will be happy to serve his old customers, and as many new ones as will be pleased to call.

His stock consists of

DRUGS,
French, English and American Chemicals. Paints, Oils, Glass, Acids, Dye Woods, etc
—also—
BRANDIES AND WINES

of foreign importation, warranted pure.

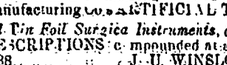
Agency of Orum & Armstrong's and New York Teeth Manufacturing Co's ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

Gold and Tin Foil Surgical Instruments, &c. &c.

☞ PRESCRIPTIONS compounded at all hours.

March 38 J. U. WINSLOW.

FREIGHT NOTICE.



THROUGH receipts will be given by the Indianapolis & Cincinnati, and Toledo, Wabash & Western Railroad Companies, for the transportation of freights via Peru and Indianapolis, between

Cincinnati & Fort Wayne,

and from Cincinnati to all points on the T. W. & W. R. R.

Rates as Low as by any other Route;

and time quicker—freights are taken through without transfer.

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Fort Wayne, Feb. 13th, 1858. tf—33

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C. L. HILL.

Interesting from Salt Lake City through an Escaped Mormon.

Probabilities of a Peaceful Result—Brigham Young likely to Retreat—Lack of Military Material—Condition of the Females—Terribly Suffering among the Hand-Cart Emigrants, &c.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Times.

LEAVENWORTH, K. T., April 19.

It was my fortune to meet here Frederick Loba, an ex-high Priest of the Mormons, who escaped recently from Salt Lake with his family, and is now in this city. I do not know when I have heard or read a more interesting or remarkable history than his, and within a few days I shall be able to lay it before you in full. For the present I will only say that he is a native of Switzerland, a man of great intelligence and liberal education, an accomplished linguist, and possessing rare conversational powers. He has traveled over and is familiar with every part of Europe, was distinguished in his own land and in Russia for his scientific attainments and was formerly a prominent official in his native town of Lausanne. But notwithstanding all this he became a victim to the strange delusion of Mormonism, and attested his sincerity by forsaking his high, honorable and independent position at home, and journeying with his family to Salt Lake in 1854, in the confident expectation to find there the Zion of God towards which his cultivated enthusiasm and intense religious zeal had turned with the highest and holiest aspirations.

How soul crushing was his disappointment when he reached the much longed for "Valleys of the Mountains," to find them the theatre of lust and crime of every description and the most disgusting character, perpetrated in the name of religion. Once in the city of the Saints, he awoke from his delusion, for his education and refinement were proof against even religious fanaticism and superstition. From that hour his attention was turned to plans for escape from the Valley. Foreseeing, however that this would be impossible if his purpose should be discovered, he was compelled to conceal his true feelings and appear to join with his heart and soul in the ceremonial mumeries from which his judgment turned with intensest loathing. He escaped, finally, in April last, and arrived here, after suffering incredible hardships, broken down in health, his family all sick, and without a farthing left of the ample means with which he started towards Salt Lake. No one who talks with Mr. Loba can doubt his sincerity, for honesty is stamped in every lineament, and truth beams out form every line of his eloquently simple narrative.

Of course, then his testimony in regard to the condition and resources of the Mormons at Salt Lake is of especial value, for no man could be better qualified to speak intelligently of the facts, as they are. I have questioned him closely upon these points, with the following result: He says, unhesitatingly, that the Mormons will not attempt to resist the United States troops if they go out in a body, instead of scattering along the road in small and careless parties, as did the Government wagon trains, which were destroyed upon the Plains last season. Mr. Loba met these on his way in and earnestly cautioned their conductors against their carelessness, assuring them of the danger and urging them to concentrate and move forward in a body; but they could see no enemy, nor apprehend any danger, failed to follow the friendly advice, and were cut off and robbed.

Mr. Loba bases his positive opinion that the Mormons will make no attempt at organized resistance upon his personal knowledged of the fact that they have no means of resistance. They have very little ammunition, "no gunpowder factory, no material from which to make the powder, none of the appliances essential to that purpose, nor any simple man who knows how to make one ounce of explosive material, even if his life depended upon it." Nor have they any artillery, with the exception of a piece of cannon; a two-pounder, one of a pair given them long since by the United States—the other one having burst while Mr. Loba was in the Valley. My informant is a man of considerable military capacity having been an officer in the French service in the time of Charles X. This fact becoming known, on his arrival at Salt Lake, he was for a long time besought to accept a military title and position, which gave him ample opportunity of ascertaining the military resources of the country and capacity of its people. He asserts that they have no military knowledge, even if they had arms—that their talk about their battalions and regiments and legions is the veriest humbug imaginable—and that their pretences of the possession of abundant armaments are falsehoods unmitigated. They have no iron from which to cast cannon—and if they had the material, they have no foundry, nor any machinery for boring them nor any mechanic competent to do the work. True, there is an abundance of iron ore 300 miles or more south of Salt Lake City, but it is highly magnetic, and up to the time when Mr. Loba left, although large sums had been expended in experimenting, all efforts to melt it down and render it fit for use had failed. Neither are the Mormons any better off in the matter of manufacturing small arms. They have some few gun tinkers among them; but, as an evidence of their utter incompetency, he mentions the fact that no one of them was able to make a screw for him, to replace one which he had lost from a revolver of peculiar construction.

Mr. Loba estimates the total population of the valley at 32,000 souls. Of these, counting every male from 15 to 60 years of age, he estimates that there are not to exceed 7,500 capable of bearing arms—while not more the 3,500 of the whole number, in his opinion, would make even passible soldiers, under drilling by skillful men. For one in ten of the entire male population had firearms of any description; and a large proportion of those they have are out of repair and worthless. He has no confidence in the statement that the Mormons have fortified Echo Canon, except it may be by digging ditches, and poising rocks to be rolled down from the lover hanging cliffs. Their boasts of mines under the roan, and all that sort of thing, he scouts as idle nonsense. In short, he considers the Mormons destitutes of any effective power of resistence to even the small force already under command of Gen. Johnston, and maintains that Brigham Young's entire reliance has been based upon his hope of being able to deter the United States from attempting to deal with him, by lying boasts of his ability to wage successful resistance.

He believes that when Brigham Young finds his braggadocio has failed, and that the United States authorities are determined to pursue him he will have a "special revelation from God," instructing him to retire from before the Philistines. In obedience to these directions he will go off with his 2,500 Danites or "Destroying Angels," and when, the troops arrive at Salt Lake, will be found missing. They will probably go northward to Vancouver's Island, or possibly to the Russian possessions, which they can do easier than go southward to Sonora, as they are without means of subsistance while crossing the desert lying in that direction. There is no probability that the "Saints," will retire in a body thence, to sally in predatory bands upon the Gentile troops or civil occupants of the valley. The Danites—well fitted by experience and wicked instincts for the life of banditti—might take to the mountains; but the masses could not follow them there, because it would be simply a journey to starvation and death. And for this very reason no considerable body even of the Danites will seek the mountain life, because there they could no longer live upon the sweat and blood of the toiling masses, whose tithes and other offerings have heretofore afforded to the Mormon hierarchy and their ministers of despotism known as "Destroying Angels," the support and means of gratifying their debasing tastes and passions.

Mr. Loba naturally feels very deeply the misery and degradation which Mormonism entails. A man of large heart and noble instincts he is sorely grieved at the condition of the creatures whom he left under the heel of the Mormon Theocracy. He has witnessed every species of outrage and crime heaped upon men and women in the name of religion, and feels that it is a sterniduty of the Government of the United States to go to every extreme in order to prevent the sacrifice of further victims. Understanding the whole system of Mormonism in all its secret mysteries and its continuous net work of crime, he is firm in the conviction that it can never be tolerated with safety, and that only in extermination can the evil be reached and cured. To this issue he thinks the question must come at last, believing that the "Saints," if they escape now, will eventually force either the Federal Government, or the indignant people of the border, to cut off the tail of the rabid dog, immediately back of the ears.

Perhaps no single incident in connection with Mormon history presents more of horror, than the history of hand cart trains, which you may remember was painted in such glowing colors by some of the Mormon missionaries whose harangues I reported at one of their meetings in New York last summer. I asked Mr. Loba to give me an unvarnished statment of the facts—for it was evident from the story told by the Mormons themselves that they were hiding important details which would not bear discovery. It appears that Young sent Franklin and Saml. D. Richards—two of his shrewdest and most unscrupulous minions—to Liverpool, to superintend the emigration thence to Salt Lake, of the numerous proselytes made in Europe. These men collected a large amount of money from the faithful, in sums of £53 each, which was to purchase wagons and other outfits for the passage from New York to Utah—each sum of £53 providing for a family—or if the man had none for himself and associates. A party of about 2,500 souls, collected under this arrangement, set sail with their faces towards "Zion." On their arrival on the frontier they were informed that Brother Brigham had received a revelation from God, directing that in order to try their faith and thus test who among them were worthy the donors of the faithful, they should journey to Salt Lake in hand-cart trains?

Accordingly, their pilots and leaders—filled with the grace acquired at the feet of their Prophet Brigham—kindly purchased the hand carts for them at the disposal of the newly arrived brethren at exactly double that sum. Of the entire party were compelled to go on foot six to each hand cart, which they dragged along with its contents, consisting of seventeen pounds of luggage to each person. All the property of the emigrants, over and above this, they were compelled to throw away, of course—thus loosing the litte remnant of their savings after having been most religiously robbed of all their cash. Now dissentions rose among them, and the result was that they did not reach the banks of the Missouri, from whence we start Westward until the 1st of September.

Here, then, they stood, with twelve hundred miles of weary travel on foot before them, and the merciless rigors of a northern winter staring them in the face. The commonest humanity would have inspired the leaders of the deluded band to stay their stept until the opening spring. But they seem to have been oblivious to any such sentiment. They got up another revelation from on high, in which the travellers were bidden onward, and assured that the angels of the Lord would be upon their right hand and their left, shielding them from harm, providing them sustenance and protection, and conducting the rejoicing into the valleys of the mountains, where dwelt the glories of Israel's God!

Thus twenty-five hundred honest simple souls full of honest faith and zeal—old men and young, gentle women and tender children plunged into the wilderness, never doubting the result. Sad to relate, of that entire band, only about two hundred, frost bitten, starving and emanciated beings, lived to tell the story of thier sufferings! Mr. Loba himself, witnessed the entrance of the survivors—many even of whom were compelled to submit to the rudest kind of surgery for the amputation of limbs already frozen to death. Twenty-three hundred of the devoted band had fallen by the way, tortured victims of hunger and cold some of them indeed torn by tamished wolves, while life still struggled for the victory over famishment and frost. The picture is too horrible to contemplate—but my informant states that its truth is well attested by many persons who soon after passed over the scene of this march of death, and found it strewn with its thousands of ghastly human skeletons. He says, too, that among the tribes of Utah white children are now living who were picked up from the snow by the savages, and thus rescued from the death which their parents had failed to escape.

Mr. Loba well asks whether it is not the province of Government to take notice of such events as these, and essay an effort to prevent their recurrence. It was far from safe, however, to suggest such an idea in Salt Lake City. A London friend of Mr. Loba's, named Jarvis, stung at sight of the miserable remnant of the hand cart immigration, remarked, that if such an event had occurred in England, Brigham Young would have been called to account by the Government. For utterance of this sentiment Jarvis became at once the object of cruel persecution. The Destroying Angels burned his house, robbed him, and dragged him out by the hair of the head. He was obliged to fly for his life, abandoning all his property of every description.

The condition of the female portion of the community at Salt Lake is represented as most deplorable. Large numbers of them feel deeply the degradation of their position, and look forward with joy, even to death, as a means of release. When the army shall have reached the Valley, Mr. Loba believes that the greater portion of the female Saints, will avail themselves of the protection thus afforded them, and abandon Mormondom. Many of these will do so because of their sufferings, notwithstanding that they still maintain faith in the doctrine of the Saints, while a larger number will, because of their intent disgust for the whole affair. I have thus given you a few of the prominent facts and suggestions derived from my intelligent informant. His intensely interesting personal narrative shall be forthcoming as soon as he has had time to make it complete.

Strange as it may seem, new victims to the delusions of Mormonism continue to pass up the Missouri, on their way to the Valley. Forty families of them passed here yesterday form St. Louis, on board the steamer Omaha. Russell & Majors, Government contractors endeavoured to procure passage hence on ths same vessel for a party of their teamsters, but the Captain wisely declined to take them, foreseeing, as he did, that there would be serious trouble between them and the Mormons, for the teamsters were boasting upon the levee of their hostile intentions.

Douglas' Probable Successor.—Should the republicans secure a majority in the Illinois legislature, to be chosen next November, it seems to be understood on all hands that they will select a true and tried friend of their cause to succeed Judge Douglas. Only one person is seriously named in this connection, as yet, and a general agreement in his favor is probable. This is Hon Abraham Lincoln, formerly of the House of Representatives. He but just missed of an election, instead of Judge Trumbull, the present republican Senator from Illinois. As there are to be two democratic State tickets in the field at the next election, unless there is some very abrupt backing down, it is nearly certain that the republicans will carry the State, and have full control of the legislature.

☞ A Paris letter-writer says of Louis Napoleon:

The notion of an incessant and horrible danger hanging over his head has so possessed the Emperor, that in spite of all his resolves to the contrary, his nervous system is shaken to the roots, and he is in that peculiar state of mind that prevents a man from seeing straight or moving straight. He no longer enjoys his liberty of action or of thought, and his own mistaken acts it will be that will probably one day bring a fatal crisis on.

The Acquittal of Dr. Bernard.

The acquittal of Dr Bernard, the Frenchman tried at London for conspiring with Rudio and Pierri, is mainly attributed to the effect produced by the speech of his counsel, Mr Edwin James. The evidence was certainly very telling against the prisoner. His complicity with Rudio and the other conspirators was very fairly made out. It was shown that he was aware of what was going on, that he purchased part of the materials used in the composition of the bombs, and that he officiated as the best friends of the conspirators in England. The character of the defence may be judged from the concluding portion of Mr Jame's address to the jury:

I have now commented on the facts of this case, and I ask whether it is one in which you will stretch the law and give a verdict for the Crown?—whether the evidence is such as should induce you to consign to death the prisoner at the bar? I should have thought that when, under the dismal twilight of that morning, Orsini and Pierri expiated their crime upon the guillotine at Paris, enough had been done to vindicate the demands of French justice. I should have thought when they were defeated upon their conspiracy bill, *which they introduced to please the Emperor, whose haughty commands had gone in a different strain to the weaker courts of Sardinia and Switzerland,* that the Crown prosecutors would have been satisfied. But, no; always the charge of conspiracy is still hanging over the prisoner, it is sought to find him guilty on a charge of wilful murder under an act of Parliament which is not applicable to the case, and which I believe to be, so far as the law is concerned, a mockery and a sham. The great object of the French government is, if possible, to establish through you gentlemen of the jury, *that an exile is not to be protected in this country.* It has been the pride of this country, to be, as was said by Cicero of Rome, "*Regum popu'orrm, nationum, portus et refugium.*" How true has that been of this country! We have had exiled kings here, an exiled priesthood, an exiled nobility—we have had the Emperor of the French an exile here, plotting against the throne of Louis Philippe; and now his objects is to destroy that very asylum which afforded a refuge to himself.—Will you allow the laws of England to be perverted for such a purpose? I trust that you will hesitate long before you do so, and that you will see doubts enough in this case which will compel you to say that the crime charged in the indictment has not been proved against the prisoner. I need not remind you that it has been of the greatest advantage to this country that her free shores have been open to exiles from other lands. The requisition of Philip II., of Spain, led to an insurrection in the Netherlands, and conduced to the more firm establishment of Protestantism in this country; the revocation of the Edict of Nantes drove to our shores the Sanrins, the Rollins, and the Labouchères who have shed a lustre on this country. *Will you, then, at the bidding of a neighboring despot, destroy the asylum which aliens have hitherto enjoyed?* No, I am satisfied that you will not; I implore you at least to pause before you co so, because I believe, conscientiously, that you do not see at present the result that may flow from this proceeding. Gentlemen, I have done, I have discharged my duty towards the unhappy gentleman at the bar to the best of my ability. I have discharged it as an English advocate. I believe, ought to have discharged it—fearlessly and conscientiously. Let me urge you to discharge yours also fearlessly, firmly and conscientiously. You will have the case left in your hands, after an able reply from the Attorney General, by one who will hold the scales with an even and impartial hand. I implore you to let the verdict be your own, uninfluenced *by the ridiculous fears of French armaments of French invasions, such as were raised in Pellier's case.* You, gentlemen, will not be intimidated by foreign dictation to consign the accused to the scaffold; you will not pervert and wrest the law of England to please a foreign dictator. No. Tell the prosecutor in this case that the jury box is the sanctuary of English liberty. Tell him that on this spot your predecessors have resisted the arbitrary power of the crown, backed by the influence of crown serving and time serving judges. Tell him that under every difficulty and danger your predecessors have secured the political liberties of the people. Tell him that the verdicts of English juries are founded on the eternal and immutable principles of justice. Tell him that, panoplied in that armor, no threat of armament or invasion can awe you. Tell him that, though 600,000 French bayonets glittered before you, though the roar of French cannon thundered in your ears, you will return a verdict which your own breast and consciences will sanctify and approve, *careless whether that verdict pleases or displeases a foreign despot, or secures or shakes and destroys forever the throne which a tyrant has built up on the ruins of the liberty of a once free and mighty people.* [Distinct clapping of hands and other symptoms of approval were manifested by a portion of the audience at the conclusion of the learned counsel's address, and it was some time before the ordinary aspect of the court was restored.]

The Times then describes in the most graphic manner the scene in the Court room while the jury were out; the whole vast area pact with human beings—ladies, gentlemen and boys; all the streets around the "Old Bailey" surging with a sea of heads.

Mr. Clark, the Clerk of Arraigns, addressing the jury said: Gentlemen, are you agreed upon your verdict?

The Foreman—We are.

Mr. Clark—How say you? Is Simon Bernard guilty or not guilty?

The Foreman—Not Guilty.

On the announcement of this decision, a scene occurred, unexampled, perhaps, in an English tribunal. From the galleries first, and then in an instant afterward from the floor of the court, proceeded a loud shout of exultation. The cheering was again and again repeated—the excitement was contagious—and many of the ladies of quality present waved their handkerchiefs in token of their delight. Vainly did the Lord Chief Justice endeavor by voice and gesture to still the tumult, and as powerless were the stentorian lungs of Mr. Harker, though exerted to the utmost, to restore silence. The prisoner, who was extremely excited, flourished his pocket handkerchief over his head, and several times attempted to speak. By this time the verdict had reached the ears of the crowd assembled outside the Old Bailey, the rapturous cheer which they raised, and after repeated could be distinctly heard within the court. The Judges unable and perhaps unwilling to check this spontaneous ebullition of popular feeling, but yet not liking to sanction it, by their presence rose to depart. The look of Lord Campbell at this moment was of itself a study. Slightly ruffled at the defiance which had been shown to his authority, his Lordship still retained his good humor, and seemed disposed to yield a momentary homage to the *

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

Secretary of State,
DANIEL McCLURE, of Morgan.

Auditor of State,
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.

Treasurer of State,
NATHANIEL F. CUNNINGHAM, of Vigo

Superintendent of Public Instruction,
SAMUEL L. RUGG, of Allen,

Attorney General,
JOSEPH E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.

For Supreme Judges,
SAMUEL E. PERKINS, of Marion.
ANDREW DAVISON, of Decatur
JAMES M. HANNA, of Vigo.
JAMES L. WORDEN, of Whitley.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1858.

Wabash & Western Railroad—CHANGE OF TIME—The Wabash Valley trains now leave Fort Wayne as follows:

Going West—at 5 A. M and 5 P. M.
Going East—at 5 A. M. and 12.20 P M.

The Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne, & Chicago trains leave—

Going West—at 5.30 A. M. and 5.40 P. M.
Going East—at 5.45 A M and 2 15 P.M.

The Land Grant to Kansas—The Republicans have become alarmed lest the English compromise should be accepted by the people of Kansas, and the disgraceful squabble which has been so long kept up in the country be put an end to,—in which case their entire stock in trade would be lost, and they would have nothing left under which to rally as a party. Like Othello (a man of their own color and after their own heart) their occupation would be gone.

In this dilemma they seek to attack the English bill, but not being able to find anything in it which is justly obnoxious to censure, they have raised a hue and cry that the land proposed to be donated to the new state is offered as a "bribe" to induce the people of Kansas to accept the Lecompton Constitution. It is true, the bill proposes to allow to Kansas about three and a half millions acres of land—the usual quantity donated to other states; but it is equally true that Kansas, under the ordinance accompanying the Lecompton constitution, claimed twenty-three and a half millions acres, and it is on the very question of this reduction of the amount of land granted that the vote in Kansas is to be taken. Kansas claims twenty-three and a half millions of acres, which Congress looks upon as exorbitant, but is willing to admit the new state if they will moderate their demands down to three and a half million acres, or the same amount granted to other states. And this reduction of about four-fifths of the land claimed, is gravely denounced as a bribe! Truly, republicanism must be at a low ebb, and hard run for something to find fault with, when such false and preposterous charges are made.

But to show the folly and inconsistency of this clamor still more clearly, it may be remarked that the proposed grant or "bribe" in the English bill is precisely the same as that contained in the Crittenden amendment and the Montgomery substitute, which were sustained and applauded by these same conscientious republican denouncers of the "bribe," and were voted for by every republican in Congress. Mr. Crittenden first proposed the "bribe," Mr. Montgomery copied the clause containing it, but when the English bill came, now popular this proposition was incorporated, it in his bill, every republican voted against it, and the whole party throughout the Union denounce it as a bribe to secure the vote of Kansas in favor of the Lecompton Constitution! To such mean, contemptible shifts is this party reduced, in order to keep up the excitement and prevent the settlement of the Kansas difficulties. Can any man, possessing the least claim to honesty, fairness, or common sense support such a course, or be led away by such ridiculous and utterly false charges as are made against this bill? We trust, for the honor of the American people, that no such will be found.

CONGRESS.—Now that the Kansas question is disposed of Congress appears disposed to attend to its more necessary duties. A large amount of business has been disposed of, but nothing of much special interest, except the bill admitting Minnesota as a State, which has passed both Houses. The Senators elect, Gen. Shields and Mr. Rice have presented their credentials and taken their seats, Messrs. Cavanaugh and Phelps Representatives, also presented their credentials, which, after some dicussion, were referred to the committee on elections.

It may seem singular, but it is no less true, that the admission of a free state has been delayed and opposed at every turn by those especial champions of freedom the Black Republicans, and its passage was finally secured by southern democratic votes. The hypocrisy of these republicans and the hollowness of their pretensions to love of freedom and popular sovereignty are generally manifested by their course on this occasion. They oppose the admission of a free state—because it had elected democratic officers; but vote for the admission of Kansas with a slave constitution, under the Montgomery Crittenden bill; because they expected it to be represented in Congress by members of their own peculiar stripe. This shows the honesty and the sincerity of Black Republicanism. That party are in favor of 'popular sovereignty' when they think the people will decide as they want them to; but when the people decide against them they care no more for the popular voice than though it were the idle wind.—Democrats hereafter will know what confidence to place in the professions of this party. Hollow hearted and hypocritical, they care not how frequently or how grossly they belie their professions, so that they can thereby gain a miserable party end.

The Presidents Rumored Trip to the West—The Cleveland Plaindealer learns from undoubted authority, that during the long recess of Congress, the President contemplates making a tour of the west. His first stopping place will be at Cleveland. We do not learn whether he will visit Fort Wayne, but think he ought to do so. In no other place has Old Buck more warm and devoted friends, and in none would he be more heartily welcomed.

HUMBUG.—We have received a long extract from a raw head and bloody-bones Indian story, now appearing in a trashy New York paper, with an order to publish, for which a fair compensation would be allowed. The balance of the story is to be found only in the New York paper alluded to. We do not approve of this manner of humbugging and imposing upon our readers, and therefore refuse to insert, and beg our esteemed New York agents not to trouble us with any more advertisements of this nature. Any legitimate advertising from them will always be promptly attended to, but respect for our readers prevents any such publication as the one above referred to.

The English Bill for the settlement of Kansas difficulties, although opposed and denounced by Mr. Douglas, appears to be generally acquiesced in by his friends in this state. We believe all the Anti Lecompton democratic papers in the state, express their satisfaction with the compromise, and avow their determination to sustain the regularly organized democratic state ticket. All past differences of opinion are healed up; the party is again united; the democracy of Indiana will present an unbroken front at the next election; and as a matter of course will be successful. There is no hope for republicanism, under whatever name or guise it may present itself, in Indiana, when the democratic party is united. An insidious attempt has been made to divide the party, and at one time we must admit there seemed some probability that the scheme would prevail; but the rank and file of the party stood firm, and could not be seduced from their allegiance. We honor them for their devotion to democratic principles and usages, and feel assured that the glorious democracy of Indiana can always be relied upon. Buchanan owes his nomination and election more to the democrats of Indiana than to those of any other state, and we rejoice in being able to announce that their confidence in him is unshaken, and their determination to sustain his administration as firm and decided as were their efforts to elect him. Indiana democracy remains unchanged and unchangeable.

City Officers.—The Common Council at their meeting on Tuesday night, elected Louis T. Bourie, Chief Engineer Fire Department; Wm Stewart, Market Master; and S. G. Johnson, John Ryan, and Henry Tons, Supervisors, or assistants to the Street Commissioner.

A False Rumor.—Straggling rumors have got into the opposition newspapers intimating probable modifications or changes in the cabinet. These rumors, the Washington Union says, are unfounded and gratuitous. Probably no administration in the history of the country has so entirely harmonized on all measures of policy as the present one; and no fact is more certain than that each and every member of the cabinet enjoys the entire and implicit confidence of the President.

☞ PROF. HARDICK designs leaving this city on the 10th June next. Those having Pianos or other musical instruments needing tuning or repairing would do well to call upon him before that time, as they may never meet with another opportunity to have it so well done. Prof. Hardick has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have intrusted their instruments to his care, having in many instances greatly improved their tone and power, and made them better than when new; he has few equals as a tuner in the country.

MRS. KING has just opened a new stock of beautiful spring and summer bonnets, embroideries, artificials &c. Also an assortment of calicoes, lawns, and other dress goods, and some remarkably cheap silk and lace mantillas, &c. See advertisement in another column.

CONCERT.—The Rehearsal of the Summit City Harmonic Society on Monday evening last was a very favorable specimen of the musical talents of our citizens, and gave entire satisfaction to the audience. Many of the pieces were executed in a style that would have done no discredit to professional singers, and, on the whole, we do not think any who heard the performance will accuse us of exaggerated praise when we say that the evening's entertainment was fully equal to any given here by regular concert troupes. It is evident we have musical talent among us, which the Harmonic Society, under its present able management, will cultivate and develope. Owing to the extreme inclemency of the weather the attendance was not so large as it otherwise undoubtedly would have been.

☞ ERASTUS WILLARD, Esq., brother of Gov. Willard of this State, died recently in New Orleans. A friend and fellow-student of the deceased, living in this city, requests us to publish the beautiful tribute to his memory which will be found below; he also handed us the Utica (N. Y.) Observer, from which we extract the following feeling obituary notice of this promising *young* man:

Death of Erastus Willard.

The hearts of many friends in this County have been saddened by the announcement that Erastus Willard, the yougest and only surviving brother of Hon. A. P. Willard, Governor of Indiana, died at New Orleans on Saturday the 3d inst. Our former notice was so brief and so hurriedly prepared that our readers will pardon another allusion to the event and the life and character of the deceased.

Mr. Willard's age was a few days over twenty-six years. He was born at Whitesbero, Oneida County, March 9th, 1832. This village was then a place of more importance than now. The County Courts were held there, and some of the leading lawyers of the County resided there. When Erastus Willard was a boy, his father held the Sheriffship of Oneida County for a term of three years. All the sons of Sheriff Willard seem to have imbibed from the scenes with which they were familiar at Whitesboro, a strong predilection for political life. They grew up to be earnest, shrewd and successful politicians, of the Democratic school. Out of five brothers, Governor Willard is the only one now living.

Few young men give promise of a brighter future than did Erastus Willard before disease marked him for an early victim.—His intellect was clear, grasping and comprehensive. His love of books was second only to his love of active life. He was graduated from Hamilton College, last July, as the valedictorian of his class, but owing to his illness was unable to appear at Commencement. He was gifted in a remarkable degree with that fervid eloquence which has made for his surviving brother a national fame. During the political campaign which resulted in the election of James Buchanan, he went through the State of Indiana, speaking from the stump, day after day with a readiness in the use of historical facts, a sweep of logic and an exhaustless enthusiasm, that equally surprised and charmed the large crowds that assembled to hear the youthful statesman. Equally marked and admirable were his personal and social qualities. Wherever he went he drew around him many friends by his frankness and generosity. The last few months of his life were spent at Baton Rogue and Tallahasse, and were cheered by the presence of one or more of his most intimate friends. The final resting place of his ashes will be at New Albady, where he fitted for college. No life is wasted, however short it may be, that teaches such lessons for the living as those gently whispered from the grave of Erastus Willard.—*Utica Observer.*

As a College mate, a student, he was a bright star to those, who with him, trod the paths of thought. When they sought him, 'twas through the labyrinths of classic lore, not along the gay, and festooned walks leading to scene of festivity, and idleness. Genius cradled his infancy; her enchanting voice guided him; and whilst the germs of her aspiration a were growing with intense, and restless ardor, he was cut down, in reaching forth a faithful hand, to enshrine a gem upon her altar.

Never in any bosom did the tide of hope bound with a stronger current, than in his—nightly vigils over the dreams of Grecian sages, and Roman Bards; bespoke the toilsome care of his anxious mind.

As a friend he was kind, and quick to forgive. His nice sense of honor won for him respect, and esteem, and made him beloved by all. As a brother, he was without a fault; his heart beat to no unkind voice, and his devoted love, to those around him, was exemplified in his every word and action.

With that little band, bound together, by the "mystic tie," in our Alma mater, we mourn his untimely doom; with them, we strew our humble garland upon his "turf-rear'd" tomb—where friends may come to freshen memory, and pluck the rose, that bends to kiss his ashes.

O. M.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, May 11.

HOUSE.—Mr. Smith, of Va, asked leave to report a bill to organize the Territory of Nevada.

Mr. Clemens, of Va., objected.

The House rejected the bill amending the act of 1851, limiting the liabilities of ship owners.

Mr. Burroughs, of N. Y., from a special Committee, on the subject of a ship canal around the Falls of Niagara, made a report proposing a grant of land in aid of the construction of the work to the extend of one third of its probable cost.

The House then resumed the consideration of the Senate bill for the admission of Minnesota into the Union.

Mr. Ricaud, of Md., spoke against alien suffrage, contending that none but citizens of the United States should be allowed to vote.

Mr. Stephens, of Ga., answered various objections made against the bill, arguing that Congress could only look into the Constitution of a new State, to see whether it was Republican in form, and legally and fairly the expressed will of the people; if it conflicts with their Constitution of the United States, that instrumant points out a remedy.

The Minnesota bill then passed in the form it came from the Senate, by a vote of 157 against 38.

The House ordered to be engrossed the resolution authorizing the President to take prompt measures for the abrogation of the Clayton Bulwer Treaty. The question now recurred on ordering the engrossment of the preamble thereto, asserting that both the American and British interpretation of the treaty had been productive of misunderstanding and controversy. The preamble was rejected—67 against 99. A long debate ensued on the resolution

WASHINGTON, May 12.

SENATE.—A communication was received from the Secretary of War, relative to the proposed purchase of a site for the fortification of the harbor of San Francisco.

Mr Broderick, of California, declared that the whole ranche proposed to be purchased was not worth more than seven thousand dollars.

Mr Fessenden, of Me., objected to the price demanded, $200,000, and thought the necessity was not so urgent that Congress should submit to such an enormous imposition.

Mr Gwinn said that the site was indispensable for the protection of the harbor, hence he should not hesitate about the price.

The subject was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

After the transaction of some unimportant business, the consideration of the bill for the repeal of the fishing bounties was resumed.

After some debate, the fishery question was suspended, and the credentials of Mr Rice were presented as Senator for Minnesota. As soon as presented and read Mr Harlan presented charges from the people of Minnesota, charging Rice with corruption in land sales.

Mr Brown objected to the credentials being received, not because the charges were made, but because Minnesota was not a State when she elected Rice and Shields, and the whole thing is wrong. A debate ensued.

The charges made are, that Mr Rice sold land at one dollar and a half per acre and gave receipts for one dollar and a quarter per acre.

Mr Seward, of New York, thought Mr Brown more metaphysical than practical.

Mr Bright, of Ind defended the new Senator from the imputation; he believed that he would satisfactorily explain to the country the matter at issue.

Mr Davis, of Miss., sustained Mr Harlan in presenting these papers of charges.

Mr Rice was then sworn in, and immediately addressed the Senate.

Mr Harlan offered a resolution for a Committee of Investigation to examine the charges, with power to send for persons and papers. Laid over.

Mr Crittenden, presented the credentials of General Shields, who was also sworn in as Senator from Minnesota. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, May 13.

HOUSE.—Mr. Philips of Pa., said that Messrs Cavanaugh and Phelps member from Minnesota were present, and moved that they be sworn.

The certificates of election were read and found to be signed by Samuel Medary, Governor of Minnesota, and dated December.

Mr. Sherman objected to the administration of the oath. It was known that the Constitution of Minnesota provided for the election of three members by a general ticket, and he desired to be informed as to where the credentials of the 3d member were.

Mr. Philips replied, that these were the only credentials he had seen.

Mr. Millson, of Va. offered a resolution that the certificates and crededtials of those claiming election of members from Minnesota be referred to the committee on elections, with instructions to enquire and report as to their right to be sworn as members.

Mr. Millson's resolution was adopted as a substitute for Mr. Phillip's motion that the members be sworn, by 91 against 84.

Mr. Sherman moved a reconsideration of the vote and lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Harris of Ill. thought it better for the public business, that the subject be examined by the Committee on Election, who will immediately have a meeting.

Mr. Florence of Pa. said if by general consent, the members be sworn in, he would have no objection to the subject going before the Committee.

Mr. Hughes, of Indiana, moved that the House adjourn.

Mr. Hughes' motion was voted down and Mr. Sherman's agreed to by 4 majority.

The question recurred on agreeing to Mr. Philips's motion as amended by the adoption of Mr. Millson's substitute and it was decided in the affirmative, 108 against 83.

WASHINGTON, May 7.

Col. Sayles, of R. I. and Mr. Austin his Private Secretary, have just left this city for Arizona, via: San Antonio and San Diego. Mr. Sayles is charged with important duties connected with the Post Office, Interior and Treasury Departments. It is said that he has confidential communications with reference to Sonora. In company with Mr. Sayles is Porf. Pierce, Mining Engineer and Geologist, and S. Burton, Civil Engineer, who goes out in the employ of the Lopri Land and Mining Co., to put in operation the mines of that company, taking with them the most approved appliances for silver mining.

Mr. E. G. Dunbar, has just arrived form Arizona. He confirms the great value of the silver operations in the centre of that territory and represents the condition of the territory as distressing in the extreme. He brings the proceedings of a public meeting held by the citizens of Santa Cruz Valley, addressed to Congress, praying urgently for relief. The memorial has been placed in the hands of Lieut. Mowry, delegate for Arizona.

The Kansas bill will be officially despatched to-morrow, to Gov. Denver, with instructions designed to secure a fair vote on the proposition to be submitted to the people.

The estimate for the three volunteer regimens for 18 months, is said to amount to $450,000.—They will positively not be called into service until the appropriations are made.

Lieut. General Scott, has arrived here in pursuance of the orders of the Secretary of War.

Gen Cramer, chief clerk in the Land Office, at Lecompton, Kansas, who is now in this city, reports that there was a very general feeling of indignation in the territory at the announcement of the sale of the Kickapoo and Lecompton lands, and that meetings, protesting against the sale, have been held throughout the Territory.

Senator Evans, whose decease was mentioned in the Senate to-day, was taken suddenly ill last evening, while supping with his colleague, Mr. Hammond, and died soon afterward. His death was caused by disease of the heart.

The iron has been purchased for that portion of the Cincinnati, Logansport and Chicago Railroad between Logansport and Valparaiso, and the work of grading will be commenced in a short time. The Surveying party on the road is at work. The party is under the direction of Theodore Lincoln Engineer of the road.—*Dem. Pharos.*

Senator Douglas

We must confess great astonishment and regret that Mr DOUGLAS should rise in his place in the Senate, and in an elaborate speech reiterate the unfounded and ridiculous objections which have been made against the report of the Kansas Committee of Conference by the opposition press. It was unworthy of him, not only as a Democrat, but most disastrous to his reputation for ability and foresight. The so called ENGLISH bill must indeed be unanswerable in argument in argument, when Senator Douglass can find nothing stronger to hurl at it than the silly charge that it is "a bribe and a threat to the people of Kansas," which was originated by the more corrupt of the Black Republican press, and exposed almost immediately, and admitted to be false by every candid man. The Senator, however, having no other objections, adopts this calumny, and seeks to give it dignity by Senatorial utterance. His speech is calculated to strengthen the worst apprehensions which have been expressed in regard to his future political position, and to deeply mortify and annoy those who cherished the belief that he contemplated no permanent estrangement from the Democratic organization. He and his friends in the Illinois delegation now stand almost alone upon this question. His warmest and most attached adherents in Ohio and Indiana—such men as Mr Cox and others, in the House, and Mr GRAY, of the Cleveland Plain Dealer—who have stood inflinchingly by him up to this point, find now that their paths must divert in the future. They have taken the steps which lead back to the party organization, while he seems to continue on a road which can terminate nowhere but in the Republican camp. We say this in no unkind feeling toward the distinguished Senator from Illinois, and should greatly rejoice to find that he yet intends to be faithful and true to the Democratic cause. He is a statesman of ability, whose loss we should deplore as a misfortune to our organization. But if he contemplates no radical change of position and of friends, it is almost inexplicable to us why he should not, like Messrs Cox, GROESBECK, PENDLETON, LAWRENCE, and others, have accepted the ENGLISH proposition as a fair compromise of conflicting sentiments, and, for the sake of peace and harmony, thrown his great influence into the scale of the friends of the adjustment. By omitting so to do he has lost a golden opportunity to reinstate himself in that position which he occupied previous to his unfortunate speech at the commencement of the session.—*Cin Eng.*

Congress—Improved Progress of Business

Evidences are already apparent in Congress of the good results of the dismission of the Kansas controversy from its deliberations. The sessions of each House are longer and an unusual amount of business is despatched. Not only is Congress bestowing its attention in good earnest upon the miscellanious business on its calendars; but the temper of members is favorable for the despatch of business. One of the most important of the annual appropriation bills was passed by the House on yesterday without any formal opposition. This is but an instance showing the temper of members of all parties in favor of the facilitation of business. The disposition to despatch business seems general, and none are disposed to raise dilatory objections merely for the purpose of clogging the progress of bills.

We suppose there will still be much animated debate during the remaining weeks of the expiring session, on original and new questions, such as the Minnesota bill; but, if we are to judge from the experience of the present week, the regular routine business of Congress will be taken up energetically in its due course and be allowed to progress to maturity without impediment from dilatory objections and unnessary motions and roll calls.

The resolution which was adopted by a meeting of the democrats of the House, a few days ago, approving the President's suggestion of passing bills in time to allow him a few day's deliberation upon them before the expiration of the session, is a good augury; and we have reason to believe that it not only expresses the sentiment of the democratic portion of Congress but of the opposition also.

We can see no reason, in view of the swimming manner in which the business of Congress has got along, during the present week, to doubt the practicability of an adjournment on the 7th of June, the day fixed upon by joint resolution.

We could not invoke for the country a higher gratification, or for Congress itself a more welcome result, than by wishing, as we do with much confidence, that the adjournment may be effected by the day determined on.—*Washington Union.*

Death of Senator Evans.—The most melancholy incident of the present session of Congress has been the sudden death of Senator Evans, of South Carolina. He was perfectly well on Thursday, was present in the Senate during the session of that day, and even made one of a dining party at Senator Hammond's on that night. No symptom of illness appeared until his return to his lodgings about ten o'clock of that evening, shortly after which he was attacked with an affection of the heart, and died most suddenly. The first intimation which the large majority of his fellow members in Congress received of the sad occurrence was the official announcement of his death, which was made in each house immediately after the morning session was opened.

Senator Evans was a native of South Carolina, and resided at Society Hill, Darlington district. He was aged about sixty years, and had been a United States senator five years on the 4th of March last. The greater part of his life was spent in public service, as he at one time filled the responsible office of attorney general of his native State, and for more than twenty years before his advent in the United States Senate, occupied the position of judge of the supreme court of South Carolina. He was a valuable member of society, and was held in the highest esteem, not only in his native State, but by men of all parties in Congress and in Washington.—*Wash. Union.*

CHESTER, Orange Co., N.Y., May 7.

Mrs. Phebe Westlake, a widow residing in this place, was yesterday arrested on suspicion of poisoning several persons in this village and last night destroyed herself by taking arsenic. Before the suicide she confessed that she had administered poison at different times to a Mrs. Felder, who died about two weeks since very suddenly. She also confessed that she had administered poison to Mr. J. B. Futhil, a merchant, who has recovered and is doing well. Mrs. Chas. Futhil, and a Mrs. Derrick are now very unwell, with every symtom of having been poisoned, and as Mrs. W. had lately sent them some preserves which they had eaten, it is supposed they were also intended by her as victims.

ST LOUIS, May 8.

Army Movements.—Major Gen. Smith has issued elaborate orders relative to the movement of the trains and troops of the Utah forces. The trains are to be divided into divisions of 226 wagons each. The troops are to be organized into columns, each column consisting an escort of a division of the general supply train. The first column, under command of Lieut. Colonel Andrews, is already organized and ordered to march; the second column, under Col. Monroe, comprising the escort of the first division of supplies, will march from Leavenworth on the 15th inst, the third column, under Col. May, will march on the 20th, the forth column under Col. Morrison, will march on the 25th; the fifth column, under Col. Sumner, will march on the 30th; the sixth column, under Maj Emory, will march on the 4th of June.

These columns for the present constitute the first brigade of Utah forces under command of Gen. Harney. Each column will be supplied with four months provisions, which will be replenished on passing Forts Kearney and Laramie.

Gen. Smith is yet in the city, the state of his health being such, as to require his remaining here a short period.

Four companies of the 6th Infantry left Leavenworth on the 6th inst. One company of Infantry form Fort Riley, will join them at Fort Kearney.

John Hartwell, Secretary of Utah, left here yesterday for Leavenworth.

☞ A Chicago paper, alluding to the two rival Democratic Conventions that have recently been held in Illinois, narrates the following:

A little weazel-faced, pipe-voiced Douglas man came up to Jake Newsome, a comparative giant in weight and height, and inquired of Jake—"Sir, which wing do you belong to?"

"Wing!" replied Jake, in a voice of thunder.

"Yes, sir, which wing of the unterrified Democracy?" asked the little fellow.

"Wing, h—ll; we belong to no wing. The whole bird is ours."

Frightful Railroad Accident.

Seven or Eight Persons Killed and Forty Wounded.

UTICA, N. Y., May 11.

A frightful railroad accident occured this morning at past six o'clock on the Central Railroad by the crushing of a bridge over Sequoit Creek, some three and a halt miles west of this city, near Whitesboro. Seven or eight persons are already dead—five or six others are barely alive—and the injured number forty or more.

The accident occurred to the Cincinnati Express, due here at 6 30 A. M. It was somewhat behind at Whitesboro, and was coming at a high rate of speed when it met on the bridge, over the Sequiot creek, the Utica Accommodation for the West, each on its own track. The engines crossed the bridge, but as the passenger cars of the Express and the Freight cars of the Accommodation came upon the north side the bridge gave way, precipitating the freight cars one above the other, splintering platforms and seats to atoms as the cars struck the abutment.

The persons injured were all on the Express.

The passenger car on the Accommodation did not reach the bridge.

Different stories are told as to the cause of the accident. One is that an axle of the Express Baggage car broke as it reached the bridge, and thus threw the trains together. The other attributes the casualty to the rottenness of the timber of the bridge.

Maj. Priest, Local Superintendent of the road happened to be on the Accommodation train, and he at once dispatched a sufficient number of men to the relief of the sufferers.

A large number of the wounded were immediately brought to the city and taken to the different Hotels. Others were cared for at Whitesboro.

Physicians were summoned, and everything done that could be to relieve their sufferings.

DETROIT, May 12.

Sailed for Liverpool.—The schooner Star of the North cleared to day from this port with a cargo for Liverpool, being the second clearance from Detroit for that port this season.

The schooner Colonel Cook will sail this week, and be followed the present month by six others, all loaded with staves and lumber for Liverpool direct.

The Southern Flood.—A breach was made in the levee about four miles below Memphis, on the opposite side of the Mississippi, on the 1st, and the water was pouring through at a terrible rate. The whole country back was covered, and the damages great. The Lake Providence (La.) Herald of thd 1st inst. says:

We stop the press to announce that a crevasse took place yesterday afternoon at Colonel W. Benton's plantation, about seven miles below this. This morning we learn that the break has widened a quarter of a mile, and that there is no hope of closing it. Besides the great damage which must ensue to the country in that vicinity, it is believed that many places in the interior of this parish and Madison will greatly suffer from this crevasse.

☞ One of our citizens, who recently thought of emigration of Kansas, has just returned, and reports the condition of business in that Territory as most deplorable. Many of the inhabitants are actually starving. Laborers are abundant, but there is no work; and all who have gone there with the expectation of finding a golden opportuniny for acquiring riches have discovered themselves grossly deceived.—*Keokuk (Iowa) Journal.*

Emigration of Florida Indians.—At the latest accounts from Fort Myers, Florida, Billy Bowlegs, and suite, thirty-three warriors, and eighty-four women and children, were there, ready to emigrate. These, added to others in custody, will make two hundred and six, all of whom would be sent West in a few days. Sam Jones and his thirty-three warriors have, probably, ere this, surrendered, so that there is a prospect that the "Florida War," will soon be over.

The Colored Race are proscribed on the Pacific as well as on the Atlantic coast. A bill is before the California Legislature to prohibit the further immigration of free negroes into the State, and to drive out those who are already there. It authorizes the seizing of the free negroes, and hiring them out to pay the expense of their deportation. It is also proposed to inflict heavy fines upon persons who employ free negroes not licensed to remain in the State.

Arrival of the Vanderbilt.

NEW YORK, May 10.

The steamer Vanderbilt, arrived at an early hour this morning, with London dates to the 28th News meagre.

Liverpool Breadstuff market, moderately active at full rates for flour and wheat, and stiffer prices for corn. Buyers demanded a reduction for the latter. A slight improvement in the London breadstuff market. American flour scarce. Liverpool cotton market firm at Friday prices. Sales on Monday and Tuesday 11,400 bales, of which 5000 were for speculators and export.

Political news unimportant.

In the House of Commons Gen. Reed stated in reply to a question, that the whole cost of the Indian War would be defrayed by the East India Co. The consideration of the bill providing for the Government of India, was set down for Friday.

The clause in the Budget, imposing a penny stamp duty on checks, was adopted without dissension. The excise duty bill has passed through a second reading. An amendment offered to the increase of the spirit duty failed by a vote of 227 to 35. The opposition being confined to Irish members.

Business in England was generally stagnant.

France is to send a private Commissioner to China. The elections in Paris have resulted in the choice of the Government candidate and one opposition. The latter being Jules Taire. There is an immense increase in the French Navy Budget for 1859. Paris papers deny that there is an increase in the French armament. The iron masters of France have petitioned the government for a increased duty on foreign iron. The trade of Paris has been seriously checked by the violent comments of Parisian journals on the acquittal of Bernard, but at last advices it was recovering.

Count Esterhazy, the Austrian Ambassador to St. Petersburg, has retired from that post.

Austria and Prussia have come to an amicable arrangement as to their policy in the Holstein affair.

The Sardinian Chambers have adopted the principles of the conspiracy bill by a large majority.

There is another dispute between England and Persia. The latter country having taken possession of territory in Afghanistan and detained a great number of Afghans.

Liverpool Breadstuff Market.—Messrs. Richardson, Spence, & Co., quote flour very dull at a decline of 6d on southern. The quotations are western 21s a 22s; Philadelphia and Baltimore 22s a 22s 6d; Ohio 23s a 26s. Wheat quiet but steady. Corn dull with a decline from Friday's quotations of 6d on white. The quotations are, yellow 30s; white 33s 3d a 34s. The latter is freely offered at the quotation.

Provisions—Beef heavy. Pork quiet. Bacon quiet but firm. Lard firm at 56 for choice lots. Tallow unchanged. Ashes quiet at 39s a 39s 6d for pots; 40s for pearls. Sugar quiet.

Arrival of the Steamship Persia.

SANDY HOOK, May 11.

The steamship Persia passed this morning with Liverpool dates to the 1st inst.

Later advices had been received from India announcing the capture of Jhansi by the British, with great slaughter to the rebels.

In the House of Commons D'Israeli's first resolution, declaring it expedient to vest the Indian government in the crown, has been finally passed.

A conference has been held at Paris to indemnify Prof. Morse for his telegraphic invention.

The Daily News says there is not the slightest doubt that if Lord Derby is defeated on any question of importance he will dissolve Parliament.

The advices from India are one week later—the main feature is the capture of Jhansi by the British, under Sir H. Rose, with great slaughter to the rebels. Gen. Roberts had also assaulted and captured the town of Ratah.

The debate of the D'Israeli's India resolution commenced on Friday, the 30th. The first resolution was carried with cheers, when the debate adjourned.

The operations on the Atlantic Cable were going briskly forward. More than 2,000 miles have been coiled on board the Niagara and Agammenon. The paying out machinery has been completed, and pronounced perfect.

France.—Rumors prevailed at Paris in relation to a change in the present system of administration, and of the retirement of Gen. Espinasse from the interior department.

The Plenipotentiaries have held a conference to ratify the boundary between Russia and Turkey, and also to consider the claims of Prof. Morse in Europe, to indemnification for his telegraphic invention. Nothing had been resolved on, but the prospects were favorable for Morse.

India.—Sir Hugh Rose invested Ihusia with three brigades on she 27th of March, and the rebels, 2,000 strong, returned to the fort. On the next day the bombardment commencad.

An attempt was made on the 1st of April by 2,500 rebels to raise a seige, but were defeated with a slaughter of 1,500 and the loss of all their guns and camp equipments. The town was stormed and taken on the 4th, and the forts occupied on the 6th—the rebels having 3,000 killed. Six British officers were killed.

The Rauce escaped with a few attendants, hotly pursued.

Gen. Roberts carried Kotah on the 20th.

The English loss is trifling—37.

Col. Milman had been compelled to retire from near Assingeun, and at the last accounts was shut up at Azimbur. A strong detachment had gone to his relief.

The country opposite Benares was much disturbed.

The Northern provinces were quietly disarmed.

Colpee was filled with rebels and a great panic was prevailing there.

A strong column of troops had gone from Cawnpore into Oude to attack Karrok.

Russia.—Russia has decided to construct three lines of railway between the Black and Caspain Seas.

France.—The Paris Moniteur publishes a decree ordering forty two thousand additional soldiers into active service. The Bourse became heavy in consequence.

LIVERPOOL, April 30.

Breadstuff Markets—Flour is very dull at a decline of 6d; sales of Western canal at 21s a 22s; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 22s a 22s 6d; Ohio, 23s a 25s.

Wheat is quiet but steady.

Corn is dull—yellow, 35s; white is freely offered at 33s 6d a 34s.

Beef is heavy. Pork quiet. Bacon quiet but firm.

Lard firm at 56s for choice. Tallow is unchanged.

POST OFFICE, Ft. Wayne, Ind., May 8th, 1858.

Arrivals and Departures of the Mails.

From and after Monday, May 10th, 1858, the mails wil arrive and depart from this office as follows, to-wit:

Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Washington City, Columbus and Cincinnati Mails, per Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Rail Road will

ARRIVE Daily (except Sundays) at	5 P. M.
DEPARTS " " " "	5 40 A. M.

Great Northwestern Mail through Chicago per Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Rail Road.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sundays) at	5.30 A. M.
DEPARTS " " " "	5.30 P. M.

Eastern Letter Mail, from New York, Boston, and New England States, per Toledo, Wabash, and Western Rail Road.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sundays) at	4 40 P. M
DEPARTS " " " "	12 20 noon.

Indianapolis, Central Illinois, St. Louis and Southwestern mail generally, per Toledo, Wabash and Western Rail Road.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sundays)	12 noon.
DEPARTS " " "	5 P. M.

Sturgis, Michigan.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sundays) at	8 P. M.
DEPARTS " " " "	7 A. M.

St. Mary's Ohio.

ARRIVES Tuesdays Thursdays & Saturdays at	6 P. M.
DEPARTS Mondays Wednesdays & Fridays at	7 A. M.

Bluffton, Indiana.

ARRIVE Mondays Wednesdays & Fridays	12 noon.
DEPARTS Tuesdays Thursdays & Saturdays at	8 A. M.

Auburn, Indiana.

ARRIVES Mondays Wednesdays & Fridays at	8 P. M.
DEPARTS Tuesdays Thursdays & Saturdays at	7 A. M.

Goshen, Indiana.

ARRIVES Tuesdays and Saturdays at	8 P. M.
DEPARTS Mondays and Fridays at	7 A. M.

Winchester, Ind., (Horse Mail.)

ARRIVES Tuesdays and Saturdays at	8 P. M.
DEPARTS Mondays and Fridays at	7 A. M.

Saint Joe, Ohio, (Horse Mail.)

ARRIVES Saturdays at	8 P. M.
DEPARTS Fridays at	7 A. M.

Liberty Mills, Ind., (Horse Mail)

ARRIVES Saturdays at	8 P. M.
DEPARTS Fridays at	7 A. M.

Hicksville, Ohio, (Horse Mail.)

ARRIVES Thursdays at	11 A. M.
DEPARTS same day at	1 P. M.

Marion, Ind., (Horse Mail)

ARRIVES Fridays at	2 P. M.
DEPARTS same day at	3 P. M.

All Mails which leave in the morning, will close the previous evening, and Railroad mails which leave during office hours, will be closed 40 minutes before time of departure.

Office open during the week, from 7 o'clock in the morning, to 8 o'clock in the evening, (except while separating and distributing the Eastern or Western Mails, at which time the boxes will be closed for delivery.) and on Sunday from 9 to 9½ o'clock, in the morning, and from 1 to 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

JOHN G. MAILE, P.M.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE—It seldom occurs, that we notice, under any circumstance; patent medicines, restoratives, or any thing of the kind, for we have a prejudice against most of them. But candor compels us to invite attention to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative in the last column at the bottom of third page of this paper. We are too juvenile to require anything of the kind, but some instances of its use have come to our knowledge which almost assures us that it is a sovereign remedy against the hair becoming permaturely gray. It is not a "Hair Dye" but upon its application as directed, the effects is produced on the skin, which brings out the original native colored hair, without stiffness, and gives it a glossy and natural appearance. We have seen persons who have used it, and they are much pleased with it. Examine the advertisements. (Missouri Republican. Sold by all respectable Druggists.

SAVE YOUR HORSES

"We take great pleasure in recommending the Mexican Mustang Liniment as a valuable and indispensable article for Sprains, Sores, Scratches or Galls on Horses. Our men have used it for severe Burns, Bruises, Sores, Stiff Joints and Rheumatic Pains, and all say it acts like magic. We use no other liniment.

J. W. HEWITT.
Foreman for American, Harnden & Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.

Gentlemen.—I had a negro man worth $1,200 who took cold from a bad hurt, and was useless for over one year: I had used everything I could hear of without benefit, until I tried the Mustang Liniment. It has perfectly cured him, and I can now take the above price for him.

Respectfully yours,
JAMES DORRAN, Ex.

Every Planter, Teamster and Family should have this invaluable article. Sold by all respectable dealers ever

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomhuff, J. P.
Allen County. } ATTACHMENT.
Watson Wall, Christian F. G. Meyer, against Ferdinand Venn.

NOTICE is given the defendant of the pendency of the above entitled suit, and that proceedings in Attachment have been commenced therein, and that said cause will be heard before said Justice, at his office in the city of Fort Wayne, county of Allen and State of Indiana on the 4th day of June, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if the said defendant fail to appear at the said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.
S. H. BLOOMHUFF J. P.
May 12, 1858. [$1 50] 3w46

Board of Equalization.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Equalization of the City of Fort Wayne will meet at the Council room in said City, on the 24th day of May, 1858, for the purpose of hearing and deciding all complaints in relation to the assessment of property for taxation for the year 1858, and to equalize the same as right and justice may require.
J. C. DAVIS, City Clerk.
Fort Wayne, May 8, 1858. 3w45

ROBERT OGDEN, Plumber and Glazier.

Main Street, between Cass and Harrison, Fort Wayne.

PUMPS,
Baths, Water Closets, and Wash Stands,
Fixed and Repaired on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.
Cash paid for Old Lead and Pewter.
Being a practical workman and having a thorough knowledge, acquired by many years' experience, in every thing connected with Pumps, Baths and Water Apparatus generally, and also in fixing Roofs, Earthroughs, Spouts, &c., he respectfully solicits a trial, and is prepared to guarantee that every job will give entire satisfaction to his employers.
Terms moderate.
May 8, 1858. 1y45

Chinese Sugar Cane Seed.

A FEW BUSHELS still on hand, by
2w45 WALL, MEYER, & Co.

HATS! HATS!

Spring and Summer Styles,
AT THE WOOSTER HAT STORE,
82 Columbia Street.

J. NATHTRIEB has received a new supply of Silk, Fur and Wool Hats of the new spring styles. He invites an inspection, as he feels confident his Hats will be found better and cheaper than any others in market.
Straw, Palm Leaf, Leghorn, Panama, and all descriptions of SUMMER HATS
May 8

New Ambrotype Rooms!

THE LADIES' PICTURE GALLERY.
CALHOUN STREET, Fort Wayne, (formerly occupied by Mr McDonald.)

MRS. BENHAM respectfully announces that she has taken the above rooms and will be happy to wait on LADIES and CHILDREN who may wish Likenesses of themselves or friends. Having furnished the rooms with everything necessary to render them pleasant and for producing FINE PICTURES; and as ladies sometimes feel a delicacy in calling for Pictures where no lady is present, she trusts she may receive their patronage.
Her prices will be as low as similar work is done elsewhere.
For children a clear day is preferable.
Rooms open from 8 A. M. till 5 P. M.
May 1st, 1858. 3w45

Great Speculation!

I WILL SELL, on extremely reasonable terms, my FIRST CLASS
FLOURING MILL,
THREE RUN OF STONES, situated in the heart of the city of Huntington, county of Huntington, Indiana. Payments to suit the purchaser. Any person desirous of engaging in said business will find it to their interest to embrace the present opportunity of investing money, as I am anxious to dispose of the above property, and will make the terms suit the purchaser.
Enquire of F. S. AVALINE, Fort Wayne, or A. M. COMSTOCK, Huntington.

NOTICE

THE term of partnership of the Firm of BOSTICK & BOLMAN being about to expire, and as they are determined to settle all the matters transacted during said term, they notify all those in their indebtedness, and all those having claims against them, to come forward immediately, and close their accounts.
They have just received their entire NEW SPRING and SUMMER stock of

Ready-made Clothing,

Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings,
Consisting of every article in that line, from a Linen Coat to the finest French Broad Cloth. The same in Vests and Pants.
Also—the choicest stock of piece goods ever brought to the West; all of which they will make to measure, on the most reasonable terms to Cash, and will warrant all to fit, and made to the LATEST FASHIONS received every three months from New York.
They have also a large assortment of
HATS, CAPS, AND TRUNKS,
And a general assortment of Gents' Furnishing Goods.
BOSTICK & BOLMAN.
Fort Wayne, May 8, 1858.

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomhuff, J. P.
Allen County. } ATTACHMENT.
Christian Gable against John Furly.

NOTICE is given defendant of the pendency of the above entitled cause; that proceedings in attachment have been commenced therein; that said cause will be heard before said Justice, at his office in Fort Wayne, county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 29th day of May, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if said defendant fail to appear at said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.
S. H. BLOOMHUFF, J. P.
May 8, 1858. ($1 50) 3w45

State of Indiana, }
Whitley County. }

NOTICE is hereby given that Frederick Humbarger, Administrator of the estate of Henry Humbarger, deceased, has filed his petition to sell the real estate of the decedent, his personal being insufficient to pay his debts, and that said petition will be heard at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of said County.
Witness my hand as Clerk, this 7th day of May, 1858.
ISAIAH B. McDONALD,
3w45 [$1 45] C. C. C. P. Whitley Co.

Guardian's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, within and for Allen County, State of Indiana, made at the April term, 1858, of said Court, the undersigned, Guardian of the minor heirs of John Snyder, deceased, will on Monday the 31st day of May, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, offer for sale at private sale, on the premises, the undivided eight-ninths of the east half of the south-east quarter of section eighteen (18), in township thirty-two (32), range eleven (11) east, in said County and State, supposed to contain eighty acres; subject to the life estate of the widow of said decedent therein. Being the property of said minors. The terms of said sale being as follows, to-wit: One third cash, one third in one year, and one third in two years; the purchaser to give his notes, secured by mortgage on the premises, for the deferred payments.
CHRISTIAN KINCEY, Guardian.
May 6th, 1858 [$2 55] 3w45

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas within and for the County of Allen, and State of Indiana, I will offer for sale at Public Vendue, at Dr J. L. Fuller's Tavern, in Huntertown, in said County, on the 12th day of June, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day, the fee simple in the following described premises: The east half of the north east quarter of section twenty-four (24) in township thirty two, (32) north of range eleven (11) east.
Also, the south east quarter of the south east quarter of section thirteen (13) in township and range; also a part of the west half of the south west quarter of the north east quarter of section eighteen (18), in town thirty-two (32), north of range twelve (12) east, containing twelve and one half acres, all laying and being in said County of Allen and State of Indiana, and belonging to the estate of E. H. Dunton, dec'd. The said property will be sold on the following terms: One third of the purchase money in cash, one third in six months, and one third in one year from date of sale. The different payments to be on interest, and secured by notes and mortgage on the premises, waiving all benefit from valuation or appraisement laws.
WM. T. HUNTER,
Administrator of the estate of E. H. Dunton.
[$3 50 4w45

New Grocery & Provision Store!

A. KURTZ has opened a Family Grocery & Provision Store, in the room lately occupied by Bise & Emerick, two doors north of Reed's Drug Store, and invites especial attention to his stock which will be found of the best quality and will be sold cheap.
Give Him a Trial,
And patronize according to merit. This is all he asks, and is fair and right.
May 1st. pd3m43.

Leeches!

JUST received and will be kept constantly on hand by
4w45 WALL, MEYER, & Co.

St Charles Eating Saloon, Main Street, Fort Wayne.

THE proprietors have just refitted this popular establishment, to make it more comfortable for their guests, and are now prepared to supply their wants in the best style. Oysters, Game, Liquors, Wines, Cigars, Coffee, and other refreshments at all hours. A Free Lunch every day at half past ten A. M.
PECK & READ
April 30 pd3w.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

A. MAYER,
88, Columbia Street, Fort Wayne.

RETURNS his thanks to his numerous friends for their liberal support, and respectfully informs them that he has just received a large and excellent new stock of
Gold & Silver
WATCHES,
From the most approved Makers, which he will sell at prices to suit the present hard times.
Among these will be found a lot of AMERICAN WATCHES from the AMERICAN WATCH MANUFACTURING Co., of Massachusetts, warranted to keep correct time, and expressly adapted to the wants of
Railroad Officers.
CLOCKS,
of all kinds, in great variety.
Guard Chains, Seals and Keys; Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Finger Rings—including a large stock of WEDDING RINGS, which he offers low in hopes of increasing the demand. Children's Corals, Chains, Bracelets, Lockets, Gold and Silver Thimbles, and every thing else in the Jewelry Line.

Silver and Plated Spoons and Forks Plated Tea Sets, &c,

Spectacles, Accordeons, Flutes, Port-Monnaies, Work Bags, Work Boxes, Toys, and Fancy Articles in great variety and cheaper than ever.
REPAIRING punctually and faithfully attended to. He gives particular attention to this branch of business, employing the best workmen, and can warrant good satisfaction to all who need any description of Watches, Clocks, or Jewelry repaired.
May 1st, 1858. pd3m43.

Fort Wayne Western Railroad.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE stockholders of the Fort Wayne Western Railroad are hereby notified that an election of seven Directors, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Rockhill House, in the city of Fort Wayne, on Wednesday, the 9th day of June next, at 10 o'clock A. M.
By order of the Board of Directors,
Attest: R. C. SCHENCK, *Pres't.*
THOMAS TIGAR, *Sec'y.*
April 30th, 1858. 6w44.

B. RANDALL,

PROPRIETOR OF
I. M. SINGER'S Patent Sewing Machine,

of the State of Pennsylvania (except the counties of Erie, Alegheney and Philadelphia) State of Wisconsin, and the northern part of Indiana.

THE world wide reputation of these machines renders puffing unnecessary. All who have used Singer's Machines testify to their superior merits over all others. Over 12 000 have been sold and are now in active operation, and not one has proved a failure! By simply changing the needle and thread the same machine will execute perfectly every variety of work, coarse or fine, on cloth or leather. From $200 to $500 a year can be cleared by an individual using this machine more than can be cleared by hand.
Singer has also brought out a new
FAMILY MACHINE,
highly ornamented, which for beauty and expedition far surpasses all other Family Machines. These machines use two threads, forming a lock stitch in the centre of the goods sewed, and making a perfect back stitch on both sides of the cloth, which makes a seam much stronger and harder to rip than hand sewing, and does not use more than two thirds as much thread as the chain stitch machine.
These machines are for sale by the undersigned, at his office on North Fifth Street, opposite Good's Hotel, Reading, Pennsylvania.
Also by T. E. EVANSON, Traveling Agent in Indiana. Silk, Needles, Oil, and Thread for sale by T. E. EVANSON.
B. RANDALL,
1 41 Reading, Penn.

Farm For Sale!

SITUATED a mile and a half north of Ft Wayne, on the Goshen Plank Road, known as the Hoboken Farm, containing 80 acres of first rate land, equal to any in the County. Any person desiring to purchase the above farm will do well to call on the subscriber. WM D. HENDERSON.
May 1st, 1858 pd 2m43

Water-Lime and Plaster!

THE subscriber will keep for sale, after this date, at the new brick building occupied as a Marble Works, recently erected by John Brown on Harrison Street, nearly opposite Robinson's Boot & Shoe Store,
Louisville, Oswego, & Sandusky Water Lime, also Plaster Paris and Land Plaster.
A fresh supply of each at all times on hand, which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.
Also especial attention given to MONUMENTAL and GRAVE STONE work, at prices to suit the times. P. S. UNDERHILL.
Fort Wayne April 30 1858. 3w44

For SALE or RENT.

THE LARGE GRAIN WAREHOUSE situated on the Canal, at PERU, Ind., now occupied by McCulloch & Little.
The House is well located and in good repair for business. Possession given 1st May.
Enquire of Mr. HIRAM SALISBURY, Peru, Ind
April 23d, 1858. 4w43

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING AND SUMMER

AT THE
Boston Dry Goods Store.

WM. T. ABBOTT has just received and opened an extensive assortment of new and beautiful Goods, for the present and approaching season, which have been selected with great care, and will be sold at LOWER PRICES than goods of the same quality can be bought at any other house in the city. Our
DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT
Is very full; and contains
Elegant Barege and Challie Robes.
" Muslin and Jaconet do
" Shepherd's Plaid do
And in pieces,
Jaconets, Muslins,
Lawns, Brilliantes,
Barages, Tissues,
Barege De Laines,
Challies, Ginghams,
Prints, De Beges.
and, in short, every thing a Lady wants for a cheap and handsome Dress.
SHAWL
of every description, from a Child's 50 cts Shawl to a $50 Brocha.
VISITES, MANTILLAS, & DUSTERS,
a great variety.
Bonnets, Ribbons and Ruches.
HOOP SKIRTS.
Douglas & Sherwood's best. Also HOOPS of different kinds.
GLOVES AND HOSIERY
For Ladies, Misses, Men and Boys.
And a whole raft of
EMBROIDERIES & WHITE GOODS,
BLEACHED MUSLINS cheap as than ever before.
Also
Summer Cloths
Of all kinds, for men's and boys' wear. Palm Leaf and Straw HATS.
50 Pieces of new style
Carpeting, Oil Cloths, & Mattings.
20 Casks of
Queensware.
500 Packages of
FAMILY GROCERIES.
All of which will be sold cheap for cash or ready pay.
All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods, and the highest market price allowed.
Fort Wayne, April 23d, 1858.

Administrator's Sale.

I WILL SELL at Public Auction, on the 22d day of May, 1858, at the door of the Court House in Fort Wayne, Allen County, Indiana, the east half of the east half of the south-west quarter of section thirty-six (36), of township thirty-one (31), north of range eleven (11) east, in Allen County, Indiana, containing forty acres of land, the property of the estate of John Brooker, deceased.
Terms—One half cash, the balance in six and twelve months.
M. BROKER, Adm'r
April 26, 1858. 3w44

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomhuff, J. P.
Allen County. } ATTACHMENT.
Cornelius S. Smith, Theodore K. Brackenridge, against Jacob Geshorne.

NOTICE is given the defendant of the pendency of the above entitled suit, and that proceedings in attachment have been commenced therein, and that said cause will be heard before said Justice, at his office in the city of Fort Wayne, County of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 16th day of May 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if the said defendant fail to appear at said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.
S. H. BLOOMHUFF, J. P.
May 1, 1858 ($1 50) 3w44

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomhuff, J. P.
Allen County, ss } ATTACHMENT.
Bernard Trentman & Joseph A. Strout, against George P. Miller.

NOTICE is given defendant of the pendency of the above entitled suit, and that proceedings in attachment have been commenced therein, and that said cause will be heard before said Justice, at his office in the city of Fort Wayne, county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 16th day of April, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if said defendant fail to appear at said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.
S. H. BLOOMHUFF, J. P.
May 1, 1858. ($1 50) 3w44

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door in Allen County, Indiana, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 29th day of May, 1858, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years of the following described premises: Beginning at a stake from which the north-east corner of the north wing of the College building bears south forty seven and a half (47½) degrees west, one hundred and ninety-five (195) links distant, and the north-east corner of the plazza of the main building bears north twenty-four (24) degrees west, two hundred and thirty six (236) links; from thence south fourteen (14) degrees and fifty-five (55) minutes east, two hundred and ninety four (294) feet; thence south seventy five (75) degrees and five (5) minutes west, three hundred (300) feet; thence north fourteen (14) degrees and fifty-five (55) minutes west, two hundred and ninety four (294) feet; thence north seventy five (75) degrees and five (5) minutes east, three hundred (300) feet, to the place of beginning, containing two and one-hundredth (2 1/100) acres, being a part of the south-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section number three (3), township number thirty (30) north of range number twelve, in Allen County, Indiana; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of said real estate. Taken as the property of the Trustees of the Fort Wayne Female College, at the suit of David M. Dunbar.
WILLIAM FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.
BRACKENRIDGE & NINDE, Att'ys.
April 26th, 1857. [$5 00] 4w44

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an an *Order of Sale* to me directed from the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door, in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 8th day of June, 1858, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the following described premises, to-wit: Lot numbered four hundred and eighty-one (481), excepting forty feet off the south end of said lot, in Hanna's addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in said county and State of Indiana. Also a part of Lot numbered one hundred and three (103) on the Old Plat of said town, bounded as follows: Beginning at the north-west corner of said lot, thence east twenty feet on the north line of said lot, thence south fifty-one and a half feet to the south line of said lot, thence west twenty feet; thence north along the west line of said lot to the place of beginning. And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of said real estate. Ordered to be sold to satisfy said execution in the case of the State of Indiana *vs.* Andrew J. H. Mills *et al.*
WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.
R. BRACKENRIDGE, Att'y.
May 1st, 1858. [$4 50] 6w44

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Order of Sale to me directed by the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I have levied upon and will offer for sale by *Public Auction*, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen and State of Indiana, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 8th day of June, A. D. 1858, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the following described property, to-wit: The west half of section number nine (9), in township number thirty (30), north of range number twelve (12) east, containing three hundred and twenty acres more or less (excepting about three and a half acres cut off by the Huntington Road from the north-west corner of said tract), situate in said county; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgement, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of the said premises. Ordered to be sold to satisfy a judgment in said Court in favor of the State Bank of Indiana, and against Benjamin Roffner and others.
WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.
R. BRACKENRIDGE, Att'y.
April 23d, 1858. ($4 00) 7w43

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, ALLEN CO., IND.
April 17th, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners of the county of Allen, and State of Indiana, will receive sealed proposals at their June term thereof, for 1858, until two o'clock on Thursday, June 10th, for renting the Poor House and Farm for two years, and Boarding and Clothing the Paupers, &c. Said proposals are expected to specify the rent of farm per year, and the amount per head week for which the Lessee will board all the legal Paupers and Idiots in the county. The best and most suitable bid will be accepted, and they reserve the right to reject all of the bids, if in their opinion they are not proper to be accepted.
By order of the Board of County Commissioners.
7w43 F. L. FURSTE, County Auditor.

Doors, Blinds and Sash.

A VERY LARGE LOT OF DOORS, BLINDS AND WINDOW SASH on hand, and for sale cheap for CASH at our old stand, a few rods North of the City Mills.
We are prepared to execute all orders with despatch, at the lowest price.
FRONFIELD & TODD.
Fort Wayne, April 17th, 1858. 6m42.

Cheaper and Better than ever.

C. A. GREY is now receiving a full and excellent stock of new
Spring and Summer Goods
Bought low for Cash, during these hard times, and will be sold accordingly. The ordinary shilling Calicoes, fast colors, are offered at 8 cents; a good article of Calico for 6¼, and every thing else in proportion.
The stock includes De Laines, Lawns, Ginghams, Calicoes, and other Dress Goods, Denims, Drillings and all other Summer Goods, extraordinary good, heavy and cheap. Shirtings and Sheetings of the best Fabrics; Ribbons and Trimmings—in short, every thing calculated to meet the wants of his customers. These articles will be found
Better and Cheaper
than any stock ever before brought to Fort Wayne.
Groceries, Queensware, &c.
A full supply of the best, at the lowest prices.
April 17. 3w43

WE have a large FRENCH PLATE MIRROR which we will sell Cheap.
Feb 27. WALL, MEYER & Co.

Hungarian Grass Seed.

A FEW BUSHELS of the seed of this new and valuable Grass, for sale by
April 10. KIMBALL & EDSALL

Sale of Seminary Lot.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the undersigned, Auditor and Treasurer of the County of Allen and State of Indiana, will offer for sale at public auction, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, in said County, on Monday, the 19th day of July next, the following described premises, to wit: Lot number one hundred and ninety two, in Hanna's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in said county; the same having been forfeited to the Seminary Fund belonging to the County of Allen, State of Indiana, for the non-payment of principal and interest.
Terms of Sale—One year's interest to be paid in advance on the amount due and owing to the Seminary Fund of said County; all arrears of interest, and all costs of sale, and any amount that may be offered, exceeding the total amount due, must be cash in hand; and the balance due the School Fund in ten equal instalments, with six per cent. interest payable annually in advance.
F. L. FURSTE, County Auditor.
A. WILEY, County Treasurer.
Auditor's Office, Allen Co., Ind., April 13th, 1858
[$6 00] 14w42

Thieme's Clothing Store,

90 Columbia Street, FORT WAYNE. 90 Columbia Street, FORT WAYNE.

JUST received a full stock of superior French and German Cloths, French Cassimeres, Silk and Marseilles, Vestings, Tweeds, Summer Goods, &c., which will be made to measure in the most elegant and fashionable style, and at the lowest rates.
Ready-made Clothing.
A large and superior assortment, all home-made; we pay good prices to our hands, and being practical Tailors and judges of work, can warrant it to be well and honestly made. We use such lining and trimmings as are suitable to the goods to be made up, whereby they last longer, fit better, and are every way superior to eastern slope work.
A very large stock of
HATS and CAPS.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, Shirts, Collars, Scarfs, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Socks, Suspenders, Carpet Bags, a lot of good Trunks, warranted strong and well made, cheap.
April 17. THIEME BROTHERS, 3m42

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Farm, on the Goshen Road, 12 miles from Fort Wayne, containing eighty acres of first rate land, equal to any in the County. Forty acres are cleared smooth, 30 acres of which are in grass, and the balance ready for corn; it is well watered, having a good permanent creek and excellent spring of water on it. A good Log House, Stable, &c. Will be sold at a bargain, and reasonable credit given for a portion of the purchase money.
If not sold will be rented to a good tenant, on favorable terms.
JOSEPH DONOUGHOO.
April 10 1858. 6m41

SPRING FASHIONS.

MISS VOGEL announces to the Ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity that she has now receiving her Spring Fashions, consisting of a beautiful assortment of Straw, Silk, Crape, Neapolitan and other
Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Trimmings, Artificials, &c.,
which will be ready for inspection on Thursday next.
A good assortment of Silks, Lawns, and other Bonnet materials, which will be made up to order in the neatest and most fashionable style. All sorts of Ribbons, Trimmings, and Artificials, at the lowest rates.
Bonnets Altered, Cleaned and Pressed.
The favor of a call is respectfully solicited.
Calhoun Street, two doors south of P. Kiser's.
March 26, 1857. 39.

Saddlery and Harness.

B. D. MINER

HAVING purchased of D. M. Lunceford his entire stock in trade, will continue the business at the old and well known stand, corner Colhoun and Linton Street, Fort Wayne, Indiana.
January, 28th, 1858. 3m31

1858
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS
AT
The New York Cash Store
FOR
Ready Pay, at Low Prices!
Now receiving.
STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
White Goods, Hosiery, & Notions,
DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMINGS,
Shawls and Mantillas,
Millinery Goods, Bonnets, &c.,
Men's Furnishing Goods,
HOOPED SKIRTS, HOOPS, ETC, ETC
Hats, Caps, and Straw Goods.
UMBRELLAS & PARASOLS.
Also a Stock of choice
Family Groceries
BOUGHT AT PANIC PRICES,
AND
Selling at very Small Profits for Ready-Pay.
WANTED, in Exchange for Goods, Cash, County and City Orders, Old Rags, and all kinds of Country Produce.
S. C. EVANS & CO.
Fort Wayne, April 3d, 1858.

OLD No. 8
FULL STOCK OF
NEW GOODS!
C. ORFF

HAS now on hand a full stock of new SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which he offers very low. As he has entirely abandoned the credit system, and sells exclusively for cash, he is enabled to reduce his prices accordingly.
THE ONE PRICE SYSTEM strictly adhered to.
In the stock will be found a general assortment of
The Best and Newest Styles of
Dry Goods, Dress Goods,
STAPLE ARTICLES,
Bonnets, Ribbons, & Trimmings,
Of all kinds;
GROCERIES,
Queensware, Glassware, Cutlery, Woodenware, Stoneware, &c.
In short every thing usually kept in a Country Store.
COUNTRY MERCHANTS can be accommodated at New York Prices, adding transportation. Our Goods are all bought by the package, from Manufacturers, avoiding Jobbers' profits, which enables us to sell at their prices.
Produce of all kinds wanted at fair Prices for Goods. C. ORFF.
Fort Wayne, March 20. No 3 Jones Block.

ST. NICHOLAS
One Price Cash
Clothing Emporium!

Is now open for inspection.
THOSE who wish to appear as nature intended should not fail to call at this blessed spot.—Every thing in our line is new and of the
LATEST STYLE,
and will be sold as cheap as can be had this side of Jordan, cut and made as we make them. Our advantage for buying is No. 1, and Gentlemen may rely on being dealt with correctly. Our new way of cutting garments is such that any plugg can be made up in good shape.
WEDDING GARMENTS.
We are gay on these kinds of fixings; those who have tried us can substantiate the fact, as they are now all rich, happy, and plenty of
MORAL.
Ladies Goods, but no Hoops; Hosiery and Gloves of the best quality. Ladies, do call; we will show you Alexander's best KID GLOVES. What is prettier than a nice Glove, with a beautiful hand in it? Do not forget to call; we will wait on you very pretty.
Same old place, east of Happy Row, opposite Lagerdom.
2m39 W. C. SHOAFF, Proprietor.

SCHWEGMAN

Is now opening a big lot of
NEW GOODS,
The best and cheapest in town. Further particulars next week—in the meantime call and examine for yourselves.
April 24.

NAILS for sale by P. PIERR.
BACON for sale by P. PIERR.

Ladies' Emporium.

Mrs SULLEY
Begs to return thanks to the Ladies of Fort Wayne and neighborhood for the very liberal patronage she has hitherto received and also wishes to inform them that her
SPRING GOODS
are now open for inspection. Her stock comprises in part
BONNETS,
Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries,
SILK AND LACE MANTILLAS,
Infants' Boys' and Misses' Hats, Ladies' Flats, French Flowers, &c.
Mrs. S would particularly call attention to her large stock of RIBBONS, FRENCH FLOWERS and FRENCH MILLINERY, generally; all articles of the latest style and best quality.
With regard to prices, Mrs. S only asks a diligent examination before purchasing elsewhere, as she is aware that no house in the trade has better facilities for purchasing, and she thinks she may say, without presumption, *better* skill in selecting and making up.
Her SHOW ROOMS for SUMMER FASHIONS will be opened on the 2nd of May, when her Paris Bonnets have arrived.
P. S. A large quantity of unusually rich EMBROIDERIES, *slightly soiled*, AT HALF PRICE.
All kinds of Ladies' and Children's PATTERNS for DRESSES, from Madame Demorest's 375 Broadway, New York. 3m41
☞ The Democrat, Democrat, Van Wert Constitution, Decatur Eagle, and De Kalb Democrat, please insert 3 months.

P. S. UNDERHILL

Will continue to manufacture

MONUMENTS,
HEAD STONES,
Furniture
AND
Counter Tops,
&c. &c.,
At his Old Stand on
MAIN STREET,
Also at the new Brick Building on Harrison st., between Columbia and Main,
FORT WAYNE.
y33

EAGLE DRUG STORE

C. NILL, PROPRIETOR,
Corner of Calhoun and Main Streets.
CONSTANTLY ON HAND a fine assortment of
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISHES,
DYE STUFFS,
GLASSWARE,
WINDOW GLASS
AND PUTTY,
BRUSHES of all kinds,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,
AND FANCY ARTICLES.
Tobacco, Cigars and Snuffs
PATENT MEDICINES.
Pure Wines & Brandies.
CUSTOMERS AND PHYSICIANS will always find at his establishment fresh and unadulterated Medicines, which will be sold on liberal terms.

Warranted
Flower and Garden Seeds,

DAHLIA ROOTS AND PIE PLANTS,
Just received from Rochester.
WALL, MEYER, & Co
N. B. Orders for all articles in the Nursery line can be left at our Drug Store, and they will be furnished on reasonable terms.

FLAX SEED and all kinds of Medicinal Roots bought at the highest market price.
Feb. 27. WALL, MEYER & Co.

A Superior selection of MEDICINAL WINES and Liquors, just received by
Feb 27 WALL, MEYER & Co

JAMES HUMPHREY'S STEAM Free and Lime Stone Works,

On the Canal, near the Rockhill House,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Time is Money---Save it.
WATCH, CLOCK, JEWELRY,
AND
Repairing Store.

F. VOIROL & BOUVERAT

RESPECTFULLY notify the citizens of Fort Wayne, that they have purchased the stock of Jewelry and Silver Ware lately owned by John Lane, and have rented and refitted up his old stand on Calhoun street, two doors west of Stapleford's Auction Room, and are now better than ever prepared to sell
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,
AND FANCY GOODS
At Rat's prices, and far cheaper than any other establishment in the City, and no mistake.
Repairing Watches and Clocks
is a business in which they challenge competition as to workmanship, and more especially in the best class of fine and valuable Clocks and Watches.
They have all the instruments and machinery to do any work in their line, and will warrant every job done to entire satisfaction.
They have worked nearly twenty years in the cities of France, Switzerland, and North and South America.
☞ *Particular Notice.*—They keep the time of the P., F. W. & C. R. R. as kept in the Superintendent's Office.
Fort Wayne, February 27, 1858 3m35

GEORGE MILLER,

Wholesale and Retail Merchant,
At his new stand,
N. W. corner Calhoun & Berry Sts.,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
THE Proprietor has just received from the East the largest Stock of
Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS
AND
GROCERIES
That was ever brought to this section of Country.
COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Can buy as cheap of him, FOR CASH, as in New York, saving time and freight, as he purchased his Goods in their original packages.
My Wholesale Department
is the most extensive in Northern Indiana, and will be kept in such order that my customers can make as good selections as anywhere West of New York.
Coffee, Sugar, Tea, and Molasses
Retailed at lower prices than anywhere in the City.
Without boasting, I offer better inducements to buyers than can be found in Northern Indiana, and all I ask is to have my Goods examined and prices asked.
Do not forget to call at the new stand of
GEO. MILLER.
Fort Wayne, March 27, 1858. 39

CIRCULAR.

On the first day of July, 1857, B. A. Fahnestock, and George W. Fahnestock, of Philadelphia, Pa., A. B. Hull, of New-York, and J. L. Schwartz, of Pittsburgh, re-associated themselves for a further term of business, under the style and firm, as heretofore, of
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.,
B. A. FAHNESTOCK, HULL & Co., New-York City.
In each of which three cities we continue our Wholesale Drug Business in all its branches.
Particular attention will be given to the importation of proprietary articles from abroad; and a full stock of well-established popular remedies will be kept constantly for sale. Orders for our B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S well-known Vermifuge (of which we are the SOLE PROPRIETORS and EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURERS) should be addressed to either of the above-named establishments.
We continue the manufacture of White Lead, Red Lead, and Litharge, at Pittsburgh.

Spring & Summer Clothing.

Calhoun st., two doors south of Kiser's.

C. G. VOGEL respectfully informs his numerous friends that he has just received from New York his Spring Stock, consisting of an extensive assortment of
Cloths, Cassimeres,
TWEEDS, VESTINGS, AND
SUMMER GOODS,
of all descriptions, which he will MAKE TO MEASURE in good and fashionable style.—Fits warranted. Also,
Ready-made Clothing
Of all kinds, of his own manufacture, which he warrants well and honestly made, and equal if not superior to any in the market.
He will sell and make up at the very lowest prices, and asks a continuance of the patronage already bestowed upon him.
April 3, 1858

ON MANHOOD,
AND ITS PREMATURE DECLINE.
Just Published, Gratis, the 20th Thousand:

A FEW WORDS on the Rational Treatment, without medicine, of Spermatorrhea or Local Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, Genital and Nervous Debility, Impotency, and Impediments to marriages generally, by
B. DE LANEY, M. D.
The important fact that the many alarming complaints originating in the imprudence and solitude of youth, may be easily removed *without Medicine*, is in this small treatise clearly demonstrated; and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure *himself*, perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.
☞ Sent to any address, *gratis* and post free in a sealed envelope, by remitting (post paid) two postage stamps to Dr. DE LANEY, 83 East 31st Street, New York City.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.

Mr. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common Pasture Weeds, a remedy that cures
Every Kind of Humor
FROM
The worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple
TWO bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.
Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the stomach.
Three or five bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of Erysipelas.
One or two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.
Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.
Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.
One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of ringworm.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.
Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.
Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.
One to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of dyspepsia. I know from the experience of thousands that it was caused by a canker in the stomach.
One or two bottles are warranted to cure sick headache.
One to two bottles are warranted to regulate a costive state of the bowels.
One to two bottles will regulate all derangement of the kidneys.
Four to six bottles have cured the worst cases of dropsy.
One to three bottles has cured the worst case of piles; a relief is always experienced. What a mercy to get relief in such excruciating disease!
Since its first discovery, I have from time to time added various other herbs to it; of one of them Hippocrates, the Father of Medicine, says: "It is an herb of Jupiter, and in the sign Leo.
"It openeth obstructions of the liver, gall and spleen; it is an especial friend to the liver; worth all other herbs put together; cooling it when too hot, and warming it when too cold.
"It createth an appetite, cureth all gone and sinking feelings in the pit of the stomach, easeth all pains and stitches in the side.
"It cureth the jaundice by opening the gall, and restoreth the native color of the body.
"It expels all raw, vicious and slimy humors out of the body; it cleanseth all inward ulcers and congealed blood from the kidneys.
"By opening all obstructions of the spleen, it purgeth all burnt choler and melancholy vapors which riseth to the head and brain, causing distressing headache, fearful foreboding of trouble trembling of the heart, fainting and swooning.
"The herb boiled in wine is particularly good to revive the dr

"He is Lost."—The Paris correspondent of the Boston Courier tells the following anecdote of Orsini, for which he says he can vouch:

"One of the magistrates, highest placed upon the bench, and who was foremost in conducting the prosecutions against the prisoners, (you will easily see why I cannot give his name publicly,) had both personally and, by letter held communion with Orsini since the trial, and Orsini having written to thank him for various good offices, the magistrate I speak of paid a last visit at the prison of La Requette. Upon this occasion, he addressed Orsini thus: 'I have no right to ask you what I am about to ask, and you have every right to refuse me an answer: consequently, if my question be indiscreet, remain silent! What is your belief with regard to further attempts upon the Emperor's life?—will these continue?'

"Orsini looked him full in the face, and answered slowly and very gravely; "I can have no reason for not answering you, and for not speaking the perfect truth: it is impossible he should escape—he is lost.—(*il est perdue.*")

When to take Your Hat—Young men, a word. We want to tell you when you should take your hat and be off. And mind what we offer. It is

When you are asked to take a drink.

When you find out you are courting a slovenly and extravagant girl.

When you find yourself in doubtful company.

When you discover that your expenses run ahead of your income.

When you are abusing the confidence of your friends

When you think that you are a great deal wiser and older and more experienced people than yourself

When you feel like getting trusted to a new suit of clothes, when you haven't money to pay for them

When you don't perform your duty, your whole duty, and nothing but your duty.

King Charles the Simple, and His Fool—This good fellow's influence was so great, that Charles, King of France, once remarked to him, he thought they had better change places. As Jean did not look well pleased at the proposal, Charles asked him if he were not content at the idea of being a king

"Oh, content enough," was the reply; "but I should be exceedingly ashamed at having such a fool"

It was this fool who once tried his master's nerve, by rushing into his room one morning with the exclamation—

"Oh, sire, such news! Four thousand men have risen in the city!"

"What!" cried the startled king; "what intention have they risen!"

"Well," said Jean, placing his finger upon his nose, "probably with the intention of lying down again at bedtime."

A Quiet Place.—In one of our country exchanges we find the following recommendation of a thriving little neighborhood town:

A few days ago a gentleman in conversation with some friends was praising Woodville, Miss, to the skies, and remarked among other things that it was the most quiet and peaceful place he ever saw—there was no quarrelling nor rowdyism, nor fighting about the streets: if a gentleman insulted another, *he was quietly shot down, and there was the last of it!*

The Moustache—A lady writer in Graham's Magazine for May has the following in regard to the moustache:

Did you ever know a woman who knew anything about it, who would give "two pence" for a kiss from a shaven lip? Somebody talkes about egg without salt—nonsense! that does not begin to express it, because if a man or woman either is hungry, they will forego the condiment, but I declare, if I was on the point of celestial starvation, I would die decently, and make no sort of sign, rather than take the kiss without its accompanying moustache.

☞ A Little ragged urchin had a curiosity to see Barnum's Museum the other day, and quietly stepped in by the doorkeeper, who caught him by the arm and demanded a quarter—The little urchin, drew up to his full height, and told the man he didn't want to *buy* his museum, he wanted to see it. The doorkeeper handed him in, and also politely offered him his hat in the bargain.

☞ A punster challenged a sick man's vote at a recent election, on the ground that he was an *ill* legal voter

☞ The young lady with "speaking eyes" has become quite hoarse, in consequence of using them so much

☞ It is nothing in our favor if we are honest because it is the "best policy," or because it is respectable.

☞ "I won't cover your heels, I'll be *darned* if I do," as the ragged stocking said to the novel reading lady

☞ What are the chief ends of man? asked a school teacher of his pupils. 'Head and feet," was the reply.

☞ One of the toasts drank at a recent celebration, was—"Woman! she requires no eulogy—*she speaks for herself!*"

☞ A dandy with a cigar in his mouth, entered a menagerie, when the proprietor asked him to take the weed from his mouth, lest he should learn the other monkeys bad habits

☞ A servant maid, who was occupied in picking her mistress's cabbages, took the opportunity of cabbaging her mistresse's pickles, saying it made no difference

☞ The savage man paints his body to terrify his enemies; the civilized woman covers her face with red and white colors to charm her friends! Which is the most ridiculous tatooted?

☞ Miss Drummond, the late famous preacher among the Quakers, was asked if the spirit had never inspired her with the thoughts of marriage? "No friend," said she, "but the flesh hath often done so."

☞ There are only about four things necessary to a capital speaker: first, to have something worth saying; second, to know how to say it, third when to say it; and fourth, to know when he *has* said it, and thereafter hold his peace."

☞ The Troy Times describes "blasted hopes" to be "marrying a woman with the hopes of getting $30,000 with her, and when the union is consummated, to be presented with a bill for her last year's board."

☞ "Oh, pray let me have my way this time," said a young gentleman to his lady love. "Well, Willie, I suppose I must this once, but you know that after we are married I shall always have a *Will* of my own."

☞ "Reading the biographies of our great and good men and women," says an exchange, "not one of them had a fashionable mother. They nearly all sprung from plain, strong minded women, who had as little to do with fashions as with the changing clouds"

☞ What is the best line to lead a man with? Crino-line.

And the best line to lead a woman with is a masculine?

☞ "Husband, why did you destroy all my sweet Williams in the garden, and leave all the bouncing Betsies?"

"Because the Betsies are all favorites of mine, and I won't have any sweet Williams about my premises"

☞ The most astonishing instance of a man's regard for his word was recently given by a man who killed his wife, whom he did not like. When asked "why he didn't go off and leave her, instead of killing her," he replied, jocosely, "that he had promised, on the wedding day, to live with her until death should part them, and that he wasn't the man to break his word!"

☞ At a recent trial before Justice, the following queer colloquy occurred:

Counsel—"Didn't you tell Hopper to go to the devil?"

Witness—"I rather think I did."

Counsel—"Well, did he go?"

Witness—"I believe not; but if he did, he made a quick trip of it, for I met him the next day."

☞ A person who was recently called in court for the purpose of proving the correctness of a doctor's bill, was asked by the lawyer whether the doctor did not make several visits after the patient was *out of danger?*

"No" replied the witness, "I considered the patient *in danger* as long as the doctor continued his visits!"

C. W. NETTLEHORST. D. W. NETTLEHORST

NETTLEHORST & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Hollow Ware, &c.

Shop and Store Room in Edsall's Buildings, one door north of H B Reed's Drug Store.

WE keep constantly on hand a perfect assortment of

Cook, Parlor, & Box Stoves

From the justly celebrated Foundries of Troy N Y embracing all of the latest improvements, and also, many of the most approved Patterns of Ohio and Pennsylvania Stoves. We would therefore solicit a share of our friends who want any thing in our line to give us a call. We not only warrant our stoves, but also our TIN WARE, to give entire satisfaction, as we employ none but experienced Workmen.

P. S. If you want anything in the way of Job tinning such as

Pavetroughs Spouting, &c.,

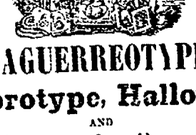
Call at Nettlehorst & Co. We are prepared to do it with neatness and dispatch.

Nov 14th, 1857.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City FREE OF CHARGE

Fine Picture Gallery in the West



DAGUERREOTYPE,

Ambrotype, Hallotype,

AND

Photographic Rooms,

Over Evans' Store corner of Calhoun and Main sts

AMBROTYPES, 25 CTS.

A. McDONALD has returned from the East with the finest and best assortment of MATERIALS ever brought into this city, carefully selected by himself and will sell at the lowest figures.

P S The principal Operators in the Union are condemning the Ambrotypes as not being durable, and I am of that opinion myself: I have therefore concluded to commence the DAGUERREOTYPES, and persons wishing for either of those pictures can have them executed in the finest style at my new Rooms over Evans & Co.'s Dry Goods Store, Fort Wayne, Ind 29

To the Stockholders of the FORT WAYNE WESTERN R. R.

OFFICE OF THE FORT WAYNE WESTERN R. R Co
FORT WAYNE, January 1, 1858

THE Stockholders of the Fort Wayne Western Railroad Company in the County of Allen, Indiana, are hereby notified that, in addition to the three first instalments heretofore required of them, the remaining seventy per cent. of the stock subscribed by them, respectively, is required to be paid up by them to me, as Treasurer, in further instalments as follows:

The fourth instalment of 10 per cent on the 10th day of February, 1858.

The fifth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of March, 1858.

The sixth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of April, 1858.

The seventh instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of May, 1858.

The eighth instalment of ten per cent. on the 10th day of June, 1858.

The ninth instalment of 10 per cent on the 10th day of July, 1858.

And the tenth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of August, 1858.

By order of the Board of Directors,

7.27 THOMAS TIGAR, Treasurer.

NEW STOCK

At the Old Boot and Shoe Store,

2 Phœnix Block, Calhoun st.

E. VORDERMARK has just received a full and very superior assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

which he intends selling at the very lowest prices.

The Stock includes all the newest and most seasonable styles, from the best eastern manufactories.

Additional supplies will be constantly received, so as to keep the assortment complete.

Being a practical workman, he will give particular attention to

Home Made & Custom Work

and can warrant his articles to be well and faithfully made, and of the best materials.

Calf and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans, and Ladies wear of all kinds,

kept on hand or made to measure.

Sept. 11. 1857 1—48

Leather & Findings.

FRY & CHEESMAN,

WELL and long known in this city, have opened up, in connection with their Tannery, a

Leather Store

On Columbia st, Fort Wayne,

In the room formerly occupied by R W. Taylor & Co., west of Calhoun, where they keep a full assortment of Leather, such as

FRENCH CALF,
SOLE LEATHER, all kinds,
UPPER LEATHER,
COMMON CALF,
KIP SKIN,
HEAVY UPPER,
EASTERN of all kinds,
SHOEMAKER'S FINDINGS,
HARNESS LEATHER,
BRIDLE LEATHER,
ALL KINDS OF LININGS
ETC, ETC, ETC.

All of which they will sell to the trade, or by retail, and at prices which will be of advantage to the buyer

Their facilities for making Leather are as good as any in the city, and hence, they can sell cheap as any.

N. B—They buy Hides and Pelts.

50,000 HIDES WANTED,

For which the highest cash prices will be paid. Call and examine our stock.

Fort Wayne, Oct 3d, 1857. 1y

NEW GOODS!

The Emporium of Fashion is now open.

AND STILL THEY COME with one continual rush to see one of the most Magnificent assortments of

DRY GOODS

that you can find in Northern Indiana.

SILKS

of all the latest styles: Fancy Collars; besides a large stock of BLACK SILKS, that we are enabled to sell at lower prices than you will find in this market. Also

DRESS TRIMMINGS

of every grade, style and price for the million

WHITE GOODS.

A full and complete assortment.

Large stock of EMBROIDERIES of all the new patterns A good assortment of

HOSIERY & GLOVES,

And a large assortment of all other Goods usually kept in a Dry Goods Store, too numerous to mention

All the above Goods were bought under unusually favorable circumstances, just after the recent crash in the Wall Street Banks and the consequent depreciation in the money market, and the looked for failures of the Importers and Jobbing Houses obliged them to sell to cash customers, we availed ourselves of these great bargains, and willing to give our customers the benefit of them, we would invite all the Ladies and the balance of mankind, or we have the goods and are bound to sell them Bring along your cash.

Oct 10, 1857. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

Stewart's Large Oven, Air-Tight,

SUMMER AND WINTER

COOKING STOVE,

COMBINING economy of fuel and time perfection in Cooking and Baking, with great durability and convenience. This is warranted to be

The Best and most complete Cooking Stove

now made, and by a peculiar arrangement or reflectors the heat may be all retained in the stove, and the room kept cool and pleasant. A great saving is thus effected, and the comfort of those using the stove secured Housekeepers are invited to call and examine this triumph of modern invention.

For sale by A. S. BRANDRIFF,
July 24, 1857. *Sign of the Golden Stove.*

H. WILLIAMS, A. C HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Fruit, Glass, Nails, Woodenware,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Lard, &c.,

No 85 Columbia street,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

MERCHANTS supplied with Groceries of all kinds, on as favorable terms, all things considered, as can be purchased in *any market*

☞ *All orders filled with dispatch.* ☜

Jan. 17, 1857. 1y29

B. W. OAKLEY

Will give his exclusive attention to the

HARDWARE BUSINESS,

and will keep always on hand a superior assortment of HARDWARE well selected to suit this market, and of the best quality. He will sell at *reasonable prices* and it will give him great pleasure to serve his old friends and make himself useful to the public generally in his line of business He has prepared to fill all orders correctly and with dispatch.

In his stock may be found

Scythes, Sneths, Forks, Rakes, Hoes, Shovels, Grain Cradles, Sickles, &c.

IRON of all sizes.

Cast, Blister, German and Spring STEEL

Nails, Brads, Spikes, &c.

Mattocks, Picks, & Grub-Hoes.

Vices, Anvils, Bellows, & Screw Plates.

Bench and Moulding Planes

Socket, Mortice, and Firmer Chisels.

A superior assortment of

Saddlery Ware

of all kinds, Enamelled Leather and Cloths, and CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS generally.

Machine Stretched Leather Belting, Vulcanized Rubber Belting and Packing, and a large stock of

Shelf Hardware.

In short, all articles kept in the Hardware line.

June 27th, 1857. y—52

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE receive, Store, and Forward Goods by the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, and the Toledo, Wabash, & Western Railroads, and by the Wabash & Erie Canal, and deal in all kinds of

PRODUCE,

Salt, Fish, Nails, Pork, Beef, Flour, Glass, Coal, &c.

☞ We are also Agents for

Fairbank's Celebrated Scales

and

DUPONT'S GUN POWDER,

For Sporting and Blasting purposes. And for

Peacock & Son's Steel Plow.

Our Warehouse is well located on the Canal Basin at the east end of Columbia street, at the termination of the side track of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne, & Chicago Railroad.

Fort Wayne, April 4, 1857.

C. L. HILL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller & Stationer,

Calhoun St., Fort Wayne.

School, Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books; Writing, Wrapping and Printing Papers; Fancy Articles, &c.

Pianos, Melodeons, Guitars, and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

BOOK BINDING promptly executed.

FRESH TAMARINDS just received and for sale by J. U WINSLOW.
83 Columbia street.

HARD TIMES

And Prices to Match.

EMBROIDERIES almost given away We have just received a large invoice of New Embroideries, consigned to us from an Eastern House, which will be sold at ruinously low prices. In the lot, we offer

1000 Jaconet Collars at one half the usual price
500 Muslin do, at 20 cents, worth 5 shillings.

500	"	"	25	"	50 cents.
500	"	"	31 cts.	"	56 "
500	"	"	37	"	62 "
500	"	"	50	"	87 "

1000 Jaconet Bands 2 yards long, and warranted to wash, for 10 cts, worth 37.

500 Jaconet Bands at 20 cents, worth 62.

750 do, 2¼ yards long, for 80 cents, worth $1,50

100 sets Collars and Sleeves at 75 cts, worth 1 75

475 pair Sleeves at 20 cts a pair, worth 50 cts

500 do at 25 cents, worth $1 00

Jaconet and Muslin Flouncings, elegant work and beautiful patterns, for one half what they can be purchased for at any other house: and a whole raft of Edgings, Insertings, Bands, Infant's Waists, Infant's Robes, Thread Edgings, &c., &c. All of which will be sold without regard to cost, at 75 Columbia street, by

Oct 13 h WM T. ABBOTT.

☞ New England money taken at par in exchange for Goods

100,000 Hides Wanted!

FOR which the highest market price will be paid in Cash

Jan. 31. H. C GREY & Co.

New Grocery and Provision Store!

Corner of Berry and Calhoun streets, opposite G. Miller's.

A. G. BARNETT respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has opened in the above store, (formerly Reiter's Confectionary,) a full stock of choice.

FAMILY GROCERIES

Crushed, Coffee, and N. Orleans Sugars; Rio and Java Coffee; Teas, Pepper, Spices, Tobacco, Segars, Pickles, Sauces, &c., &c.

CONFECTIONARIES

Of all kinds, Wholesale and Retail.

PROVISIONS such as Potatoes Butter, Eggs, Fruit, Flour, Corn Meal Dried Beef, Hams, Fish; &c.

Cash paid for all kinds of Farmers' Produce.

It is his design to furnish his customers with the very best and choice articles in the above line, and to sell at the very lowest prices, and he therefore hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

Nov 231. tf—21

PILES! PILES! PILES!!

This hitherto intractable disease, of every form and in every stage,

CURED BY EXTERNAL APPLICATION ONLY

Dr. Cavanaugh's

PILE SALVE

WILL never fail in giving immediate relief, and positively curing the worst and most obstinate case of Hemorrhoids or Piles. It is the

ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDY KNOWN

here or elsewhere for the Piles, and the result of years of patient study and investigations.

Sufferers from Piles now have a remedy at hand which will

Stand the Test of Trial,

without the fair of failure on its part to do all the proprietor claims for it,

Full directions accompanying each box; and all that is requisite is strictly to observe them, and a cure is certain to follow.

The proprietor refers to the following testimonials from gentlemen of character and standing, who have voluntarily given their certificates in its favor in regard to its efficacy in their own cases. Read them

The following is from one of the most reliable citizens of Chicago, the late Treasurer of Cook County Illinois:

Chicago, July 25, 1855

Dr. Cavanaugh:—Dear Sir,—I wish hereby to make known to the afflicted that I have been troubled with the Piles for twenty years and upwards, and at times most severely. And during a recent and exceedingly painful attack a friend procured a box of your Salve, and asked me to give it a trial I did so; not however with the expectation of benefiting my disease, for truly, I had tried so many applications I had lost confidence in all. But in making use of your Salve, I soon found that it was doing me good; and really it is incredible to myself, that with only about two weeks' use of your Salve, I am so far as I can judge a well man

I most cheerfully make this statement, believing it due both to yourself and such as may be afflicted with this most painful and trying disease. I do not hesitate to say that I consider your preparation an invaluable remedy for the Piles.

Most sincerely yours, J N N. HEALD.

The Hon Richard Yates, late member of Congress from the Springfield District, says:

Jacksonville, Ill., Nov. 15 1855.

Dr Thos. H. Cavanaugh—Dear Sir,—The preparation, Cavanaugh's Pile Salve, which you furnished, I found of great service, producing an easy and speedy cure I do not hesitate to recommend it as an invaluable remedy for the Piles

Respectfully, RICHARD YATES.

☞ Price $1 per Box. For sale at Fort Wayne by Wall & Meyer, H B Reed & Co, J. U. Winslow, Smith and Brackenridge, Meegan & Nill, and H. G. Wagner, and by Druggists and dealers generally

1y6m33

FRUIT TREES

AND

SHRUBBERY.

WE the undersigned, Proprietors of the Elm Park Nursery, and members of the firm of Fletcher, Williams & Loomis, of the Western Commercial Nursery at Indianapolis, Indiana, take this means of informing the public that we have purchased all the right, title, and interest of I. D G Nelson in the Elm Park Nursery, as heretofore carried on by W H. Loomis & Co, and that every effort will be made, as heretofore, to merit the trade and confidence of the people. Having been engaged in the Nursery and Fruit business (and no other) for the past fifteen years, we are confident that we are qualified to meet the wishes of our patrons in the particular, and to give valuable aid and advice in all matters connected with the Fruit business. The stock which we now offer for sale has been got up with the view of adaption to our soil and climate knowing as we do that such will exceeed when Eastern trees will in most cases utterly fail

We therefore have the pleasure of offering for sale

10,000 Peach Trees

of the very best leading varieties A superior quality

STANDARD & DWARF PEAR TREES

STANDARD & DWARF CHERRY TREES

of the best, leading, hardy sorts

Also a large collection of superior

APPLE TREES

Three years old, not so large as we could desire, but thrifty in growth, and unsurpassed in excellence of variety.

GRAPES, CURRANTS, & GOOSBEERRIES,

a large collection.

EVERGREENS,

consisting of

BALSAM FIR, NORWAY SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, RED CEDAR AND AMERICAN ARBOR VITÆ,

at from four to two shillings each, according to size

We will sell 100 Peach Trees, one year from bud at twelve dollars; fifty for seven dollars, and 1 000 at $75. For less than fifty, fifteen cents a piece will invariably be charged.

Terms CASH on all bills under $25, and if desired, on bills exceeding that amount, six months credit will be given on the best of paper, with interest, and well endorsed. Address by mail,

LOOMIS & FLETCHER,

April 10, 1858. 3 n Fort Wayne, Ind.

FIVE REASONS WHY

C. Orff can sell Goods low.

1ST. He does not sell on credit, hence no losses to put on prompt paying Customers.

2d. He buys all for Cash and short time.

3d He is a working man, and does not hire "*gentlemen,*" to take care of his business

4th. All his clerks are working men

5th. The greatest of all, he lives within his means.

March 27, 1858.

GIFTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS

AT

REED'S DRUG STORE,

consisting of a choice assortment of

Perfumery & Fancy Articles

offered at

Prices to suit the Times!

I HAVE just opened a large stock of PERFUMERY, FANCY ARTICLES TOYS, &c, for the Holidays, among which I will offer at reduced prices the following

EXTRACTS.

FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF AND TOILET,

LUBIN'S Paris.
RIMMEL'S London.
MAUGUET & CORDAY'S Paris,
FARINA COLOGNE Paris.

FOR THE HAIR.

Pomades, Philocomes, Restoratives and Dyes Ox Marrow and Bears Grease.

SOAPS.

Low's Brown Windsor, Low's Honey Soap. Haull's Honey Soap. Roussell's Almond and Floating Soap; Taylor's Wright's, Haull's, Roussell's and Bazin Crystaline, Wash Balls and Bar Soap, Walnut Oil, Military Shaving, Soap Shaving, Cream, etc.

SHAVING BOXES AND BRUSHES

Powder Puffs in Boxes, Toilet Powder, Mexen Fun Lilly White, Pearl Powder, and Rouge.

A large assortment of

Brushes.

Hair Brushes, Cloth Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Flesh Brushes, and Dressing Combs.

Also a large lot of Porte-Monaies, Port Fonses, Pocket Books, Cigar Cases, Card Cases, with an endless variety of other Fancy Toys and useful articles, all admirably suited for *Holiday Gifts*, which are offered CHEAP at the DRUG STORE

Cornes of Calhoun and Columbia Sereets.

December 26th, 1857.

2000 SEAMLESS BAGS,
5 bales Carpet Warp—white and colored.
250 kegs Juniatt's Nails,
H R. SCHWEGMAN.

O H. Smith's Great Work!

Early Indiana Trials & Sketches.

REMINISCENSES by Hon. O. H Smith. In one octavo volume. One of the best and most interesting books ever published; throwing much light on the early history of Indiana and its old settlers Just published, and for sale by

C L HILL

March 27, 1858.

HARDWARE.

OLIVER P. MORGAN,

Successor to H. Durrie,

No 81 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Ind

OFFERS a large assortment of STOVES which for quality and variety is equal to any in this market, at *greatly reduced prices.* Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call at least before buying elsewhere.

He is now receiving a large variety of

HARDWARE,

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON

AND STEEL, OF ALL SIZES,

Axles Eliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices,

and other heavy goods, which in variety will compare with any stock in this vicinity.

FARMER'S GOODS,

such as Chains of all kinds, Shorels, Spades, Scoops, Forks, Grubbing Hoes Picks, &c, &c.

Building Materials

including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS—Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, &c.

MECHANICS' TOOLS for Carpenters and Joiners, Blacksmiths and Coopers, fully up to the times in shape and quality.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,

of a greater variety than is usually found

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Castors, Tea and Table Spoons, Forks, &c

SOLAR & FLUID LAMPS,

Britania Tea Setts Curtain Cornices and Bands, together with

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

of every kind and variety.

He is prepared to execute any order for the manufacture of

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Work

To Merchants he offers an assortment of TIN WARE, warranted in quality, at *Lower Prices* than usual

Tin Plate and Tinners' Goods always on hand.

Dec. 19 1856. y—25

MACABOY SNUFF—a fine quality of Lorillard's rose scented, at J U WINSLOW.

FLUID EXTRACT OF VALERIAN, for sale at Apothecaries' Hall, 83 Columbia Street

NITRATE of silver *Pure* in Pencils and cristals Sulphate of Quinine; Sulphate, Muriate, and Acetate of Morphia; Strychnia Veratria, Padophilin, Iodine, Iodide of Iron, Hydrdate of Potassa, Acetate of Iron, Phosphate of Iron, Citrate of Iron and pure Iron Filings.

For sale by J. U. WINSLOW,
Aug 30. *At Apothecaries Hall.*

Splendid Prizes for Farmers!

Two Ways of making Money!!

No 1, One Silver Watch..... $10
2, One Canary Bird..... 5
3, One pr Boots made to measure 5
4, Copy of Fort Wayne Newspaper to be selected by the winner.. 2

The above prizes will be paid to persons delivering the most

BARK

To H. C. GREY & Co,

at their Tannery on the Feeder Canal, near Capt. Rudisill's Mill, by the first day of August, 1857

The bark must be either

White or Black Oak,

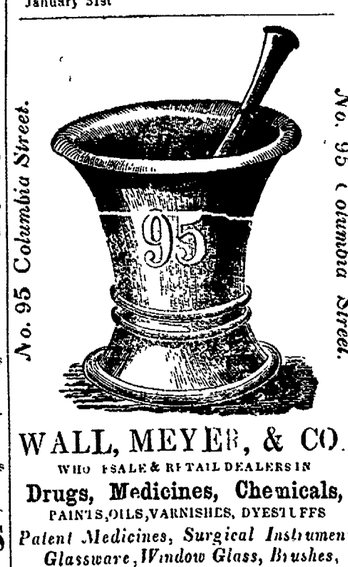
in good condition, and of this year's peeling.

The person bringing the most bark will receive the first prize; the one bringing the next largest amount will receive the second prize, and so on.

We will pay

The Highest Market Price in Cash for all Bark delivered

January 31st



WALL, MEYER, & CO.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS

Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes,

of all kinds

Pure Wines & Brandies!

Perfumery Soaps, and Fancy Articles,

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drugs and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.

NEW LIQUOR STORE.

L. FALK,

Wholesale Dealer in Foreign & Domestic

LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.,

No. 93 Columbia street.

One door east of Meyer & Croter's Drug Store,

IS just opening and will keep constantly on hand a large stock of

Cherry Brandy,	Stomach Bitters,
French "	Champagne Wine,
Catawba "	Port "
Domestic "	Malaga "
Apple "	Sweet "
Jamaica Rum,	Muscat "
St Croix "	Madeira "
Gin	Sherry "
Old Bourbon Whisky,	Catawba "
Rye "	French "
Monongahela "	White "
Common "	Rhine "
Schiedam Schnaps.	Claret "

Also, a large assortment of Imported and Domestic

Cigars & Sardines

To which I would call the attention of both the City and Country Trade. All who want first rate articles, at

CHEAP PRICES,

will please give us a call. April 17 57 tf—42

KID GLOVES.

October 3d, 1857

A COMPLETE assortment of Ladies and Gents white black and colored Kid Gloves of the best quality, this day opened and for sale by

WM. T. ABBOTT.

GAUNTLETS,

LADIES Lisle, Taffeta, Kid, Buck, and Merino Gauntlets—plain and fancy tops

Also Gents Buck and Cloth do, at the Boston Dry Goods Store. Oct

DRAKE & BOURIE

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

HAVE removed their Wholesale and Retail Provision Emporium to No. 5 Phœnix Block, Calhoun street, two doors north of Evans & Co, where they have just received a large choice stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Pickles, Preserves, Can Fruits, Confectionaries, Fish, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold very low for cash, and cash only.

To Farmers they offer the highest cash price for all kinds of marketing, and to the Citizens of Fort Wayne, the largest and most complete assortment of EATABLES in the city, *delivered Free of Charge* at their residences

Are Agents for Maltbey's celebrated

Baltimore Oysters.

Dec 1, 1856.

HONEY SOAP—A large lot of this popular soap; also an endless variety of Toilet Soaps, at *Apothecaries Hall.*

MARSH-MALLOW PASTE—Jujube Paste—Lemon Rose, Banana, Pine-Apple, Liquorice, Hourhound, Wild-Cherry and Iceland Moss Gum Drops for sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

HECKER'S FARINA, Pearl Tapioco, Pearl Sago, Pearl Barley, Bermuda Arrow-root—fresh and of the best quality, at 83 Columbia street:

J. U WINSLOW.

CHLORIDE of Lime and Chloride of Soda, at *Apothecaries Hall*, 83 Columbia st

COFFEE—Old Gov Java, 6lbs for a dollar, at J. U WINSLOW'S

PURE LEMON JUICE—Identical with the ex pressed juice of Fresh Lemons. For sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

ENGLISH BREAKFAST and fine Oolong Teas, for sale at 61 Columbia steet.

J U WINSLOW.

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale on liberal terms of payment:

LOTS 11 and 12 in block 24, Ewing's Addition, (map late residence), price $3,000.

Also the middle 20 feet (adjoining Mr. F Nirdlinger's) of lot 540, Hanna's addition Price $1,000.

82 Acres of Land, 1½ mile from town, adjoining James Embey's farm on the south, and Simon Edsall's farm on the west; 40 acres are well cleared and fenced, Price $4,000.

80 Acres of Land near the Piqua Road, 2½ miles from Fort Wayne, 8 acres cleared, the balance well timbered. Price $2 000.

The above property is rapidly rising in value, and presents a rare opportunity for investment to persons desiring property in and near Fort Wayne.

I also offer for sale, in lots to suit buyers, Lots and Out-Lots in New Haven, and over 7,000 acres of valuable timbered and farming lands, on and near the Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis, and Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroads, in the eastern part of Allen County.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 28, 1856. tf—39

PIANO FORTE WAREROOM

HILL & JACOBS having opened rooms for the sale of Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, keep on hand a full assortment of

Piano Fortes & Melodeons,

of various styles and qualities, from the most celebrated Manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC—A large collection kept on hand New Music constantly received.

A fine assortment of

Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.

Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.

Feb 6, 1856.

LATEST NEWS!

Reported expressly for CARIER & WEHMER, by the Telegraph Line *The Rumor.*

END OF THE WAR IN PALESTINE!

Jerusalem Bombarded and Taken

By the French and Germans!

Carier & Wehmer,

Wholesale Liquor Dealers,

63 Columbia St, Fort Wayne, Ind.

HAVE just received the largest and best selected assortment of the following articles, which they are ready to sell at lower figures than any house in the State.

Brandies—

1 Champagne Brandy.
2 French do
3 Cognac do of Rasteau de Sazac, Pinet Castillon, and Otard Dupuy.
4 Catawba do
5 Domestic do.
6 Cherry do.
7 Kummel do.

Gin—Schiedam Shnapps.

Cordials—

Bordeaux
Anisette.
Maraschino.
Curacao.
Absinthe
Brandy Fruits

Whiskey—

Rye Whiskey. Monongahela. Bourbon.

Wines,

Haut Sauterne.
Claret, Rhine.
Champagne, Madeira
Muscat Sherry Catawba
Port Malaga.
Ginger,

Rum—Jamaica. Santa Cruz. Batavia.

AGENTS for the sale of Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters, and also for Greene's Aromatic Sap.

Also a large assortment of imported and domestic CIGARS, SARDINES, &c., &c.

May 23 1857. 47

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $12000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from HANGING ROCK metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS—We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market; it outstrips all competition wherever introduced I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the signe of the Golden Stove, by A. D. BRANDRIFF.

September 22d, 1855

PARLOR COOKING STOVES.—You will find three kinds of these Stoves at BRANDRIFF'S

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are both beautiful Stoves; for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE.—We have five sizes of this Stove, warranted good; also, the Hoosier Stat, takes 30 inches wood, which suits the farmers. This Stove has long been their favorite, is heavy and never breaks We will warrant it one year. Can be had at PRANDRIFF'S.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S.

Ironton Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find six sizes of this excellent Stove of heavy plate, at

Sept. 10. BRANDRIFF'S

ELEVATED OVEN.—This Stove we get manufactured for this market, out of HANGING ROCK and he only one made of the kind exclusively of the material in the United States; it has two fire-chambers is a quick baker, and is the best kind of house warmer We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality, by BRANDRIFF

UNION Box Stove—3 sizes new pattern for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

10,000 Lbs of SHEET IRON and Stove Pipe for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

BEST PREMIUM.—We have 5 sizes of these Stoves; they are truly what their name indicate For sale nowhere but at BRANDRIFF'S.

500 Lbs. SAD IRON for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

TIN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S

SEVEN sizes Fluted Box Stoves; very cheap and handsome plated at BRANDRIFF

Indiana Six Hole Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find two sizes of this stove, of heavy plate, and a good baker of beatiful design, at the sign of the Golden Stove.

THE IOWA—This is a new Stove, just out, and is destined to meet with rapid sales in this city, it is everything that is nice and good. The sight of it is sufficient We have the exclusive sale of it; the price is low. Call at BRANDRIFF'S.

KANSAS PARLORS.—3 sizes of this new and beautiful Parlor Stove, got up this season, and will carry off the palm. For sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

1853 FORT WAYNE 1853

STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C BOWSER JOSEPH STORY.

BOWSER & STORY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses.

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for old Castings and Brass

Fort Wayne, October 20. 1853. y16

HUGH B. REED,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 18—No 16 | FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1858 | WHOLE No 1300

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearage are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING,

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the Agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

IS prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms. This Company has a Capital Stock of

$300,000.

All paid and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. y17

General Insurance Agency,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500,000

MERCHANTS FIRE & MARINE INS. Co
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.—Capital $100,000

STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N. Y.—Capital $150,000.

The above Companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

HOUGH & JONES, *Agents.*

May 17th, 1855. y46

By State Authority.

Choice First-Class Insurance.

—BY THE—

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO. HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

Cash Capital $1,000,000.

ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED,

With a Surplus of $506,387.88.

And the practice of THIRTY EIGHT YEARS success and experience.

Assets, January 1, 1858:

Cash in hand and Deposits in Hartford Banks,	$318,123 69
Cash in transit and Agents' hands,	Int. 872 65
Money due the Company, secured by Mortgage,	5,418 01
Real Estate unincumbered,	47,653 42
Bills Receivable,	35,177 13
	Market Value.
103 Bonds 6, 7 & 10 per cent. Interest generally,	102,009 00
837 Shares Railroad Stock,	54,446 00
80 do. Connecticut River Co. Stock,	1,250 00
60 do. Suffield Bank "	5,000 00
50 do. Waterbury Bank "	5,000 00
30 do. Providence "	1,500 00
2300 do. Hartford "	199,650 00
2035 do. New York "	500,662 50
15 do. Jersey City "	1,425 00
100 do. U. S. Trust Co., N. Y. "	10,000 00
100 do. N. Y. L. Fire and Trust Co. "	22,500 00
	$1,506,387 83
TOTAL LIABILITIES: Unrefuted Claims not due,	$116,925 84

LOSSES EQUITABLY ADJUSTED & PROMPTLY PAID,

Upwards of $11,000,000

Of Losses have been paid by the Ætna Insurance Co., in the past 38 years.

Fire and Inland Navigation.

Risks accepted on terms consistent with solvency and fair profit.

Especial attention given to Insurance of Dwelling Houses and Contents for terms of 1 to 5 years.

The progress of this corporation have been stable and uninterrupted through seasons of financial sunshine and storm, or periods exempt from or exempt from sweeping conflagrations and maritime disasters. Being fully established on a cash basis, the troubles of the credit system affect us in no material particular.

During "hard times" the security of reliable Insurance is an imperative duty—the ability of property owners to sustain loss being then much lessened.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns throughout the State. Policies issued without delay, by any of the duly authorized Agents of the Company.

The Business intended to with diligence and fidelity.

JOHN HOUGH Jr. Agent.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HOUGH & JONES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, will attend to all legal business intrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

Office—Calhoun street.

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Office—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under the Sentinel Office.

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Office—On Calhoun street, one door south of P. Kiser's (second story).

F. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.

Office—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Settling of Debts, the payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana.

Office—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

W. S. SMITH. W. W. STEVENS.

SMITH & STEEVENS,
Attorneys at Laws,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.

Surveys of Real Estate negotiated.

☞ OFFICE—Over City Auction Store. 36

BENJAMIN SAUNDERS,
JUSTICE OF PEACE,
No. 2 Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street,
(next door to the Sentinel Office.)
p6m19 FORT WAYNE

MEDICAL NOTICES.

HOMŒOPATHY.

DR. G. W. BOWHIN,
HOMŒOPATHIST,

Residence on Berry street, three doors Calhoun street, opposite the Public Square.

FORT WAYNE IND.

Dr. C. S. Smith.

Office on Calhoun street, over Hill's Book Store Fort Wayne, Ind.

HOMŒOPATHY.

DR. M. LEONARD, M. D. respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. Bowhin, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

RAILROAD NOTICE.

THE PITTSBURGH, F. WAYNE & CHICAGO Railroad Company

WITH its ample rolling stock and equipment, is prepared to transport Passengers and Freight from

Philadelphia & Pittsburgh to Chicago,

ST. LOUIS, INDIANAPOLIS, CINCINNATI,

And all places West and South-West,

With a great degree of regularity and expedition.

The fact that this road forms a direct and consolidated line between PITTSBURGH and CHICAGO, is a sufficient guarantee that its Trains will make time, and connections with Trains on other Roads.

Change of Time.

GOING WEST.

PASSENGERS TRAINS LEAVE

	Mail.	Fast Express.
Pittsburgh,	2 40 A M	2 15 P M
Crestline,	10 00 A M	10 30 P M
FT. WAYNE,	5 40 P M	5 30 A M
REACH CHICAGO.	7 00 A M	1 30 P M

All Trains make close connections at CRESTLINE for COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS and SAINT LOUIS.

Also at FORT WAYNE with Trains on Wabash & Western Railroad for *Lafayette, Central Illinois, and St. Louis.*

Also at Forest with trains on the M. R. & L. E. R. R.

RETURNING.

	Fast Express.	Mail.
From Chicago,	10 00 P M	6 30 A M
FT. WAYNE,	5.45 A M	2 10 P M
Crestline,	12 01 P M	8.10 P M
Arr. Pittsburgh,	8 50 P M	6 10 A M

Making close connections with trains for Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York.

Trains from St. Louis, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, and Columbus make close connections at Crestline with all returning trains. At Fort Wayne trains from St. Louis, Central Illinois, Lafayette, and intermediate places, connect with above trains. At Forest, connections are made with trains to and from Cincinnati, Springfield and Dayton.

☞ *Baggage checked through, and no charge for handling.*

☞ For tickets and further information apply to A. T. Johnson, Agent, at the Great Western Railroad Office, directly on the corner, at the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, or to G. A. Parkin, Passenger Station, Penn Street, between Wayne and Canal; H. F. Patrick, No. 30 Dearborn Street, opposite the Tremont House, Chicago, or to the Agents at the Stations on the line.

☞ All Trains stop at Fort Wayne 15 minutes.—Remember above is *Chicago time.*

J. J. HOUSTON, Gen. Pass'r Agent.
D. W. ROSS, Pass'r Agt Chicago.
JOS. H. MOORE, SUPERINTENDENT.

May 10th, 1858 y51

New and Direct Route

FROM

Toledo to St. Louis,

Springfield, Naples, Decatur, and all points in the West.

TOLEDO WABASH, & WESTERN RAILROAD

No change of Cars or Baggage between Toledo and St. Louis.

ON and after Monday, May 10th, 1858, Trains will leave Fort Wayne as follows:

GOING WEST,
Mail Express..... 5.00 A.M.
New York & St. Louis Express..... 5.00 P.M.

GOING EAST,
New York & St. Louis Express..... 3.00 A.M.
Mail Express..... 12.30 P.M.

Passengers by either of these trains are through to St. Louis without change of Cars, *an advantage not possessed by any on the route.* These trains make close connections at State Line with Great Western Railroad, *for Springfield, Naples, Decatur,* &c.

The Railroad is built and equipped in the most thorough manner, and for SPEED AND COMFORT, is not exceeded by any route to St. Louis.

The Mail Express leaving Fort Wayne at 5:00 A. M. connects at Peru with Morning Trains of the Peru and Indianapolis Railroad, for Indianapolis, and at Indianapolis with *all the Roads leading from that point.*

Trains leaving Fort Wayne at 3.00 A. M. make close connections at Toledo with Trains of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad, for *Cleveland, Dunkirk, Buffalo Albany, New York and Boston.*

☞ FREIGHT TRAINS run daily between Toledo, Fort Wayne and State Line.

GEO. H. BURROWS, Gen Sup't.

Toledo, May 10, 1858.

J. P. HILL. A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS

FORT WAYNE, IND.

115 PIECES RED FLANNEL at ORFF'S

BLACK, BLUE, BROWN, & GREEN BROAD CLOTHS at ORFF'S

SATTINETTS, Jeans, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Linseys & Full Cloths, at ORFF'S

BLACK and Colored Dress Silks, Merinoes, Delaines, Plaids, Cottonys, A'pacas and Bombazines, at ORFF'S

LINEN Table Cloths, Diapers, Crashes, Sheeting at ORFF'S

ROCKHILL HOUSE,

By PHILO RUMSEY,

Corner of Broadway and Main Streets,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

January 20th, 1855. y26

MAYER HOUSE,

Formerly Palo Alto

H. B. GARTIN, Proprietor,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Corner of Wayne and Calhoun Streets.

☞ Omnibus to convey passengers to and from the Cars. 12

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods and Groceries,

Corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

FORT WAYNE, IND.

JONAS W. TOWNLEY. ROBERT TOWNLEY.

BOOKS!

McDONALD'S TREATISE

On the Law relating to the

Powers & Duties

OF THE

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE & CONSTABLES

of the State of Indiana.

Just received at HILL & JACOBS',
February 13, Calhoun st.

HUMPHREY & HURD

CARPENTERS AND JOINERS,

HEREBY give notice to their friends and all whom it may concern, that they manufacture to order all articles in their line of business. Having the most extensive assortment and the very best of materials, they are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch and at the lowest prices. Give us a call.

Fort Wayne, April 17th, 1856 y31

COFFEE by the sack to sell at FIGHER'S.

A Large stock of LARD OIL, SPERM Oil, and BURNING FLUID, Also, Iceland Moss Paste, a delicious remedy for Coughs and Colds; Gum Drops, Jujube Paste, and Cayenne Gum, at WALL, MEYER, & Co's

Dr. W. D. STEWART

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that he has returned to and permanently located in Fort Wayne, where he will continue to practice of Medicine an Surgery. Residence north side of Berry street, two doors west of the 2d Presbyterian Church. Office on Clinton street, immediately over the Post Office.

May 21, 1857. y44

D. J. HOSTETTER'S

STOMACH BITTERS

FOR THE CURE OF

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Constipation, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, every Bilious Complaint arising from a disordered Stomach or Bowels, producing Cramps, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c &c.

All of these ills yield like magic toils vilifying influence upon the system, and for a person in advanced years, or recovering from sickness of any kind, nothing can be more conducive to their convalescence than the use of these Bitters as per directions on the bottles.

Scarcely four years have elapsed since the first introduction of "Dr. J. Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters" to the public, and such has been the success of this article after its tested efficacy by a discriminating public, that during the last year nearly half a million bottles were sold, with a continuous demand in excess of the supply with all the facilities the proprietors have been able to command in its preparation.

Are you dyspeptic? Then take these Stomach Bitters.

Are you bilious? Try one bottle of these Bitters, and be relieved at once.

Are you subjected to indigestion or constipation? Remove the cause by the free use of these Bitters.

Have you fever and ague? How many thousands in the West and South have been cured of this constitution-destroying disease by the free use of these Bitters!

All should try this great Antidote. We venture to affirm that, when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are used, a case of Fever and Ague cannot occur therefore, no family can afford their own interest can afford to do without it.

A WORD TO THE LADIES.

Intercommending to your use Dr. Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters, it is but just to state that as a stimulant to the system, in imparting strength and vigor, preparatory to periodical stages, which are at times attended with much pain and trouble, we know of no preparation more happily adapted to alleviate the afflictions consequent upon this cause, and for cramps in stomach, cholera morbus, and all ailments arising from over indulgence in fruits, vegetables, ice creams, &c., it is certain and almost instantaneous remedy, and no family should be without it.

One wineglassful taken three times each before meals, or half the quantity if the patients are in a weak condition, and increased in proportion to their strength, will be found a great tonic agent, which all will appreciate when personally satisfied of the facts, as they will be by giving the Bitters one trial.

☞ CAUTION ☜

Carelessness should be our study, but more particularly when the health is at stake. Since these Bitters have, from their medical qualities, become so popular, cases have been a great many concoctions called Stomach Bitters, and often represented to be the same in vicinity as Dr. Hostetter's, palmed upon the public. Be careful of these villainous compounds! Our Bitters are put up in square quart bottles, and covered with the patent metallic cap, stamped "Hostetter's Stomach Bitters," and Dr. J. Hostetter blown on the glass. All others are an imitation.

For sale at Fort Wayne, by

SMITH & BRACKENRIDGE, WALL & MEYER.
H. B. REED, H. C. WAGNER.

Nov 7, 1857. y19

FLOUR-SACK FACTORY.

WE have commenced the manufacture of Sacks for Flour, Buckwheat, Meal, &c., and are prepared promptly to furnish all sizes, neatly printed to order, at New York prices, adding transportation. Terms cash.

TRESSELT & Co,

Fort Wayne, March 6. y36

GOOD NEWS!

ALL who want to buy good and CHEAP GOODS are invited to call at

P. PIERR'S.

There they will find every thing right, in

Groceries and Dry Goods.

Molasses, prime article,
Golden Syrup,
Tea from 37½ to $1 00 per lb.
Coffee, 12½ cents per lb.
Sugar very low, and prime article.

Call and satisfy yourselves of the truth.

GLASSWARE exceedingly low; CROCKERY cheap—cheaper than any where else.

Come, come, and see!

January 23d, 1858.

Drug Store Removed!

THE subscriber has removed his establishment, styled APOTHECARIES' HALL, to

No. 83 Columbia street,

directly opposite the Post Office, where he will be happy to serve his old customers, and as many new ones as will be pleased to call.

His stock consists of

DRUGS,

French, English and American Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glass, Acids, Dye Woods, etc

—ALSO—

BRANDIES AND WINES

of foreign importation, and warranted pure.

Agency of Grum & Sommerhalder's and New York Foam Manufacturing Co's ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

Gold and Tin Foil Surgical Instruments, &c., &c.

☞ PRESCRIPTIONS compounded at all hours.

March 26 J. H. WINSLOW

FREIGHT NOTICE.

THROUGH receipts will be given by the Indianapolis & Cincinnati, and Toledo, Wabash & Western Railroad Companies, for the transportation of freights via Peru and Indianapolis, between

Cincinnati & Fort Wayne,

and from Cincinnati to all points on the T. W. & W. R. R.

Rates as Low as by any other Route;

and time quicker—freights are taken through without transfer.

Mark Goods via P. & I. R. R. and deliver at the Depot of the Ind. & Cin. R. R. Co.—for through receipts in Cincinnati call at the freight office or on Mr. SIDNEY RICE, No. 66 3d St.; and at Fort Wayne, at the office of the T. W. & W. R. R. Messrs. KIMBALL & EDSALL, at that point, will also give any desired information and adjust only claims for overcharges.

J. F. CHEEK, Gen. Fr't Agt. I. & C. R. R.
L. N. ANDREWS, Gen. Fr't Agt. P. & I. R. R.
CARL KNOX, Gen. Fr't Agt. T. W. & W. R. R.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 13th, 1858. 16—36

Fort Wayne Academy for Boys.

REV. J. COLLIER, Principal.

English, German, Latin, Arithmetic, Geometry, Algebra, History (Ancient and Modern), Natural Philosophy, Vocal Music.

Optional Studies,

Greek, French, Drawing, Instrumental Music.

The academic year is divided into two sessions of five months each, with vacations of two months at the end of the second session: first session to commence September 1st, second session February 1st. N. B. The next session (being one half of regular session) commences *November 16th.*

Pupils received at the commencement of sessions only.

Price of tuition of regular course, per session, payable in advance..... $12 00
" Optional studies " 5 00

For further information apply to

A. CUTTER, JUNTER, Principal.

To the Trustees, J. COLLINGS, Fort Wayne.
" DR. PRESSBRIDGE, "
6m13 Rev. F. W. BUSSAN, Marion Ind.

NEW BOOKS

Just Received at HILL'S Book Store

ATKINSON'S Oriental, and Western Liberia, geography illustrated.

ATKINSON'S Adventures in the Interior of Africa.

THE World of Mind, by Isaac Taylor.

BERANGER. Two hundred of his Inimitable Poems complete. Edited by William Young.

THE Lady's Almanac for 1858. This little volume should be in the hands of every housewife. Price 25 cents.

EUROPEAN Acquaintance, by D. Forrest.

DOBIE'S Credit, by Chevalier Bonsen.

☞ The above are all new books, and the subscriber would like to sell them.

C. L. HILL.

Interesting from Salt Lake City through an Escaped Mormon.

Probabilities of a Peaceful Result—Brigham Young likely to Retreat—Lack of Military Material—Condition of the Females—Terribly Suffering among the Hand-Cart Emigrants, &c.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Times.

LEAVENWORTH, K. T., April 19.

It was my fortune to meet here Frederick Loba, an ex high Priest of the Mormons, who escaped recently from Salt Lake with his family, and is now in this city. I do not know when I have heard or read a more interesting or remarkable history than his, and within a few days I shall be able to lay it before you in full. For the present I will only say that he is a native of Switzerland, a man of great intelligence and liberal education, an accomplished linguist, and possessing rare conversational powers. He has traveled over and is familiar with every part of Europe, was distinguished in his own land and in Russia for his scientific attainments and was formerly a prominent official in his native town of Lausanne. But notwithstanding all this he became a victim to the strange delusion of Mormonism, and attested his sincerity by forsaking his high, honorable and independent position at home, and journeying with his family to Salt Lake in 1854, in the confident expectation to find there the Zion of God towards which his cultivated enthusiasm and intense religious zeal had turned with the highest and holiest aspirations.

How soul crushing was his disappointment when he reached the much longed for "Valleys of the Mountains," to find them the theatre of lust and crime of every description and the most disgusting character, perpetrated in the name of religion. Once in the city of the Saints, he awoke from his delusion, for his education and refinement were proof against even religious fanaticism and superstition. From that hour his attention was turned to plans for escape from the Valley. Foreseeing, however that this would be impossible if his purpose should be discovered, he was compelled to conceal his true feelings and appear to join with his heart and soul in the ceremonial numeries from which his judgment turned with intensest loathing. He escaped, finally, in April last, and arrived here, after suffering incredible hardships, broken down in health, his family all sick, and without a farthing left of the ample means with which he started towards Salt Lake. No one who talks with Mr. Loba can doubt his sincerity, for honesty is stamped in every lineament, and truth beams out form every line of his eloquently simple narrative.

Of course, then his testimony in regard to the condition and resources of the Mormons at Salt Lake is of especial value, for no man could be better qualified to speak intelligently of the facts, as they are. I have questioned him closely upon these points, with the following result: He says, unhesitatingly, that the Mormons will not attempt to resist the United States troops if they go out in a body, instead of scattering along the road in small and careless parties, as did the Government wagon trains, which were destroyed upon the Plains last season. Mr. Loba met these on his way in and earnestly cautioned their conductors against their carelessness, assuring them of the danger and urging them to concentrate and move forward in a body: but they could see no enemy, nor apprehend any danger, failed to follow the friendly advice, and were cut off and robbed.

Mr. Loba bases his positive opinion that the Mormons will make no attempt at organized resistance upon his personal knowledge of the fact that they have no means of resistance. They have very little ammunition, "no gunpowder factory, no material from which to make the powder, none of the appliances essential to that purpose, nor any simple man who knows how to make one ounce of explosive material, even if his life depended upon it." Nor have they any artillery, with the exception of a piece of cannon, a two-pounder, one of a pair given them long since by the United States—the other one having burst while Mr. Loba was in the Valley. My informant is a man of considerable military capacity having been an officer in the French service in the time of Charles X. This fact becoming known, on his arrival at Salt Lake, he was for a long time besought to accept a military title and position, which gave him ample opportunity of ascertaining the military resources of the country and capacity of its people. He asserts that they have no military knowledge, men if they had arms—that their talk about their battalions and regiments and legions is the veriest humbug imaginable—and that their pretences of the possession of abundant armaments are falsehoods unmitigated. They have no iron from which to cast cannon—and if they had the material, they have no foundry, nor any machinery for boring them nor any mechanic competent to do the work. True, there is an abundance of iron ore 300 miles or more south of Salt Lake City, but it is highly magnetic, and up to the time when Mr. Loba left, although large sums had been expended in experimenting, all efforts to melt it down and render it fit for use had failed. Neither are the Mormons any better off in the matter of manufacturing small arms. They have some few gun tinkers among them; but, as an evidence of their utter incompetency, he mentions the fact that no one of them was able to make a screw for him, to replace one which he had lost from a revolver of peculiar construction.

Mr. Loba estimates the total population of the valley at 32,000 souls. Of these, counting every man from 15 to 60 years of age, he estimates that there are not to exceed 7,500 capable of bearing arms—while not more than 3,000 of the whole number, in his opinion, would make even passable soldiers, under drilling by skillful men. Not one in ten of the entire male population had firearms of any description; and a large proportion of those they have are out of repair and worthless. He has no confidence in the statement that the Mormons have fortified Echo Canon, except it may be by digging ditches, and poising rocks to be rolled down from the lower hanging cliffs. Their beats of mines under the roan, and all that sort of thing, he scouts as idle nonsense. In short, he considers the Mormons destitutes of any effective power of resistance to even the small force already under command of Gen. Johnston, and maintains that Brigham Young's entire reliance has been based upon his hope of being able to deter the United States from attempting to deal with him, by lying boasts of his ability to wage successful resistance.

He believes that when Brigham Young finds his braggadocio has failed, and that the United States authorities are determined to pursue him he will have a "special revelation from God," instructing him to retire from before the Philistines. In obedience to these directions he will go off with his 2,500 Danites or "Destroying Angels," and when the troops arrive at Salt Lake, will be found missing. They will probably go northward to Vancouver's Island, or possibly to the Russian possessions, which they can do easier than go southward to Sonora, as they are without means of subsistance while crossing the desert lying in that direction. There is no probability that the "Saints" will retire in a body thence, to rally in predatory bands upon the Gentile troops or civil occupants of the valley. The Danites—well fitted by experience and wicked instincts for the life of banditti—might take to the mountains; but the masses could not follow them there, because it would be simply a journey to starvation and death. And for this very reason no considerable body even of the Danites will seek the mountain life, because there they could no longer live upon the sweat and blood of the toiling masses, whose tithes and other offerings have heretofore filled to the Mormon hierarchy and their minions of despotism known as "Destroying Angels," the support and means of gratifying their debasing tastes and passions.

Mr. Loba naturally felt very deeply the misery and degradation which Mormonism entails. A man of large heart and noble instincts, he is keenly grieved at the condition of the creatures whom he left under the heel of the Mormon Theocracy. He has witnessed every species of outrage and crime heaped upon men and women in the name of religion, and feels that it is a servitude of the Government of the United States to go to every extreme in order to prevent the sacrifice of further victims. Understanding the whole system of Mormonism in all its secret mysteries and its continued net work of crime, he is firm in the conviction that it can never be tolerated with safety, and that only in extermination can the evil be reached and cured. To this issue he thinks the question must come at last, believing that the "Saints," if they escape now, will eventually force either the Federal Government, or the indignant people of the border, to cut off the tail of the rabid dog, immediately back of the ears.

Perhaps no single incident in connection with Mormon history presents more of horror, than the history of hand cart trains, which you may remember was painted in such glowing colors by some of the Mormon missionaries whose harangues I reported at one of their meetings in New York last summer. I asked Mr. Loba to give me an unvarnished statement of the facts—for it was evident from the story told by the Mormons themselves that they were hiding important details which would not bear discovery. It appears that Young sent Franklin and Saml. D. Richards—two of his shrewdest and most unscrupulous minions—to Liverpool, to superintend the emigration thence to Salt Lake, of the numerous proselytes made in Europe. These men collected a large amount of money from the faithful, in sums of £53 each, which was to purchase wagons and other outfits for the passage from New York to Utah—each sum of £53 providing for a family—or if the man had none for himself and associates. A party of about 2,400 souls, collected under this arrangement, set sail with their faces towards "Zion." On their arrival on the frontier they were informed that Brother Brigham had received a revelation from God, directing that in order to try their faith and thus test who among them were worthy the donors of the faithful, they should journey to Salt Lake in hand-cart trains!

Accordingly, their pilots and leaders—filled with the grace acquired at the feet of their Prophet Brigham—kindly purchased the hand carts for them at the disposal of the newly arrived brethren at exactly double that sum. Of the entire party were compelled to go on foot six to each hand cart, which they dragged along with its contents, consisting of seventeen pounds of luggage to each person. All the property of the emigrants, over and above this, they were compelled to throw away, of course—thus losing the little remnant of their savings after having been most religiously robbed of all their cash. New dissentions rose among them, and the result was that they did not reach the banks of the Missouri, from whence we start Westward until the 1st of September.

Here, then, they stood, with twelve hundred miles of weary travel on foot before them, and the merciless rigors of a northern winter staring them in the face. The commonest humanity would have inspired the leaders of the deluded band to stay their steps until the opening spring. But they seem to have been oblivious to any such sentiment. They got up another revelation from on high, in which the travellers were hidden onward, and assured that the angels of the Lord would be upon their right hand and their left, shielding them from harm, providing them sustenance and protection, and conducting the rejoicing into the valleys of the mountains, where dwell the glories of Israel's God!

Thus twenty-five hundred honest simple souls full of honest faith and zeal—old men and young, gentle women and tender children plunged into the wilderness, never doubting the result. Sad to relate, of that entire band, only about two hundred frost bitten, starving and emaciated beings, lived to tell the story of their sufferings! Mr. Loba himself, witnessed the entrance of the survivors—many even of whom were compelled to submit to the rudest kind of surgery for the amputation of limbs already frozen to death. Twenty-three hundred of the devoted band had fallen by the way, tortured victims of hunger and cold some of them indeed torn by famished wolves, while life still struggled for the victory over famishment and frost. The picture is too horrible to contemplate—but my informant states that its truth is well attested by many persons who soon after passed over the scene of this march of death, and found it strewn with its thousands of ghastly human skeletons. He says, too, that among the tribes of Utah white children are now living who were picked up from the snow by the savages, and thus rescued from the death which their parents had failed to escape.

Mr. Loba well asks whether it is not the province of Government to take notice of such events as these, and assay an effort to prevent their recurrence. It was far from sale, however, to suggest such an idea in Salt Lake City. A London friend of Mr. Loba's, named Jarvis, stung at sight of the miserable remnant of the hand cart immigration, remarked, that if such an event had occurred in England, Brigham Young would have been called to account by the Government. For utterance of this sentiment Jarvis became at once the object of cruel persecution. The Destroying Angels burned his house, robbed him, and dragged him out by the hair of the head. He was obliged to fly for his life, abandoning all his property of every description.

The condition of the female portion of the community at Salt Lake is represented as most deplorable. Large numbers of them feel deeply the degradation of their position, and look forward with joy, even to death, as a means of release. When the army shall have reached the Valley, Mr. Loba believes that the greater portion of the female Saints, will avail themselves of the protection thus afforded them, and abandon Mormondom. Many of these will do so because of their sufferings, notwithstanding that they still maintain faith in the doctrine of the Saints, while a larger number will, because of their intent disgust for the whole affair. I have thus given you a few of the prominent facts and suggestions derived from my intelligent informant. His intensely interesting personal narrative shall be forthcoming as soon as he has had time to make it complete.

Strange as it may seem, new victims to the delusions of Mormonism continue to pass up the Missouri, on their way to the Valley. Forty families of them passed here yesterday form St. Louis, on board the steamer Omaha. Russell & Majors, Government contractors endeavored to procure passage hence on the same vessel for a party of their teamsters, but the Captain wisely declined to take them, foreseeing, as he did, that there would be serious trouble between them and the Mormons, for the teamsters were boasting upon the levee of their hostile intentions.

Douglas' Probable Successor.—Should the republicans secure a majority in the Illinois legislature, to be chosen next November, it seems to be understood on all hands that they will select a true and tried friend of their cause to succeed Judge Douglas. Only one person is seriously named in this connection, as yet, and a general agreement in his favor is probable. This is Hon. Abraham Lincoln, formerly of the House of Representatives. He but just missed of an election, instead of Judge Trumbull, the present republican Senator from Illinois. As there are to be two democratic State tickets in the field at the next election, unless there is some very abrupt backing down it is nearly certain that the republicans will carry the State, and have full control of the legislature.

☞ A Paris letter-writer says of Louis Napoleon:

The order of an incessant and horrible danger hanging over his head has so possessed the emperor, that in spite of all his resolves to the contrary, his nervous system is shaken to its roots, and he is in that peculiar state of mind that prevents a man from seeing straight or moving straight. He no longer enjoys his liberty of action or of thought, and his mistaken acts it will be that will probably one day bring a fatal crisis on.

The Acquittal of Dr. Bernard.

The acquittal of Dr Bernard, the Frenchman tried at London for conspiring with Rudio and Pierri, is mainly attributed to the effect produced by the speech of his counsel, Mr Edwin James. The evidence was certainly very telling against the prisoner. His complicity with Rudio and the other conspirators was very fairly made out. It was shown that he was aware of what was going on, that he purchased part of the materials used in the composition of the bombs, and that he officiated as the best friends of the conspirators in England. The character of the defence may be judged from the concluding portion of Mr James's address to the jury:

I have now commented on the facts of this case, and I ask whether it is one in which you will stretch the law and give a verdict for the Crown?—whether the evidence is such as should induce you to consign to death the prisoner at the bar? I should have thought that when, under the dismal twilight of that morning, Orsini and Pierri expiated their crime upon the guillotine at Paris, enough had been done to vindicate the demands of French justice. I should have thought when these were defeated upon their conspiracy left, *which they introduced to place the Emperor, whose hazardy commands had gone in a different shape to the nether courts of Sardinia and Switzerland,* that the Crown prosecutors would have been satisfied. But, no; here the charge of conspiracy is still hanging over the prisoner, it is sought to find him guilty on a charge of willful murder under an act of Parliament which is not applicable to the case, and which I believe to be, so far as the law is concerned, a mockery and a sham. The great object of the French government is, if possible, to establish through you gentlemen, a principle, *that an exile is not to be protected in this country.* It has been the pride of this country to be, as was said by Cicero of Rome, "*locus oppidorum, nationum, portusque refugium.*" How true has that been of this country! We have had exiled kings here, an exiled priesthood, an exiled nobility—we have had the Emperor of the French an exile here, plotting against the throne of Louis Philippe; and now his objects is to destroy that very asylum which afforded a refuge to himself.—Will you allow the laws of England to be perverted for such a purpose? I trust that you will hesitate long before you do so, and that you will see doubts enough in this case which will compel you to say that the crime charged in the indictment has not been proved against the prisoner. I need not remind you that it has been of the greatest advantage to this country that her free shores have been open to exiles from other lands. The repulsion of Philip II. of Spain, led to an insurrection in the Netherlands, and conduced to the more firm establishment of Protestantism in this country; the revocation of the Edict of Nantes drove to our shores the Saurins, the Romillys, and the Labouchères who have shed a lustre on this country. *Will you, then, at the bidding of a neighboring despot, destroy the asylum which aliens have hitherto enjoyed?* No, I am satisfied that you will not; I implore you at least to pause before you do so, because I believe, conscientiously, that you do not see at present the result that may flow from this proceeding. Gentlemen, I have done, I have discharged my duty towards the unhappy gentleman at the bar to the best of my ability. I have discharged it as an English advocate, I believe, ought to have discharged it—fearlessly and conscientiously. Let me urge you to discharge yours also fearlessly, firmly and conscientiously. You will have the case left in your hands, after an able reply from the Attorney General, by one who will hold the scales with an even and impartial hand. I implore you to let the verdict be your own, uninfluenced *by the ridiculous fears of French armaments of French invasions, such as were raised in Pellier's case.* You, gentlemen, will not be intimidated by foreign dictation to consign the accused to the scaffold; you will not pervert and wrest the law of England to please a foreign dictator. No. Tell the prosecutor in this case that the jury box is the sanctuary of English liberty. Tell him that in this spot your predecessors have resisted the arbitrary power of the crown, backed by the influence of crown serjeants and crown judges. Tell him that under every difficulty and danger your predecessors have secured the political liberties of the people. Tell him that the verdicts of English juries are founded on the eternal and immutable principles of justice. Tell him that, unaided in that armor, no threat of armament or invasion can sway you. Tell him that, though 600,000 French bayonets glittered before you, though the roar of French cannon thundered in your ears, you will return a verdict which your own honest and consciences will sanctify and approve, *careless whether that verdict pleases or displeases a foreign despot, or secures or shakes and destroys forever the throne which a tyrant has built up in the ruins of the liberty of a once free and mighty people.* [Distinct clapping of hands and other symptoms of approval were manifested by a portion of the audience at the conclusion of the learned counsel's address, and it was some time before the ordinary aspect of the court was restored.]

The Times then describes in the most graphic manner the scene in the Court room while the jury were out; the whole vast area packed with human beings—ladies, gentlemen and boys; all the streets around the 'Old Bailey" surging with a sea of heads.

Mr. Clark, the Clerk of Arraigns, addressing the jury said: Gentlemen, are you agreed upon your verdict?

The Foreman—We are.

Mr. Clark—How say you? Is Simon Bernard guilty or not guilty?

The Foreman—Not Guilty.

On the announcement of this decision, a scene ensued, unexampled perhaps, in an English tribunal. From the galleries first, and then in an instant afterward from the floor of the court, proceeded a loud shout of exultation. The cheering was again and again repeated—the excitement was contagious—and many of the ladies of quality present waved their handkerchiefs in token of their delight. Vainly did the Lord Chief Justice endeavor by voice and gesture to still the tumult, and as powerless were the stentorian lungs of Mr. Harker, though exerted to the utmost, to restore silence. The prisoner, who was extremely excited, flourished his pocket handkerchief over his head, and several times attempted to speak. By this time, the verdict had reached the ears of the crowd assembled outside the Old Bailey, the rapturous cheer which they raised, and after repeated could be distinctly heard within the court. The Judges unable and perhaps unwilling to check this spontaneous ebullition of popular feeling, but yet not liking to sanction it by their presence rose to depart. The look of Lord Campbell at this moment was of itself a study. Slightly ruffled at the defiance which had been shown to his authority, his Lordship still retained his good humor, and seemed disposed to yield a malignant any homage to the *vox populi.* It may be reasonably presumed that he could not have been indifferent to the result of a trial in which he had played so conspicuous a part; but whatever his feelings may have been in that respect, it was impossible for a spectator to divine them from his countenance.

Bernard at length made a successful attempt to be heard, and addressing the jury, said, with much vehemence of manner—Gentlemen: That verdict is an expression of the truth. I am not guilty, and it proves that in England there is and always will be liberty, which will crush tyranny, wherever and wherever it may be. All honor to an English Jury! [Renewed che

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET

Secretary of State,
DANIEL McCLURE, of Morgan.

Auditor of State,
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.

Treasurer of State,
CATHARIUS F. CUNNINGHAM, of Vigo

Superintendent of Public Instruction,
SAMUEL L. BRIGG, of Allen.

Attorney General,
JOSEPH E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.

For Supreme Judges,
SAMUEL E. PERKINS, of Marion
ANDREW DAVISON, of Decatur
JAMES M. HANNA, of Vigo.
JAMES L. WORDEN, of Whitley.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1858.

Wabash & Western Railroad—CHANGE OF TIME.—The Wabash Valley trains now leave Fort Wayne as follows:

Going West—at 5 A. M and 5 P. M.
Going East—at 5 A. M. and 12:20 P. M.

The Pittsburgh, Ft Wayne, & Chicago trains leave—

Going West—at 5:33 A. M. and 5.10 P. M.
Going East—at 5.15 A. M and 2 15 P.M

The Embarrassment to Kansas—The Republicans have been so alarmed lest the English compromise should be accepted by the people of Kansas and the degraceful squabble which has been so long kept up in the country be put an end to,—in which case their entire stock in trade would be lost, and they would have nothing left under which to rally as a party. Like Othello (a man of their own color and after their own heart) their occupation would be gone.

In this dilemma they seek to attack the English bill; but not being able to find anything in it which is justly obnoxious to censure, they have raised a hue and cry that the land proposed to be donated to the new state is offered as a "bribe" to induce the people of Kansas to accept the Lecompton Constitution. It is true, the bill proposes to allow to Kansas about three and a half millions acres of land—the usual quantity donated to other states: but it is equally true that Kansas, under the ordinance accompanying the Lecompton constitution, claimed twenty-three and a half millions acres and the very question of this reduction of the amount of land granted that the vote in Kansas is to be taken. Kansas claims twenty-three and a half millions of acres, which Congress looks upon as exorbitant, but is willing to admit the new state if they will moderate their demands down to three and a half million acres, or the same amount granted to other states. And this reduction of about four-fifths of the land claimed, is greedy denounced as a bribe! Truly, republicanism must be at a low ebb, and hard run for something to find fault with, when such false and preposterous charges are made.

But to show the folly and inconsistency of this clamor still more clearly, it may be remarked that the proposed grant or "bribe" in the English bill is precisely the same as that contained in the Crittenden amendment and the Montgomery substitute, which were sustained and applauded by these same conscientious republican censors of the "bribe" and were voted for by every republican in Congress. Mr Crittenden first proposed the "bribe;" Mr Montgomery copied the clause containing it; but we, in Mr English, seeing how popular this proposition was, incorporated it in his bill, every republican voted against it, and the whole party throughout the Union denounce it as a bribe to secure the vote of Kansas in favor of the Lecompton Constitution! To such mean, contemptible shifts is this party reduced, in order to keep up the excitement and prevent the settlement of the Kansas difficulties. Can any man, possessing the least claim to honesty, fairness, or common sense support such a course, or be led away by such ridiculous and utterly false charges as are made against this bill? We trust, for the honor of the American people, that no such will be found.

Congress.—Now that the Kansas question is disposed of, Congress appears disposed to attend to its more necessary duties. A large amount of business has been disposed of, but nothing of much special interest, except the bill admitting Minnesota as a State, which has passed both Houses. The Senators elect, Gen. Shields and Mr. Rice have presented their credentials and taken their seats, Messrs. Cavanaugh and Phelps, Representatives, also presented their credentials, which, after some discussion, were referred to the committee on elections.

It may seem singular, but it is no less true; that the admission of Minnesota has been delayed and opposed at every turn by those especial champions of freedom the Black Republicans, and its passage was finally secured by southern democratic votes. The hypocrisy of these republicans and the hollowness of their pretensions in love of freedom and popular sovereignty are strikingly manifested by their course on this occasion. They oppose the admission of a free state—because it had elected democratic officers; but vote for the admission of Kansas with a slave constitution, under the Montgomery Crittenden bill; because they expected it to be represented in Congress by members of their own peculiar stripe. This shows the honesty and the sincerity of Black Republicanism. That party are in favor of "popular sovereignty" when they think the people will decide as they want them to; but when the people decide against them they care no more for the popular voice than though it were the idle wind. Democrats hereafter will know what confidence to place in the professions of this party. Hollow hearted and hypocritical, they care not how frequently or how grossly they belie their professions, so that they can thereby gain a miserable party end.

The President's Honored Trip to the West—The Cleveland Plaindealer learns from unauthorized authority, that during the long recess of Congress, the President contemplates nothing short of the west. His first stopping place will be in Cleveland. We do not know whether he will visit Fort Wayne; it think he ought to do so; for other places has Old Buck more warm and sincere friends, and in none would he be more heartily welcomed.

Kansas.—We have received a long extract from a raw head and bloody bones Indian story, too appalling in a timely New York paper, for publication, for which a fair compensation would be allowed. The balance of the story is to be found only in the New York paper alluded to. We do not approve of this manner of frightening and imposing upon our readers, and should we refuse to insert, and beg our esteemed New York agents not to trouble us with the more advertisements of this nature. Any legitimate advertising from them will always be promptly attended to, but respect for our readers prevents any such publication as the one above referred to.

The English Bill for the settlement of Kansas difficulties, although opposed and denounced by Mr Douglas, appears to be generally acquiesced in by his friends in this state. We believe all the Anti Lecompton democratic papers in the state, express their satisfaction with the compromise, and avow their determination to sustain the regularly organized democratic state ticket. All past differences of opinion are healed up; the party is again united; the democracy of Indiana will present an unbroken front at the next election; and as a matter of course will be successful. There is no hope for republicanism, under whatever name or guise it may present itself in Indiana when the democratic party is united. An insidious attempt has been made to divide the party, and at one time we must admit there seemed some probability that the scheme would prevail; but the rank and file of the party stood firm, and could not be seduced from their allegiance. We honor them for their devotion to democratic principles and usages, and feel assured that the glorious democracy of Indiana can always be relied upon. Buchanan owes his nomination and election more to the democrats of Indiana than to those of any other state, and we rejoice in being able to announce that their confidence in him is unshaken, and their determination to sustain his administration is as firm and decided as were their efforts to elect him. Indiana democracy remains unchanged and unchangeable.

City Officers.—The Common Council at their meeting on Tuesday night, elected Louis T. Bourie, Chief Engineer Fire Department; Wm. Stewart, Market Master; and S. G. Johnson, John Ryan, and Henry Tons, Superivsors, or assistants to the Street Commissioner.

A False Rumor.—Straggling rumors have got into the opposition newspapers intimating probable modifications or changes in the cabinet. These rumors, the Washington Union says, are unfounded and gratuitous. Probably no administration in the history of the country has so entirely harmonized on all measures of policy as the present one: and no fact is more certain than that each and every member of the cabinet enjoys the entire and implicit confidence of the President.

☞ Prof. Hardick designs leaving this city on the 10th June next. Those having Pianos or other musical instruments needing tuning or repairing would do well to call upon him before that time, as they may never meet with another opportunity to have it so well done. Prof. Hardick has given the utmost satisfaction to all who have intrusted their instruments to his care, having in many instances greatly improved their tone and power, and made them better than when new; he has few equals as a tuner in the country.

Mrs. King has just opened a new stock of beautiful spring and summer bonnets, embroideries, artificials &c. Also an assortment of calicoes, lawns, and other dress goods, and some remarkably cheap silk and lace mantillas, &c See advertisement in another column.

Concert.—The Rehearsal of the Summit City Harmonic Society on Monday evening last was a very favorable specimen of the musical talents of our citizens, and gave entire satisfaction to the audience. Many of the pieces were executed in a style that would have done no discredit to professional singers, and, on the whole, we do not think any who heard the performance will accuse us of exaggerated praise when we say that the evening's entertainment was fully equal to any given here by regular concert troupes. It is evident we have musical talent among us, which the Harmonic Society, under its present able management, will cultivate and develope. Owing to the extreme inclemency of the weather the attendance was not so large as it otherwise undoubtedly would have been

☞ Erastus Willard, Esq., brother of Gov Willard of this State, died recently in New Orleans. A friend and fellow-student of the deceased, living in this city, requests us to publish the beautiful tribute to his memory which will be found below; he also handed us the Utica (N. Y.) Observer, from which we extract the following feeling obituary notice of this promising young man:

Death of Erastus Willard.

The hearts of many friends in this County have been saddened by the announcement that Erastus Willard, the youngest and only surviving brother of Hon. A. P. Willard, Governor of Indiana, died at New Orleans on Saturday the 3d inst. Our former notice was so brief and so hurriedly prepared that our readers will pardon another allusion to the event and the life and character of the deceased.

Mr. Willard's age was a few days over twenty-six years. He was born at Whitesboro, Oneida County, March 9th, 1832. This village was then a place of more importance than now. The County Courts were held there and some of the leading lawyers of the County resided there. When Erastus Willard was a boy, his father held the Sheriff-ship of Oneida County for a term of three years. All the sons of Sheriff Willard seem to have imbibed from the scenes with which they were familiar at Whitesboro, a strong predilection for political life. They grew up to be earnest, shrewd and successful politicians, of the Democratic school. Out of five brothers, Governor Willard is the only one now living.

Few young men give promise of a brighter future than did Erastus Willard before disease marked him for an early victim.—His intellect was clear, grasping and comprehensive. His love of books was second only to his love of active life. He was graduated from Hamilton College, last July, as the valedictorian of his class, but owing to his illness was unable to appear at Commencement. He was gifted in a remarkable degree with that fervid eloquence which has made for his surviving brother a national fame. During the political campaign which resulted in the election of James Buchanan, he went through the State of Indiana, speaking from the stump, day after day with a readiness in the use of historical facts, a sweep of logic and an exhaustless enthusiasm that equally surprised and charmed the large crowds that assembled to hear the youthful statesman. Equally marked and admirable were his personal and social qualities. Wherever he went he drew around him many friends by his frankness and generosity. The last few months of his life were spent at Baton Rogue and Tallahassee, and were cheered by the presence of one or more of his most intimate friends. The final resting place of his ashes will be at New Ashby, where he fitted for college. No life is wasted, however short it may be, that teaches such lessons for the living as those gently whispered from the grave of Erastus Willard.—*Utica Observer.*

As a college mate, a student, he was a bright star to those, who with him, trod the paths of thought. When they sought him, 'twas through the labyrinth of classic lore, not along the gay, and festooned walks leading to scenes of festivity and idleness. Genius crulled his infancy; beneol ating voice guided him: and whilst the genius of her aspiration a were glowing with intense, and restless ardor, he was cut down, in reaching forth a faithful hand, to enshrine a gem upon her altar.

Never in any bosom did the title of hope bound with a stronger current, than in his—nightly sights over the dreams of Grecian sages, and Roman Bards; bespoke the welcome cure of his anxious mind.

As a friend he was kind, and quick to forgive. His nice sense of honor won for him respect, and esteem, and made him beloved by all. As a brother, he was without a fault; his heart beat to no unkind notice, and his devoted love, to those around him, was exemplified in his every word and action.

With that little hand, bound together, by the "mystic tie," in our Alma mater, we mourn his untimely doom; with them, we strew our humble garland upon his "turf reard" tomb—where friends may come to freshen memory, and pluck the rose, that bends to kiss his ashes.

O. M.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, May 11.

HOUSE.—Mr. Smith, of Va., asked leave to report a bill to organize the Territory of Nevada.

Mr Clemens of Va., objected.

The House rejected the bill amending the act of 1851, limiting the liabilities of ship owners.

Mr Barroughs, of N. Y., from a special Committee, on the subject of a ship canal around the Falls of Niagara made a report proposing a grant of land in aid of the construction of the work to the extent of one third of its probable cost.

The House then resumed the consideration of the Senate bill for the admission of Minnesota into the Union.

Mr. Blanad, of Md., spoke against alien suffrage, contending that none but citizens of the United States should be allowed to vote.

Mr. Stephens, of Ga., answered various objections made against the bill, arguing that Congress could only look into the Constitution of a new State, to see whether it was Republican in form, and legally and fairly the expressed will of the people; if it conflicts with their Constitution or the United States that instrument points out a remedy.

The Minnesota bill then passed in the form it came from the Senate, by a vote of 157 against 38

The House ordered to be engrossed the resolution, authorizing the President to take prompt measures for the abrogation of the Clayton Bulwer Treaty. The question now recurred on ordering the engrossment of the preamble thereto, asserting that both the American and British interpretation of the treaty had been productive of misunderstanding and controversy. The preamble was rejected—67 against 99. A long debate ensued on the resolution

WASHINGTON, May 12.

SENATE.—A communication was received from the Secretary of War, relative to the proposed purchase of a site for the fortification of the harbor of San Francisco.

Mr Broderick, of California, declared that the whole ranche proposed to be purchased was not worth more than seven thousand dollars.

Mr Fessenden, of Me., objected to the price demanded, $200,000, and thought the necessity was not so urgent that Congress should submit to such an enormous imposition

Mr Gwinn said that the site was indispensable for the protection of the harbor, hence he should not hesitate about the price.

The subject was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

After the transaction of some unimportant business, the consideration of the bill for the repeal of the fishing bounties was resumed.

After some debate, the fishery question was suspended, and the credentials of Mr Rice were presented as Senator for Minnesota. As soon as presented and read Mr Harlan presented charges from the people of Minnesota, charging Rice with corruption in land sales.

Mr Brown objected to the credentials being received, not because the charges were made, but because Minnesota was not a State when she elected Rice and Shields and the whole thing is wrong. A debate ensued.

The charges made me, that Mr Rice sold land at one dollar and a half per acre and gave receipts for one dollar and a quarter per acre.

Mr Seward, of New York, thought Mr Brown more metaphysical than practical.

Mr Bright, of Ind, defended the new Senator from the imputation; he believed that he would satisfactorily explain to the country the matter at issue.

Mr Davis, of Miss, sustained Mr Harlan in presenting these papers of charges.

Mr Rice was then sworn in, and immediately addressed the Senate.

Mr Harlan offered a resolution for a Committee of Investigation to examine the charges, with power to send for persons and papers. Laid over.

Mr Crittenden presented the credentials of General Shields, who was also sworn in as Senator from Minnesota. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, May 13.

HOUSE.—Mr. Philips of Pa., said that Messrs Cavanaugh and Phelps member from Minnesota, were present, and moved that they be sworn.

The certificates of election were read and found to be signed by Samuel Medary, Governor of Minnesota, and dated December.

Mr. Sherman objected to the administration of the oath. It was known that the Constitution of Minnesota provided for the election of three members by a general ticket, and he desired to be informed as to where the credentials of the 3d member were

Mr. Philips replied, that these were the only credentials he had seen.

Mr. Millson, of Va. offered a resolution that the certificates and credentials of those claiming election of members from Minnesota be referred to the committee on elections, with instructions to enquire and report as to their right to be sworn as members.

Mr. Millson's resolution was adopted as a substitute for Mr. Phillip's motion that the members be sworn, by 91 against 84.

Mr. Sherman moved a reconsideration of the vote and lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Harris of Ill. thought it better for the public business, that the subject be examined by the Committee on Election, who will immediately have a meeting.

Mr. Florence of Pa said if by general consent the members be sworn in, he would have no objection to the subject going before the Committee.

Mr. Hughes, of Indiana, moved that the house adjourn.

Mr. Hughes' motion was voted down and Mr Sherman's agreed to by 4 majority.

The question recurred on agreeing to Mr. Phillips's motion as amended by the adoption of Mr. Millson's substitute and it was decided in the affirmative, 108 against 83.

WASHINGTON, May 7.

Col. Sayles of R. I. and Mr. Austin his Private Secretary, have just left this city for Arizona, via. San Antonio and San Diego. Mr. Sayles is charged with important duties connected with the Post Office, Interior and Treasury Departments. It is said that he has confidential communications with reference to Sonora. In company with Mr. Sayles is Prof. Pierce, Mining Engineer and Geologist, and S. Burton, Civil Engineer, who goes out in the employ of the Lopez Land and Mining Co., to put in operation the mines of that company, taking with them the most approved appliances for silver mining.

Mr. E. G. Dunbar, has just arrived form Arizona. He confirms the great value of the silver operations in the centre of that territory and represents the condition of the territory as distressing in the extreme. He brings the proceedings of a public meeting held by the citizens of Santa Cruz Valley, addressed to Congress, praying urgently for relief. The memorial has been placed in the hands of Lieut. Mowry, delegate for Arizona.

The Kansas bill will be officially despatched to-morrow, to Gov. Denver, with instructions designed to secure a fair vote on the proposition to be submitted to the people.

The estimate for the three volunteer regiments for 12 months, is said to amount to $450,000. They will positively not be called into active service till the appropriations are made.

Lieut. General Scott, has arrived here in pursuance of the orders of the Secretary of War.

Geo. Cramer, chief clerk in the Land Office, at Lecompton, Kansas, who is now in this city, reports that there was a very general feeling of indignation in the territory at the announcement of the sale of the Kickapoo and Lecompton lands, and that meetings, protesting against the sale, have been held throughout the Territory.

Senator Evans, whose decease was mentioned in the Senate to-day, was taken suddenly ill last evening, while supping with his colleague, Mr Hammond, and died soon afterward. His death was caused by disease of the heart

The iron has been purchased for that portion of the Cincinnati, Logansport and Chicago railroad between Logansport and Valparaiso, and the work of grading will be commenced in a short time. The Surveying party on the road is at work. The party is under the direction of Theodore Lincoln Engineer of the road.—*Bem. Pharos.*

Senator Douglas

We must confess great admiration and regret that Mr Douglas should rise in his place in the Senate, and in an elaborate speech reiterate the unfounded and ridiculous objections which have been made against the report of the Kansas Committee of Conference by the opposition press It was unworthy of him, not only as a Democrat, but most disastrous to his reputation for ability and foresight. The so called English bill must indeed be unanswerable in argument in argument, when Senator Douglas can find nothing stronger to hurl at it than the silly charge that it is a bribe and a threat to the people of Kansas," which was originated by the more corrupt of the Black Republican press, and exposed at most immediately, and admitted to be false by every candid man. The Senator, however, having no other objections, adopts this calumny, and seeks to give it dignity by Senatorial utterance. His speech is calculated to strengthen the worst apprehensions which have been expressed in regard to his future political position and to deeply mortify and annoy those who cherished the belief that he contemplated no permanent estrangement from the Democratic organization. He and his friends in the Illinois delegation now stand almost alone upon this question His warmest and most attached adherents in Ohio and Indiana—such men as Mr Cox and others, in the House, and Mr Gray, of the Cleveland Plain Dealer who have stood influchingly by him up to this point, find now that their paths must divert in the future. They have taken the steps which lead back to the party organization, while he seems to continue on a road which can terminate nowhere but in the Republican camp. We say this in no unkind feeling toward the distinguished Senator from Illinois, and should greatly rejoice to find that he yet intends to be faithful and true to the Democratic cause. He is a statesman of ability, whose loss we should deplore as a misfortune to our organization. But if he contemplates no radical change of position and of friends, it is almost inexplicable to us why he should hot like Messrs Cox, Groesbeck, Pendleton, Lawrence, and others, have accepted the English proposition as a fair compromise of conflicting sentiments, and, for the sake of peace and harmony, thrown his great influence into the scale of the friends of the adjustment. By omitting so to do he has lost a golden opportunity to reinstate himself in that position which he occupied previous to his unfortunate speech at the commencement of the session.—*Cin. Enq.*

Congress—Improved Progress of Business

Evidences are already apparent in Congress of the good results of the dismission of the Kansas controversy from its deliberations. The sessions of each House are longer and an unusual amount of business is despatched. Not only is Congress bestowing its attention in good earnest upon the miscellaneous business on its calendars; but the temper of members is favorable for the despatch of business. One of the most important of the annual appropriation bills was passed by the House on yesterday without any formal opposition. This is but an instance showing the temper of members of all parties in favor of the facilitation of business. The disposition to despatch business seems general, and none are disposed to raise dilatory objections merely for the purpose of clogging the progress of bills.

We suppose there will still be much animated debate during the remaining weeks of the expiring session, on original and new questions, such as the Minnesota bill; but, if we are to judge from the experience of the present week, the regular routine business of Congress will be taken up energetically in its due course and be allowed to progress to maturity without impediment from dilatory objections and unnecessary motions and roll calls.

The resolution which was adopted by a meeting of the democrats of the House, a few days ago, approving the President's suggestion of passing bills in time to allow him a few day's deliberation upon them before the expiration of the session, is a good augury; and we have reason to believe that it not only expresses the sentiment of the democratic portion of Congress but of the opposition also.

We can see no reason, in view of the swimming manner in which the business of Congress has got along during the present week, to doubt the practicability of an adjournment on the 4th of June, the day fixed upon by joint resolution

We could not invoke for the country a higher gratification, or for Congress itself a more welcome result, than by wishing, as we do with much confidence, that the adjournment may be effected by the day determined on.—*Washington Union.*

Death of Senator Evans.—The most melancholy incident of the present session of Congress has been the sudden death of Senator Evans, of South Carolina. He was perfectly well on Thursday, was present in the Senate during the session of that day, and even made one of a dining party at Senator Hammond's on that night. No symptom of illness appeared until his return to his lodgings about ten o'clock of that evening, shortly after which he was attacked with an affection of the heart, and died most suddenly. The first intimation which the large majority of his fellow members in Congress received of the sad occurrence was the official announcement of his death, which was made in each house immediately after the morning session was opened.

Senator Evans was a native of South Carolina, and resided at Society Hill, Darlington district He was aged about sixty years, and had been a United States senator five years on the 4th of March last. The greater part of his life was spent in public service, as he at one time filled the responsible office of attorney general of his native State, and for more than twenty years before his advent in the United States Senate, occupied the position of judge of the supreme court of South Carolina. He was a valuable member of society, and was held in the highest esteem, not only in his native State, but by men of all parties in Congress and in Washington.—*Wash. Union.*

CHESTER, Orange Co., N.Y., May 7.

Mrs. Phebe Westlake, a widow residing in this place, was yesterday arrested on suspicion of poisoning several persons in this village, and last night destroyed herself by taking arsenic. Before the suicide she confessed that she had administered poison at different times to a Mrs. Felder, who died about two weeks since very suddenly. She also confessed that she had administered poison to Mr. J. B. Futhil, a merchant, who has recovered and is doing well. Mrs. Chas. Futhil, and a Mrs. Derrick are now very unwell, with every symtom of having been poisoned, and as Mrs. W. had lately sent them some preserves which they had eaten, it is supposed they were also intended by her as victims.

ST LOUIS, May 8.

Army Movements.—Major Gen. Smith has issued elaborate orders relative to the movement of the trains and troops on the Utah Rives. The trains are to be divided into divisions of 296 wagons each. The troops are to be organized into columns, each column consisting an escort of a division of the general supply trains. The first column, under command of Lieut. Colonel Andrews, is already organized and ordered to march; the second column, under Col Monroe, comprising the escort of the first division of supplies, will march from Leavenworth on the 15th inst; the third column, under Col. May, will march on the 20th, the fourth column under Col. Morrison, will march on the 25th; the fifth column, under Col. Sumner, will march to the 30th; the sixth column, under Maj Emory, will march on the 4th of June.

These columns for the present constitute the first brigade of Utah forces under command of Gen. Harney. Each column will be supplied with four months provisions, which will be replenished on passing Forts Kearney and Laramie.

Gen. Smith is yet in the city, the state of his health being such, as to require his remaining here a short period.

Four companies of the 6th Infantry left Leavenworth on the 6th inst. One company of Infantry form Fort Riley, will join them at Fort Kearney

John Hartwell, Secretary of Utah, left here yesterday for Leavenworth.

☞ A Chicago paper, alluding to the two rival Democratic Conventions that have recently been held in Illinois, narrates the following:

A little weazel-faced, piping-voiced Douglas man came up to Jake Newsome, a comparative giant in weight and height, and inquired of Jake—"Sir, which wing do you belong to?"

"Wing!" replied Jake, in a voice of thunder. "Yes, sir, which wing of the unterrified Democracy?" asked the little fellow.

"Wing, h—ll; we belong to no wing. The whole bird is corn."

Frightful Railroad Accident.

Seven or Eight Persons Killed and Forty Wounded.

UTICA, N. Y., May 11.

A frightful railroad accident occurred this morning at past six o'clock on the Central Railroad by the crushing of a bridge over Sequoit Creek, some three and a half miles west of this city, near Whitesboro' Seven or eight persons are already dead—five or six others are barely alive—and the injured number forty or more.

The accident occurred to the Cincinnati Express, due here at 6 30 A. M. It was somewhat behind at Whitesboro, and was coming at a high rate of speed when it met on the bridge, over the Sequoit creek, the Utica Accommodation for the West, each on its own track. The engines crossed the bridge, but as the passenger cars of the Express and the Freight cars of the Accommodation came upon the north side the bridge gave way, precipitating the freight cars one above the other, splintering platforms and seats to atoms as the cars struck the abutment.

The persons injured were all on the Express.

The passenger car on the Accommodation did not reach the bridge.

Different stories are told as to the cause of the accident One is that an axle of the Express baggage car broke as it reached the bridge, and thus threw the trains together. The other attributes the casualty to the rottenness of the timber of the bridge

Maj. Priest, Local Superintendent of the road happened to be on the Accommodation train, and he at once dispatched a sufficient number of men to the relief of the sufferers

A large number of the wounded were immediately brought to the city and taken to the different Hotels. Others were cared for at Whitesboro.

Physicians were summoned, and everything done that could be to relieve their sufferings.

DETROIT, May 12.

Sailed for Liverpool.—The schooner Star of the North cleared to day from this port with a cargo for Liverpool, being the second clearance from Detroit for that port this season.

The schooner Colonel Cook will sail this week, and be followed the present month by six others, all loaded with staves and lumber for Liverpool direct.

The Southern Flood.—A breach was made in the levee about one mile below Memphis, on the opposite side of the Mississippi, on the 1st, and the water was pouring through at a terrible rate. The whole country back was covered, and the damages great. The Lake Providence (La.) Herald of thd 1st inst. says:

We stop the press to announce that a crevasse took place yesterday afternoon at Colonel W. Benton's plantation, about seven miles below this. This morning we learn that the break has widened a quarter of a mile, and that there is no hope of closing it. Besides the great damage which must ensue to the country in that vicinity, it is believed that many places in the interior of this parish and Madison will greatly suffer from this crevasse.

☞ One of our citizens, who recently thought of emigration of Kansas, has just returned, and reports the condition of business in that Territory as most deplorable. Many of the inhabitants are actually starving Laborers are abundant, but there is no work: and all who have gone there with the expectation of finding a golden opportunity for acquiring riches have discovered themselves grossly deceived.—*Keokuk (Iowa) Journal.*

Emigration of Florida Indians.—At the latest accounts from Fort Myers, Florida, Billy Bowlegs, and suite, thirty-three warriors and eighty four women and children, were there, ready to emigrate These, added to others in custody, will make two hundred and six, all of whom would be sent West in a few days. Sam Jones and his thirty-three warriors have, probably, are this, surrendered, so that there is a prospect that the "Florida War," will soon be over.

The Colored Race are proscribed on the Pacific as well as on the Atlantic coast. A bill is before the California Legislature to prohibit the further immigration of free negroes into the State, and to drive out those who are already there. It authorizes the seizing of the free negroes, and hiring them out to pay the expense of their deportation. It also proposed to inflict heavy fines upon persons who employ free negroes not licensed to remain in the State.

Arrival of the Vanderbilt.

NEW YORK, May 10.

The steamer Vanderbilt, arrived at an early hour this morning, with London dates to the 28th News meagre.

Liverpool Breadstuff market, moderately active at full rates for flour and wheat, and stiffer prices for corn Buyers demanded a reduction for the latter A slight improvement in the London breadstuff market. American flour secure. Liverpool cotton market firm at Friday prices. Sales on Monday and Tuesday 11,000 bales, of which 5000 were for speculators and export.

Political news unimportant.

In the House of Commons Gen. Peel stated in reply to a question, that the whole cost of the Indian War would be defrayed by the East India Co. The consideration of the bill providing for the Government of India, was set down for Friday.

The clause in the Budget, imposing a penny stamp duty on checks, was adopted without discussion The excise duty bill has passed through a second reading. An amendment offered to the increase of the spirit duty failed by a vote of 227 to 35. The opposition being confined to Irish members.

Business in England was generally stagnant.

France is to send a private Commissioner to China The elections in Paris have resulted in the choice of the Government candidate and no opposition. The latter being Jules Faire. There is an immense increase in the French Navy Budget for 1859. Paris papers deny that there is an increase in the French armament. The iron masters of France have petitioned the government for a increased duty on foreign iron The trade of Paris has been, seriously checked by the violent comments of Parisian journals on the acquittal of Bernard, but at last advices it was recovering.

Count Esterhazy, the Austrian Ambassador to St. Petersburg, has retired from that post.

Austria and Prussia have come to an amicable arrangement as to their policy in the Holstein affair.

The Sardinian Chambers have adopted the principles of the conspiracy bill by a large majority.

There is another dispute between England and Persia. The latter country having taken possession of territory in Afghanistan and detained a great number of Afghans.

Liverpool Breadstuff Market.—Messrs. Richardson, Spence, & Co. quote flour very dull at a decline of 6d on southern. The quotations are western 21s a 22s; Philadelphia and Baltimore 22s a 22s 6d; Ohio 23s a 26s. Wheat quiet but steady. Corn still with a decline from Friday's quotations of 6d on white. The quotations are, yellow 36s; white 33s 3d a 34s. The latter is freely offered at the quotation.

Provisions—Beef heavy. Pork quiet. Bacon quiet but firm. Lard firm at 56 for choice lots. Tallow unchanged. Ashes quiet at 33s a 33s 6d for pots; 40s for pearls. Sugar quiet

Arrival of the Steamship Persia.

SANDY HOOK, May 11.

The steamship Persia passed this morning with Liverpool dates to the 1st inst

Later advices had been received from India announcing the capture of Jhansi by the British, with great slaughter to the rebels.

In the House of Commons D'Israeli's first resolution, declaring it expedient to vest the Indian government in the crown, has been finally passed

A conference has been held at Paris to introduce Prof. Morse for his telegraphic invention.

The Daily News says there is not the slightest doubt that if Lord Derby is defeated on any question of importance he will dissolve Parliament.

The advices from India are one week later—the main feature is the capture of Jhansi by the British, under Sir H Rose, with great slaughter to the rebels. Gen. Roberts had also assaulted and captured the town of Rataik.

The debate of the D'Israeli's India resolution commenced on Friday, the 30th. The first resolution was carried with cheers, when the debate adjourned.

The operations on the Atlantic Cable were going briskly forward. More than 2,000 miles have been coiled on board the Niagara and Agamemnon The paying out machinery has been completed, and pronounced perfect

France—Rumors prevailed at Paris in relation to a change in the present system of administration, and of the retirement of Gen. Espinasse from the interior department.

The Plenipotentiaries have held a conference to ratify the boundary between Russia and Turkey, and also to consider the claims of Prof Morse in Europe, to indemnification for his telegraphic invention. Nothing had been resolved on, but the prospects were favorable for Morse.

India—Sir Hugh Rose invested Jhansi with three brigades on the 27th of March, and the rebels, 2,000 strong, retreated to the fort. On the next day the bombardment commenced.

An attempt was made on the 1st of April by 2,500 rebels to raise a seige, but were defeated with a slaughter of 1,500 and the loss of all their guns and camp equipments. The town was stormed and taken on the 4th, and the forts occupied on the 6th—the rebels having 3,000 killed. Six British officers were killed.

The Rance escaped with a few attendants, hotly pursued.

Gen Roberts carried Kotah on the 20th

The English loss is trifling—37.

Col Milman had been compelled to retire from near Aseemeum, and at the last accounts was shut up at Azimbur. A strong detachment had gone to his relief.

The country opposite Benares was much disturbed.

The Northern provinces were quietly disarmed.

Oudpee was filled with rebels and a great panic was prevailing there.

A strong column of troops had gone from Cawnpore into Oude to attack Karrak.

Russia.—Russia has decided to construct three lines of railway between the Black and Caspian Seas

France.—The Paris Moniteur publishes a decree ordering forty two thousand additional soldiers into active service. The Bourse became heavy in consequence.

LIVERPOOL, April 30.

Breadstuff Markets—Flour is very dull at a decline of 6d; sales of Western canal at 21s a 22s; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 22s a 22s 6d; Ohio, 23s a 25s.

Wheat is quiet but steady.

Corn is dull—yellow, 33s; white is freely offered at 33s 6d a 34s.

Beef is heavy. Pork quiet. Bacon quiet but firm.

Lard firm at 56s for choice. Tallow is unchanged.

POST OFFICE, Ft. Wayne, Ind., }
May, 8th, 1858. }

Arrivals and Departures of the Mails.

From and after Monday, May 16th, 1858, the mails will arrive and depart from this office as follows, to-wit:

Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Washington City, Columbus and Cincinnati Mails per Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Rail Road will

ARRIVE Daily (except Sundays) at — 5 P. M.
DEPARTS " " " " 5 40 A. M.

Great Northwestern Mail through Chicago per Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne, and Chicago Rail Road.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sunday) at 5 30 A. M.
DEPARTS " " " " 5 30 P. M

Eastern Letter Mail, from New York, Boston, and New England States, per Toledo, Wabash, and Western Rail Road.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sundays) at 4 40 P. M
DEPARTS " " " " 12 20 noon

Indianapolis, Central Illinois, St. Louis and Southwestern mail generally, per Toledo, Wabash and Western Rail Road.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sundays) at 12 noon
DEPARTS " " " " 5 P. M.

Sturgis, Michigan.

ARRIVES Daily (except Sundays) at 6 P. M.
DEPARTS " " " " 7 A. M.

Bluffton, Indiana.

ARRIVES Mondays Wednesdays & Fridays 12 noon.
DEPARTS Tuesdays Thursdays & Saturdays at 8 A. M.

Auburn, Indiana.

ARRIVES Mondays Wednesdays & Fridays at 8 P. M.
DEPARTS Tuesdays Thursdays & Saturdays at 7 A. M.

Goshen, Indiana.

ARRIVES Tuesdays and Saturdays at 6 P. M.
DEPARTS Mondays and Fridays at 7 A. M.

Winchester, Ind., (Horse Mail.)

ARRIVES Tuesdays and Saturdays at 8 P. M.
DEPARTS Mondays and Fridays at 7 A. M.

Saint Joe, Ohio, (Horse Mail)

ARRIVES Saturdays at 6 P. M.
DEPARTS Fridays at 7 A. M

Liberty Mills, Ind., (Horse Mail)

ARRIVES Saturdays at 8 P. M.
DEPARTS Fridays at 7 A. M.

Hickoxville, Ohio, (Horse Mail.)

ARRIVES Thursdays at 11 A. M.
DEPARTS same day at 1 P. M

Marion, Ind., (Horse Mail)

ARRIVES Fridays at 2 P. M.
DEPARTS same day at 3 P. M.

All Mails which leave in the morning, will close the previous evening, and Railroad mails which leave during office hours, will be closed 40 minutes before time of departure.

Office open during the week, from 7 o'clock in the morning, to 8 o'clock in the evening, (except while separating and distributing the Eastern or Western Mails, at which time the boxes will be closed for delivery.) and on Sunday from 9 to 9½ o'clock, in the morning, and from 1 to 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

JOHN G. MAIER, P.M.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.—It seldom occurs, that we notice, under any circumstances, patent medicines, restoratives, or any thing of the kind, for we have a prejudice against most of them. But candor compels us to invite attention to the advertisement of Prof. Wand's Hair Renovative in the last column at the bottom of third page of this paper. We are too juvenile to require anything of the kind, but some instances of late have come to our knowledge which almost assures us that it is a sovereign remedy against the hair becoming prematurely gray. It is not a "Hair Dye," but upon its application as directed, the effects is produced on the skin, which brings out the original native colored hair, without stiff ness, and gives it a glossy and natural appearance. We have seen persons who have used it, and they are much pleased with it. Examine the advertisements. [Missouri Republican. Sold by all respectable Druggists.

SAVE YOUR HORSES

"We take great pleasure in recommending the Mexican Mustang Liniment as a valuable and indispensable article for Sprains, Sores, Scratches and Galls on Horses. Our men have used it to cure Horses, Bruises, Sores, Stiff Joints and Rheumatic Pains, and all say it acts like magic. We use no other liniment.

J. W. HEWITT.
Foreman for American, Davidson & Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.

Gentlemen:—I had a negro man worth $1,200 who took cold from a bad hurt, and was useless for over one year; I had used everything I could hear of without benefit, until I tried the Mustang Liniment. It has perfectly cured him, and I can now take the above price for him

Respectfully yours,
JAMES DORRAN, E.

Every Farmer, Teamster and Family should have this invaluable article. Sold by all respectable dealers everywhere. Beware of any other "Brag" Liniment." It is a base imitation.

BARNES & PARK, Proprietors, N. York.

A CARD.

Mrs. Griffin informs the ladies of Fort Wayne that she has commenced business, and is now ready to undertake to make LADIES' DRESSES, BASQUES, MANTILLAS, CLOAKS & CHILDREN'S DRESSES She would also inform them that she is making arrangements to receive the most fashionable and approved PATTERNS for each season.

Ladies residing out of town, by sending their measure or direction, will meet with every attention. Mrs Griffith's may be found at the house of Mr Saunders on Bar Street, until her removal, of which notice will be given.

March 9th, 1858. 3:37

☞ Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to restore the appetite, impart a tone to the system, force off the bile and all impure secretions, regulate the bowels and give an strength of body and vigor of mind—for Dyspepsia and dyspeptic symptoms, they are the wonder of the civilized. In all cases of flatulency, dizziness, prostration, great fatigue, and g

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomfuff, J. P.
Allen County. } ATTACHMENT.

Watson Wall, Christian F. G. Meyer, against Ferdinand Venn.

NOTICE is given the defendant of the pendency of the above entitled suit, and that proceedings in Attachment have been commenced therein, and that said cause will be heard before said Justice, at his office in the city of Fort Wayne, county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 4th day of June, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if the said defendant fail to appear at the said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.

S. H. BLOOMHUFF, J. P.

May 12, 1858 [$1 50] 3w16

Board of Equalization.

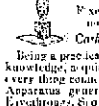
NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Equalization of the City of Fort Wayne will meet at the Council room in said City, on the 24th day of May, 1858, for the purpose of hearing and deciding all complaints in relation to the assessment of property for taxation for the year 1858, and to equalize the same as right and justice may require.

J. C. DAVIS, City Clerk.

Fort Wayne, May 8 1858. 3w15

ROBERT OGDEN,
Plumber and Glazier.

Main Street, between Cass and Harrison, Fort Wayne.



PUMPS,

Baths, Water Closets, and Wash Stands,

Fixed and Repaired on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

Cash paid for Old Lead and Pewter

Being a practical workman, and having a thorough knowledge, acquired by twenty years experience, of every thing connected with Pumps, Hydraulic Water Apparatus generally, and also in Gothic Bath Establishments, &c., he respectfully solicits a trial, and is prepared to guarantee that every job he gives entire satisfaction to his employers.

Terms moderate.

May 8, 1858 1y45

Chinese Su ar Cane Seed.

A FEW BUSHELS still on hand, by

3w15 WALL, MEYER, & Co.

HATS! HATS!

Spring and Summer Styles,

AT THE WOOSTER HAT STORE,

32 Columbia Street.

J. NATTRESS has received a new supply of Silk, Fur and Wool Hats of the new spring styles. He invites an inspection as he feels confident his Hats will be found better and cheaper than any others in market.

Straw, Palm Leaf, Leghorn, Panama, and a decent line of SUMMER HATS

May 8

New Ambrotype Rooms!
THE LADIES' PICTURE GALLERY.

CALHOUN STREET, Fort Wayne, (formerly occupied by Mr McDonald.)

MRS. BENHAM respectfully announces that she has taken the above rooms and will be happy to wait on Ladies and Children who may wish likenesses of themselves or friends. Having furnished the rooms with everything necessary to render them pleasant and her productions FINE PICTURES and we Ladies sensitive not a delicacy in calling to. Persons wishing a lady to present, solicits the new ambrotype.

Her prices will be as low as similar work is done elsewhere.

For children a clear day is preferable.

Rooms open from 8 A. M. till 5 P. M.

May 1st, 1858. 3m43

Great Speculation!

I WILL SELL, on extremely reasonable terms, my FIRST CLASS

FLOURING MILL,

THREE RUN OF STONES, situated in the best of the city of Huntington, county of Huntington Indiana. Payments to suit the purchaser. A person desirous of engaging in said business will find it to their interest to embrace the present opportunity of investing money, as I am anxious to dispose of the above property, and will make the terms suit the purchaser.

Enquire of F. S. AVALINE, Fort Wayne.

or A. M. COMSTOCK Huntington.

NOTICE

THE term of partnership of the firm of BOSTICK & BOLMAN being about to expire, and as they are determined to settle all the matters transacted during said term, they notify all those in their indebtedness, come all there having claims against them, to come forward immediately, and close their accounts.

They have just received their entire NEW SPRING and SUMMER stock of

Ready-made Clothing,

Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings,

Consisting of every article in that line, from a Linen Coat to the finest French Broad Cloth. The same in Vests and Pants.

Also—the choicest stock of piece goods ever brought to the West; all of which they will make to measure, on the most reasonable terms to Cash; and will warrant all to fit, and make to the LATEST FASHIONS received every three months from New York.

They have also a large assortment of

HATS, CAPS, and TRUNKS,

And a general assortment of Gents' Furnishing Goods

BOSTICK & BOLMAN.

Fort Wayne, May 8, 1858.

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomfuff, J. P.
Allen County. } ATTACHMENT.

Christian Gable against John Furly.

NOTICE is given defendant of the pendency of the above entitled cause, that proceedings in attachment have been commenced therein; that said cause will be heard before said Justice, at his office in Fort Wayne, county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 19 day of May, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if said defendant fail to appear at said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.

S. H. BLOOMHUFF, J. P.

May 8, 1858. ($1 50) 3w45

State of Indiana, }
Whitley County. }

NOTICE is hereby given that Frederick Hamburger, Administrator of the estate of Henry Hamburger, deceased, has filed his petition to sell the real estate of the decedent, his personal being insufficient to pay his debts, and that said petition will be heard at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of said County.

Witness my hand as Clerk this 7th day of May, 1858.

ISAIAH B. McDONALD,
C. C. C. P. Whitley Co.

3w45 [$1 43]

Guardian's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, within and for Allen County, State of Indiana, made at the April term, 1858, of said Court, the undersigned, Guardian of the minor heirs of John Snyder, deceased, will, on Monday the 31st day of May, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, offer for sale at private sale, on the premises, the undivided eight-ninths of the east half of the south east quarter of section eighteen (18), in township thirty-two (32), range eleven (11) east, in said County and State, supposed to contain eighty acres; subject to the life estate of the widow of said decedent therein, being the property of said minors. The terms of said sale being as follows, to-wit: One third cash, one third in one year, and one third in two years, the purchaser to give his notes, secured by mortgage on the premises, for the deferred payments.

CHRISTIAN RINGEY, Guardian.

May 5th 1858 [$2 50] 3w45

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas within and for the County of Allen, and State of Indiana, I will offer for sale at Public Vendue, at the I. Foller's Tavern, in Dunkirkown, in said County, on the 12th day of June, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day, the following real estate of Jacob Bowser, deceased: The east half of the north east quarter of section twenty-four (24) in township thirty-two, (32) north of range eleven (11) east.

Also, the south east quarter of the south west quarter of section thirteen (13) in said town and range, also a part of the west half of the south west quarter of the north east quarter of section eighteen (18), in town thirty-two (32), north of range twelve (12) east containing twelve and one half acres, all laying and being in said County of Allen and State of Indiana, and belonging to the estate of E. H. Dinton, deceased. The said property will be sold on the following terms: One third of the purchase money in cash, one third in six months, and one third in one year from date of sale. The different payments to be on interest, and secured by notes and mortgage on the premises, waiving all benefit from valuation or appraisement laws.

WM. T. HUNTER,
Administrator of the estate of E. H. Dinton.

($3 50 3w45

New Grocery & Provision Store!

A. KURTZ has opened a Family Grocery & Provision Store, in the room lately occupied by Bass & Emerick, two doors north of Rudy's Drug Store, and invites an early attention to his goods which will be found of the best quality and will be sold cheap.

Give Him a Trial,

And patronize according to merit. This is all he asks, and is fair and right.

May 1st. w3m43

Leeches!

JUST received and will be kept constantly on hand by

4w45 WALL, MEYER, & Co.

St Charles Eating Saloon,
Main Street, Fort Wayne.

THE proprietors have just refitted this popular establishment, to make it more comfortable for their guests, and are now prepared to supply their wants in the best style. Oysters, Game, Liquors, Wines, Cigars, Coffee, and other refreshments at all hours. A Free Lunch every day at half past 10 A. M.

PECK & READ

April 30 pd3w

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

A. MAYER;

88, Columbia Street, Fort Wayne.

RETURNS his thanks to his numerous friends for their liberal support, and especially informs them that he has just received a large and excellent new stock of

Gold & Silver

WATCHES,

From the most approved Makers, which he will sell at prices to suit the present hard times.

Among them will be found a lot of AMERICAN WATCHES from the American Watch Manufacturing Co. of Massachusetts, warranted to keep correct time, and expressly adapted to the wants of

Railroad Officers.

CLOCKS,

11 all kinds, in neat variety.

Gold Chains, Gold and Steel Keys, Brooch Pins, Ear Rings, Finger Rings—including a large stock of WEDDING RINGS, which he offers low in hopes of increasing the demand. Children's Corals, Coralines, Bracelets, Lockets, Gold and Silver Thimbles, and every thing else in the Jewelry Line.

Silver and Plated Spoons and Forks
Plated Tea Sets, &c,

Spectacles, Accordeons, Flutes, Fife-Mounings, Work Boxes, Work Baskets, Toys, and Fancy Articles in great variety and cheaper than ever.

REPAIRING promptly and faithfully attended to. He gives particular attention to this branch of business, employing the best workmen, and can warrant good satisfaction to all who need any description of Watches, Clocks, or Jewelry repaired.

May 14, 1858. pd1y43.

Fort Wayne Western Railroad.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE stockholders of the Fort Wayne Western Railroad are hereby notified that an election of seven Directors, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Rockhill House, in the city of Fort Wayne, on Wednesday, the 9th day of June next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors,

Attest: R. C. SCHENCK, Pres't.

THOMAS THAR, Sec'y

April 30 h, 1858. 6w44.

B. RANDALL,

PROPRIETOR OF

I. M. SINGER'S
Patent Sewing Machine,

of the state of Pennsylvania (except the counties of Erie, Allegheny and Philadelphia) State of Wisconsin, and the northern part of Indiana.

THE world wide reputation of these machines renders puffing unnecessary. All who have used Singer's Machines testify to their superior merits over all others. Over 12 000 have been sold and are now in active operation, and not one has proved a failure! By simply changing the needle and thread the same machine will execute perfectly every variety of work, coarse or fine, on cloth or leather. From $280 to $500 a year can be clear by an individual using this machine more than can be cleared by hand.

Singer has also brought out a new

FAMILY MACHINE,

highly ornamental, which for beauty and excellence in purpose suits all other Family Machines. These machines are now three, forming a lock stitch in the center of the goods sewed, and making a perfect back stitch on both sides of the cloth, which makes a seam much stronger and harder to rip than hand sewing, and does not use more than two thirds as much thread as the common shuttle machine.

Those machines are for sale by the undersigned, at his office on North Fifth Street, opposite Good's Hotel, Reading, Pennsylvania.

Also by T. E. EVANSON, Traveling Agent, in Indiana. Silk, Needles, Oil, and Thread for sale by T. E. EVANSON.

B. RANDALL.

1 41 Reading, Penn.

Farm For Sale!

SITUATED a mile and a half north of Ft Wayne, on the Goshen Plank Road, known as the Hoffman Farm, containing 83 acres of first rate land, equal to any in the County. Any person desiring to purchase the above farm will do well to call on the subscriber.

WM D. HENDERSON.

May 1st, 1858 1w 2w43

Water-Lime and Plaster!

THE subscriber will keep for sale, after this date, at the new brick building occupied as a Marble Works, recently occupied by John Devoe on Harrison Street, nearly opposite Robinson's Flour & Grain Store,

Louisville, Oswego, & Sandusky Water Lime, also Plaster Paris and Land Plaster.

A fresh supply of each at all times on hand, which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

Also, special attention given to MONUMENTAL and GRAVE STONE work, at prices to suit the times.

P. S. UNDERHILL.

Fort Wayne, April 30, 1858. 3m 44

For SALE or RENT.

THE LARGE GRAIN WAREHOUSE situated on the Canal, at PERU, Ind., now occupied by McCulloch & Latto.

The House is well located and in good repair for business. Possession given 1st May.

Enquire of Mr. HIRAM SALISBURY, Peru, Ind

April 23d, 1858. 1 w43

NEW GOODS
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER

AT THE

Boston Dry Goods Store.

WM. T. ABBOTT has just received and opened an extensive assortment of new and beautiful Goods, for the present and approaching season, which have been selected with great care, and will be sold at LOWER PRICES than goods of the same quality can be bought at any other house in the city. Our

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

is very full, and contains

Elegant Barege and Challie Robes.
" Muslin and Jaconet do
" Shepherd's Plaid do

And in pieces,

Jaconets, Muslins,
Lawns, Bareizaines,
Barages, Tissues,
Barege De Laines,
Challies, Ginghams,
Prints, De Beges,

and, in short, every thing a lady wants for a cheap and handsome Dress

SHAWL

of every description, from a Child's 50 cts Shawl to the finest Cashmere at $40 Broche.

VISITES, MANTILLAS, & DUSTERS,

a great variety.

Bonnets, Ribbons and Ruches,

HOOP SKIRTS.

Douglas & Sherwood's best. Also HOOPS of different kinds.

GLOVES AND HOSIERY

For Ladies, Misses, Men and Boys.

And a whole raft of

EMBROIDERIES & WHITE GOODS,

BLEACHED MUSLINS cheaper than ever before.

Also

Summer Cloths

Of all kinds, for men's and boys' wear. Palm Leaf and Straw HATS.

20 Pieces of new style

Carpeting, Oil Cloths, & Mattings.

20 Cases of

Queensware.

100 Packages of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

All of which will be sold cheap for cash or ready pay.

All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods, and the highest market price allowed.

Fort Wayne, April 23d, 1858.

Administrator's Sale.

I WILL SELL at Public Auction, on the 22d day of May, 1858, at the door of the Court House in Fort Wayne, Allen County, Indiana, the east half of the east half of the south-west quarter of section thirty-six (36), of township thirty-one (31), north of range eleven (11) east, in Allen County, Indiana, containing forty acres of land, the property of the estate of John Bercker, deceased.

Terms—One half cash, the balance in six and twelve months.

M. BROKER Adm'r

April 26 1858. 3w44

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomfuff, J. P.
Allen County. } ATTACHMENT.

Cornelius S. Smith, Theodore K. Brackenridge against Jacob Gasteiger.

NOTICE is given the defendant of the pendency of the above entitled suit, and that proceedings in attachment have been commenced therein, and that said cause will be heard before said Justice, at his office in the city of Fort Wayne, County of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 15th day of May 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if the said defendant fail to appear at said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.

S. H. BLOOMHUFF, J. P.

May 1, 1858 ($1 50) 3w44

State of Indiana, } Before S. H. Bloomfuff, J. P.
Allen County. } ATTACHMENT.

Richard Freeman & Joseph A. Brown, against George P. Miller.

NOTICE is given defendant of the pendency of the above entitled suit, and that proceedings in attachment have been commenced therein, and that said cause will be heard before said Justice at his office in the city of Fort Wayne, county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the 15th day of April, 1858, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day; and if said defendant fail to appear at said time and place, this cause will be heard in his absence.

S. H. BLOOMHUFF, J. P.

May 1, 1858. ($1 50) 3w44

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, I have levied upon and will expose to sale, by public auction, at the Court House door in Allen County, Indiana, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 29 day of May, 1858, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years of the following described premises: Beginning at a stake from which the north east corner of the south wing of the College building bears north twenty-seven and a half (27½) degrees west, one hundred and ninety-five (195) links distant, and the north east corner of the piazza of the main building bears north twenty-four (24) degrees west two hundred and thirty six (236) links; thence south fourteen (14) degrees and fifty-five (55) minutes east, one hundred and twenty four (124) feet; thence south seventy five (75) degrees and five (5) minutes west, three hundred (300) feet; thence north fourteen (14) degrees and fifty-five (55) minutes west, two hundred and ninety four (294) feet; thence north seventy five (75) degrees and five (5) minutes east, three hundred (300) feet, to the place of beginning, containing two and one-hundredth (2 1 100) acres, being a part of the south east quarter of the south west quarter of section number three (3), township number thirty (30) north of ranges number twelve, in Allen County, Indiana; and on I am to satisfy therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of said real estate. Taken as the property of the Trustees of the Fort Wayne Female College, at the suit of David M. Dimler.

WILLIAM FLEMING, Sheriff A. C

BRACKENRIDGE & NIPES, Att'ys.

April 26th, 1858. [$5 00] 4w44

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an *Order of Sale* to me directed from the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door, in said County, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 8th day of June, 1858, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the following described premises, to-wit: Lot numbered four hundred and eighty-one (481), excepting forty feet off the south end of said lot, in Hanna's addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in said county and State of Indiana. Also a part of Lot numbered one hundred and three (103) on the Old Plan of said town, bounded as follows: Beginning at the north west corner of said lot, thence east twenty feet on the north line of said lot, thence south fifty-one and a half feet to the south line of said lot, thence west twenty feet, thence north along the west line of said lot to the place of beginning. And on failure to realize the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of said real estate. Ordered to be sold to satisfy said execution in the case of the State of Indiana vs. Andrew J. H. Metcalf.

WM FLEMING, Sheriff A. C

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Att'y.

May 1st, 1858. [$4 50] 6w44

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Order of Sale to me directed by the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I have levied upon and will offer for sale by *Public Auction*, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen and State of Indiana, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 8th day of June, A. D. 1858, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the following described premises, to-wit: The west half of section number nine (9) in township number thirty (30), north of range number twelve (12) east, containing three hundred and twenty acres more or less (excepting about three and a half acres cut off by the Huntington Road from the north-west corner of said tract), situate in said county and state. Failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of the said premises. Ordered to be sold to satisfy a judgment in said Court in favor of the State Bank of Indiana, and against Benjamin Buffner and others.

WM. FLEMING, Shff A. C.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Att'y.

April 23d, 1858. ($4 00) 7w43

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, ALLEN CO., IND., } April 17th, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners of the county of Allen, and State of Indiana, will receive sealed proposals at their June term thereof, for 1858, until two o'clock on Thursday, June 10th, for renting the Poor House and Farm for two years, and Boarding and Clothing the Paupers, &c. Said proposals are invited to specify the rate of farm produce, and the amount per head week for which the lessee will board all the legal Paupers and idiots in the county. The best and most suitable will will be accepted, and they reserve the right to reject all of the bids, if in their opinion they are not proper to be accepted.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners

7w43 F. L. FURSTE, County Auditor.

Doors, Blinds and Sash.

A VERY LARGE LOT OF DOORS, BLINDS AND WINDOW SASH on hand, and for sale cheap for CASH at our old stand, a few rods North of the City Mills.

We are prepared to execute all orders with dispatch, at the lowest price.

PRONFIELD & TODD.

Fort Wayne, April 17th, 1858. 1 6m42.

Cheaper and Better than ever.

C. A. GREY is now receiving a full and excellent stock of new

Spring and Summer Goods

Bought low for Cash, during these hard times, and will be sold accordingly. The ordinary clothing buyer, and others, are invited to examine a good article of Calico for 6½ cts, and every thing else in proportion.

The stock includes D. Laines, Lawns, Ginghams, Calicoes, and other Dress Goods, Denims, Drillings, and all other Summer Goods, extraordinary good buyers and cheap. Gentlemen's Shirings, the best Fabrics; Ribbons and Trimmings in store, every thing calculated to meet the wants of his customers. These acquisitions will be found

Better and Cheaper

than any stock ever before brought to Fort Wayne.

Groceries, Queensware, &c.

A full supply of the best, at the lowest prices

April 17. 3w41

WE have a large FRENCH PLATE MIRROR which we sell cheap.

Feb 27. WALL, MEYER & Co.

Hungarian Grass Seed.

A FEW BUSHELS of the seed of this new and valuable Grass, for sale by

April 10. KIMBALL & EDSALL

Sale of Seminary Lot.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the sale in such case made and provided, the undersigned, Auditor and Treasurer of the County of Allen and State of Indiana, will offer for sale at public vendue, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, in said County, on Monday, the 10th day of July next, the following described premises, to wit: Lot number one hundred and ninety-two in Hanna's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, in said county, the same having been forfeited to the Seminary Fund in said County, by order of Allen Circuit Court of Indiana, for the non-payment of principal and interest.

Terms of Sale—One year's interest to be paid in advance on the amount due and owing to the Seminary Fund of said County, all arrears of interest, and all costs of sale, and any amount that may be suffered, exceeding the total amount due, must be cash in hand, and the balance due the School Fund in two equal instalments, with six per cent. interest payable annually in advance.

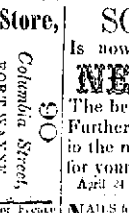
F. L. FURSTE, County Auditor.

A. WILEY, County Treasurer.

Auditor's Office, Allen Co., Ind., April 13th, 1858

[$5 50] 14w42

Thieme's Clothing Store,



90 Columbia Street, FORT WAYNE. 90 Columbia Street, FORT WAYNE.

JUST received a full stock of Superior French and German Cloths, French Cassimeres, Silks and Marseilles, Vestings, Tweeds, Summer Goods, &c., which will be made to measure in the most elegant and fashionable style, and at the lowest rates.

Ready-made Clothing.

A large and superior assortment, all home made; we pay good prices to our hands, and being practical Tailors and judges of work, can warrant it to be well and honestly made. We use such lining and trimmings as are suitable to the goods to be made up, whereby they last longer, fit better, and are every way superior to eastern slope work.

A very large stock of

HATS and CAPS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, Shirts, Collars, Scarfs, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Socks, Suspenders, Carpet Bags, a large good Trunk, warranted strong and well made, cheap.

April 17 THIEME BROTHERS.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Farm, on the Goshen Road, 11 miles from Fort Wayne, containing eighty acres of first rate land, equal to any in the County. Forty acres are cleared smooth, 30 acres of which are in grass, and the balance ready for cultivation. It is well watered, having a good permanent creek and excellent spring of water on it. A good Log House, Stable, &c. Will be sold at a bargain, and reasonable credit given for a portion of the purchase money.

If not sold will be rented to a good tenant, on favorable terms.

JOSEPH DONOUGHOO.

April 10 1858. 6m41

SPRING FASHIONS.

MISS VOGEL announces to the Ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity that she has now received her Spring Fashions, consisting of a beautiful assortment of Straw, Silk, Crape, Neapolitan and other

Bonnets, Millinery Goods, Trimmings, Artificials, &c.,

which will be ready for inspection on Thursday next.

A good assortment of Silks, Lawns, and other Dress materials, which will be made up to order in the neatest and most fashionable style. A variety of Ribbons, Trimmings, and Artificials, at the lowest rates.

Bonnets Altered, Cleaned and Pressed.

The favor of a call is respectfully solicited.

Calhoun Street, two doors south of Ft. Kinsey.

March 26 1858. 3m.

Saddlery and Harness.

B. D. MINER

HAVING purchased of D. M. Lancefield his entire stock in trade, will continue the business at the old and well known stand, corner Calhoun and Berry Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

January, 29th, 1858. 3 31

1858
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS
AT
The New York Cash Store
FOR

Ready Pay, at Low Prices!

Now receiving.

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

White Goods, Hosiery, & Notions,

DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMINGS,

Shawls and Mantillas,

Millinery Goods, Bonnets, &c.

Men's Furnishing Goods,

HOOPED SKIRTS, HOOPS, ETC., ETC

Hats, Caps, and Straw Goods.

UMBRELLAS & PARASOLS.

Also a Stock of choice

Family Groceries

BOUGHT AT PANIC PRICES,

AND

Selling at very Small Profits for Ready Pay.

WANTED, in Exchange for Goods, Cash, County and City Orders, Old Rags, and all kinds of Country Produce.

S. C. EVANS & CO.

Fort Wayne, April 24, 1858.

OLD No. 3
FULL STOCK OF
NEW GOODS!
C. ORFF

HAS now on hand a full stock of new SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which he offers very low. As he has entirely abandoned the credit system and sells exclusively for cash, he is enabled to reduce his prices accordingly.

THE ONE PRICE SYSTEM strictly adhered to. In the stock will be found a general assortment of

The Best and Newest Styles of

Dry Goods, Dress Goods,

STAPLE ARTICLES,

Bonnets, Ribbons, & Trimmings,

Of all kinds;

GROCERIES,

Queensware, Glassware, Cutlery, Woodenware, Stoneware, &c.

In short every thing usually kept in a Country Store.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS can be accommodated at New York Prices, adding transportation. Our Goods are all bought by the packages, from Manufacturers, avoiding jobbers' profits, which enables us to sell at third prices.

Produce of all kinds wanted at fair Prices for Goods.

C. ORFF,

Fort Wayne, March 16. No 3 Jones Block.

ST. NICHOLAS
One Price Cash
Clothing Emporium!

Is now open for inspection.

THOSE who wish to appear as nature intended they should not, had to call at this blessed spot.—Every thing in our line is new and of the

LATEST STYLE,

and will be sold as cheap as can be had this side of Indiana, and made as well as the most fastidious can desire. Gentlemen's Nos. 1, and Gentlemen may rely on being fitted with correctness. Our new way of cutting garments is such that any piece can be made up in good shape.

WEDDING GARMENTS.

We are gay on these kinds of fixings; those who have tried us can testify to the fact, as they are now all rich, happy, and plenty of

MORAL.

Ladies Goods but no Hoops, Hosiery and Gloves of the best quality. Ladies, do call, we will show you Alexander's best KID GLOVES. What is prettier than a nice Glove, with a beautiful hand in it? Do not forget to call, we will wait on you very pretty.

Same old place, east of Happy Enn, opposite Lagerdom.

2m39 W. C. THOAFF, Proprietor.

SCHWEGMAN

Is now opening a big lot of

NEW GOODS,

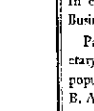
The best and cheapest in town. Further particulars next week—in the meantime call and examine for yourselves.

April 24

NAILS for sale by P. PIERR.

BACON for sale by P. PIERR.

Ladies' Emporium.



Mrs SULLEY

Begs to return thanks to the Ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity for the liberal patronage bestowed on her since her late visit, and also wishes to inform them that her

SPRING GOODS

are now open for inspection. Her stock comprises, in part

BONNETS,

Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries,

SILK AND LACE MANTILLAS,

Infants' Boys' and Misses Hats, Ladies' Flats, French Flowers, &c.

Mrs. S. would particularly call attention to her large stock of RIBBONS, FRENCH FLOWERS and FRENCH MILLINERY, generally; all articles of the latest style and best quality.

With regard to prices, Mrs. S. only asks a diligent examination before purchasing elsewhere, as she is aware that not be use in the trade has better facilities for purchasing, and she thinks she may say, without presumption, *better* skill in selecting and making up.

Her SHOW ROOMS or SUMMER FASHIONS will be opened on the 2nd of May, when her Paris Bonnets have arrived.

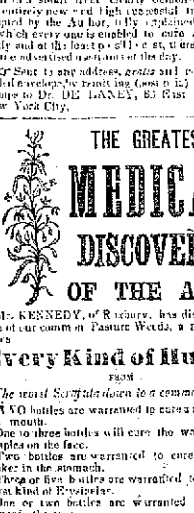
P. S. A large quantity of unusually rich FAMILY RIBBONS, *either sold*, AT HALF PRICE. Also, a lot of Ladies' and Children's PATTERNS for DRESSES, from Madame Demorest's 375 Broadway, New York.

3w41

☞ The Democratic Demorest, Van Wert Constitution, Toledo Eagle, and Dr. Kalb Democrat, please insert 3 mo this.

P. S. UNDERHILL

Will continue to manufacture



MONUMENTS,

HEAD STONES,

Furniture

AND

Counter Tops,

&c., &c.,

At his Old Stand on MAIN STREET,

Also at the new Brick Building on Harrison st., between Columbia and Main,

FORT WAYNE.

EAGLE DRUG STORE

C. NILL, PROPRIETOR,

Corner of Calhoun and Main Streets.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND a fine assortment of

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS,

PAINTS, OILS,

VARNISHES,

DYE-STUFFS,

GLASSWARE,

WINDOW GLASS

AND PUTTY.

BRUSHES of all kinds.

PERFUMERY, SOAPS,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

Tobacco, Cigars and Snuffs

PATENT MEDICINES.

Pure Wines & Brandies.

CUSTOMERS AND PHYSICIANS will always find at his establishment fresh and unadulterated Medicines, which will be sold on liberal terms

Warranted
Flower and Garden Seeds,

DAHLIA ROOTS AND PIE PLANTS,

Just received from Rochester.

WALL, MEYER, & Co

N. B. Orders for all articles in the Nursery line can be left at our Drug Store, and they will be furnished on reasonable terms.

FLAX SEED and all kinds of Medicinal Roots bought at the highest market price.

Feb. 27. WALL, MEYER & Co.

A Superior selection of MEDICINAL WINES and liquors, just received by

Feb 27 WALL, MEYER & Co

JAMES HUMPHREY'S
STEAM
Free and Lime Stone Works,

On the Canal, near the Rockhill House,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

'Time is Money'—Save it.
WATCH, CLOCK, JEWELRY,

AND

Repairing Store.

F. VOIROL & BOUVERAT

RESPECTFULLY notify the citizens of Fort Wayne, that they have purchased the stock of Jewelry and Silver Ware lately owned by John Lane, and have rented and refitted up his old stand on Calhoun street, two doors west of Stapleford's Auction Room, and are now better than ever prepared to repair

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

AND FANCY GOODS

At Rarest prices, and far cheaper than any other establishment in the City, and no mistake.

Repairing Watches and Clocks

is a business in which they challenge competition as to workmanship, and more especially in the best class of fine and valuable Clocks and Watches.

They have all the instruments and machinery to do any work in their line, and will warrant every job done to entire satisfaction.

They have worked nearly twenty years in the cities of France, Switzerland, and North and South America.

☞ *Particular Notice*—They keep the tools of the P. F. W. & C. R. R., as kept in the Superintendent's Office.

Fort Wayne, February 27, 1858 3m 35

GEORGE MILLER,

Wholesale and Retail Merchant,

At his new stand,

N. W. corner Calhoun & Berry Sts.,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE Proprietor has just received from the East the largest Stock of

Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS
AND
GROCERIES

That was ever brought to this section of Country.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Can buy as cheap of him, FOR CASH, as in New York, saving time and freight, as he purchased his Goods in their original packages.

My Wholesale Department

Is the most extensive in Northern Indiana, and will be kept in such order that my customers can make as good selections as anywhere West of New York.

Coffee, Sugar, Tea, and Molasses

Retailed at lower prices than anywhere in the C. F.

Without boasting, I offer better inducements to buyers than can be found in Northern Indiana, and all I ask is to have my Goods examined and prices noted.

Do not forget to call at the new stand of

GEO. MILLER.

Fort Wayne, March 17, 1858 53

CIRCULAR.

On the first day of July, 1857, B. A. Fahnestock, and George W. Fahnestock, of Philadelphia, Pa., A. B. Hull, of New-York, and J. L. Schwartz, of Pittsburgh, re-associated themselves for a further term of business, under the style and firm, as heretofore, of

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.,
B. A. FAHNESTOCK, HULL & Co., New-York City.

In each of which three cities we continue our Wholesale Drug Business in all its branches.

Particular attention will be given to the importation of proprietary articles from abroad; and a full stock of well-established popular remedies will be kept constantly for sale. Orders for our B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S well-known Vermifuge (of which we are the SOLE PROPRIETORS and EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURERS) should be addressed to either of the above-named establishments.

We continue the manufacture of White lead, Red Lead, and Litharge, at Pittsburgh.

Spring & Summer Clothing.

Calhoun st., two doors south of Kinsey's.

C. G. VOGEL respectfully informs his numerous friends that he has just received from New York his Spring Stock, consisting of our extensive assortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres,

TWEEDS VESTINGS, AND

SUMMER GOODS,

of all descriptions, which he will MAKE TO MEASURE in good and fashionable style, and warranted. Also,

Ready-made Clothing

Of all kinds, of his own manufacture, which he warrants well and honestly made, and equal if not superior to any in the market.

He will sell and make up at the very lowest prices, and asks a continuance of the patronage already bestowed upon him.

April 3, 1858

ON MANHOOD,

AND ITS PREMATURE DECLINE.

Just Published, Gratis, the 30th Thousand.

A FEW WORDS on the Rational Treatment, without medicine, of Spermatorrhœa or Loss of Vital Power, Premature Decline of Manhood, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Mental and Nervous Delicacy, and kindred infirmities generally, by

B. DE LANEY, M. D.

The important fact that the many alarming complaints originating in the impudence and folly of youth, may be easily removed *without Medicine*, is in this small treatise clearly demonstrated, and the contrary new and high essential treatment, adapted by the Author, is explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly and at the least possible expense, thereby avoiding a fee advertised nostrums of the day.

☞ Sent to any address, *gratis* and free from a sealed envelope, for remitting Cents in P. O. stamps to the author, DR. DE LANEY, 85 East 4th Street, New York City.

THE GREATEST
MEDICAL
DISCOVERY
OF THE AGE.

Mr. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common Pasture Weeds, a remedy that cures

Every Kind of Humor.

FROM

The worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple

TWO bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the stomach.

Three or five bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of Ringworm.

One or two bottles are warranted to cure all humors in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and humors among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of ringworm.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

One to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of dyspepsia. I know from the experience of thousands that it was caused by a canker in the stomach.

One or two bottles are warranted to cure sick headache.

One to two bottles are warranted to regulate a costive state of the bowels.

One to two bottles will regulate all derangements of the kidneys.

Four to six bottles have cured the worst cases of dropsy.

One to three bottles has cured the worst case of piles; a relief is always experienced. What a mercy to get a relief from such excruciating disease!

Such is my first discovery. I have been done in time and various other lands in the course of them, (Hippocrates, the Father of Medicine, says: "It is an ancient saying, and in the sign Leo.

"It openeth obstructions of the liver, gall and spleen; it is an especial friend to the liver, worth a kingdom; it helps put together a coding it when to bed, it warmeth it when too cold.

"It cleaneth an impetus, cureth a large and lasting lodging in the pit of the stomach, cleaneth all veins and stitches in the side.

"It cureth the jaundice by opening the gall, and it cureth the native color of the body.

"It cleaneth all sores, green and a day hours out of the body, it cleaneth all inward ulcers and consumed blood from the kidneys."

"By opening all obstructions of the spleen, it prepareth all humor, choler and melancholy to vacate which much ado the head and brain, causing the dissing headache, fearful foreboding of trouble, trembling of the heart, fainting and swooning.

"The herb boiled in wine is particularly good to revive the drooping spirits of the aged, and whoever has

Ollo or Not.—The Paris correspondent of the Boston Courier tells the following anecdote of Ossini for which he says he can vouch:

One of the magistrates, highest placed upon the bench, and who was foremost in conducting the prosecutions against the prisoners, (you will easily see why I cannot give his name publicly,) had lately, personally and, by letter held communion with Ossini since the trial, and Ossini has written to thank him for various good offices, the magistrate I speak of paid a last visit at the Castle of Ham to Ossini. Upon this occasion, he addressed Ossini thus: "I have no right to ask you what I am about to ask, and you have every right to chase me as an unwelcome intermeddler. I may, perhaps be indiscreet, remain silent! What is your belief with regard to further attempts upon the Emperor's life? will these continue?"

Ossini looked him full in the face, and answered slowly and very gravely: "I can have no reason for not answering you, and for not speaking the perfect truth: it is impossible he should escape—he is lost.—*(et cetera.)*"

Wake Up, Take Your Hat. Young man, a word. We want to tell you when you should take your hat and be off. And mind what we say. It is:

When you are asked to take a drink.

When you find out you are courting a slovenly and extravagant girl.

When you find yourself in doubtful company.

When you discover that your expenses run ahead of your income.

When you are abusing the confidence of your friends.

When you think that you are a great deal wiser and older and more experienced people than you are.

When you don't perform your duty, your whole duty, and nothing but your duty.

King Charles the Simple, and His Fool.—This good fellow's influence was so great, that Charles, King of France once remarked to him, he thought they had better change places. As Jean did not look well pleased in the proposal, Charles asked him if he were not content at the idea of being a king.

"Oh, content enough," was the reply; "but I should be exceedingly ashamed at having such a fool."

It was this fool who once tried his master's patience by rushing into his room one morning with the exclamation:

"Oh, sire, such news! Four thousand men have risen in the city!"

"What!" cried the startled king; "what intention have they risen?"

"Well!" said Jean, placing his finger upon his nose, "probably with the intention of lying down again at bedtime."

A Quiet Place.—In one of our country exchanges we find the following recommendation of a darling little neighborhood town:

A few days ago a gentleman in conversation with some friends was praising Woodville, Miss., to the skies and remarked among other things that it was the most quiet and peaceful place he ever saw—there was no quarrelling nor rowdyism, nor fighting about the streets; if a gentleman insulted another, *he was quietly shot down, and there was the last of it!*

The Moustache.—A lady writer in Graham's Magazine for May has the following in regard to the moustache:

Did you ever know a woman who knew any thing about it, who would give "two pence" for a kiss from a shaven lip? Somebody talks about egg without salt—nonsense! that does not begin to express it, because if a man or woman either is hungry, they will forego the condiment, but I declare, if I was on the point of escalatory starvation, I would die decently, and make no sort of sign, rather than take the kiss without its accompanying moustache.

☞ A Little ragged urchin had a curiosity to see Barnum's Museum the other day, and quietly stepped in by the doorkeeper, who caught him by the arm and demanded a quarter—The little urchin drew up to his full height, and told the man he didn't want to *buy* his museum, he wanted to see it. The doorkeeper handed him in, and also politely offered him his hat in the bargain.

☞ A punster challenged a sick man's vote at a recent election, on the ground that he was an *ill* legal voter.

☞ The young lady with "speaking eyes" has become quite hoarse, in consequence of using them so much.

☞ It is nothing in our favor if we are honest because it is "the best policy," or because it is respectable.

☞ "I won't cover your heels, I'll be *damned* if I do," as the ragged stocking said to the novel reading lady.

☞ "What are the chief ends of man? asked a school teacher of his pupils. "Head and feet," was the reply.

☞ One of the toasts drank at a recent celebration, was—"Woman! she requires no eulogy—*she speaks for herself!*"

☞ A dandy with a cigar in his mouth, entered a mercantile when the proprietor asked him to take the weed from his mouth. Just he should learn the other monkeys had habits.

☞ A servant maid, who was occupied in picking her mistress's cabbages, took the opportunity of collecting her mistress's pickles, saying it made no difference.

☞ The savage man paints his body to terrify his enemies; the civilized woman covers her face with red and white colors to charm her friends! Which is the most ridiculous tattooed?

☞ Miss Hammond, the late famous preacher among the Quakers, was asked if the spirit had ever inspired her with the thoughts of marriage? "No friend," said she, "but the flesh hath often done so!"

☞ There are only about four things necessary to a capital speaker: first, to have something worth saying; second, to know how to say it; third, when to say it; and fourth, to know when he has said it, and thereafter hold his peace."

☞ The Troy Times describes "blasted hopes" to be "marrying a woman with the hopes of getting $30,000 with her, and when the union is consummated, to be presented with a bill for her last year's board."

☞ "Oh, pray let me have my way this time," said a young gentleman to his lady love. "Well, Willie, I suppose I must this once, but you know that after we are married I shall always have a *Will* of my own."

☞ "Reading the biographies of our great and good men and women," says an exchange, "not one of them had a fashionable mother. They nearly all sprang from plain, strong minded women, who had as little to do with fashions as with the changing clouds."

☞ What is the best line to lead a man with? Crinoline.

And the best line to lead a woman with is a mason-line?

☞ "Husband, why did you destroy all my sweet Williams in the garden, and leave all the bouncing Betsies?"

"Because the Betsies are all favorites of mine, and I won't have any sweet Williams about my premises."

☞ The most astonishing instance of a man's regard for his word was recently given by a man who killed his wife, whom he did not like. When asked why he didn't go off and leave her instead of killing her, he replied, jocosely, that he had promised, on the wedding day, to live with her until death should part them, and that he wasn't the man to break his word!"

☞ At a recent trial before Justice, the following question and answer occurred.

Counsel—"Do you tell Harper to go to the devil?"

Witness—"I rather think I did."

Counsel—"Well, did he go?"

Witness—"I believe not; but if he did, he made a quick trip of it, for I met him the next day."

☞ A person who was recently called in court for the purpose of proving the correctness of a doctor's bill, was asked by the lawyer whether "the doctor did not make several visits after the patient was out of danger?"

"Certainly he did," replied the witness, "I considered the patient in danger as long as the doctor continued to visit him."

C. W. NETTLEHORST. B. W. NETTLEHORST.

NETTLEHORST & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware

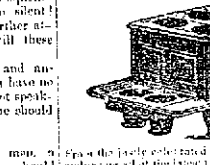
AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Hollow Ware, &c.

Shop and Store fronts in Edmund's Buildings, one door north of H. B. Reed's Drug Store.

WE keep constantly on hand a perfect assortment of

Cook, Parlor, & Box Stoves



Such as the justly celebrated Founderies of Troy N.Y. embracing all the known improvements, also, many of the most approved Patterns of Ohio and Pennsylvania Stoves. We would therefore solicit a share of public patronage, and we want any thing in our line, we will give a call. We also only warrant our stoves to give satisfaction, as we employ none but experienced Workmen.

P. S. If you want anything in the way of Jobbing such as

Eavetroughs Spouting, &c.,

Call at Nettlehorst & Co. We are prepared to do it with promptness and dispatch.

Nov 14th, 1857.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City FREE OF CHARGE.

Fine PictureGallery in the West

DAGUERREOTYPE,

Ambrotype, Hallotype,

AND

Photographic Rooms,

Over Evans' Store corner of Calhoun and Main sts

AMBROTYPES, 25 CTS.

A. McCONNELL has returned from the East with the finest and best assortment of MATERIAL ever brought into this city, carefully selected by himself, and will sell at the lowest figures.

P. S. The principal objections to the Union are supposing the Ambrotypes are not being durable, and I am of that opinion myself; I have therefore concluded to commence the DAGUERREOTYPES, and persons wishing for either of those pictures can rely upon their being executed in the finest style at any price. Rooms over Evans & Co's Dry Goods Store, Fort Wayne, Ind. 29

To the Stockholders of the FORT WAYNE WESTERN R. R.

OFFICE OF THE FORT WAYNE WESTERN R. R. CO.
FORT WAYNE, January 1, 1858.

THE Stockholders of the Fort Wayne Western Railroad Company in the County of Allen, Indiana, are hereby notified that, in addition to the three instalments heretofore required of them, the sum of twenty per cent. of the stock subscribed by them, respectively, is required to be paid up by them to me, as Treasurer, in further instalments as follows:

The tenth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of February, 1858.

The 11th instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of March, 1858.

The sixth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of April, 1858.

The seventh instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of May, 1858.

The eighth instalment of ten per cent. on the 10th day of June, 1858.

The ninth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of July, 1858.

And the tenth instalment of 10 per cent. on the 10th day of August, 1858.

By order of the Board of Directors.

7 w 57 THOMAS TIGAR, Treasurer.

NEW STOCK

At the Old Boot and Shoe Store.

2 Phenix Block, Calhoun st.

E. VORDERMARK has just received a full and very superior assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

which he intends selling at the very lowest prices.

The Stock includes all the newest and most seasonable styles, from the best eastern manufactories.

Additional supplies will be constantly received, so as to keep the assortment complete.

Being a practical workman, he will give particular attention to

Home Made & Custom Work

and can warrant his articles to be well and faithfully made, and of the best materials.

Calf and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans, and Ladies wear of all kinds,

kept on hand or made to measure.

Sept. 11, 1857 1—42

Leather & Findings.

FRY & CHEESMAN,

WELL and long known in this city, have opened up, in connection with their Tannery, a

Leather Store

On Columbia st, Fort Wayne,

In the room formerly occupied by R. W. Taylor & Co., west of Calhoun, where they keep a full assortment of Leather, such as

FRENCH CALF,
SOLE LEATHER, all kinds,
UPPER LEATHER,
COMMON CALF,
KIP SKIN,
HEAVY SIPER,
EASTERN of all kinds,
SHOEMAKERS' FINDINGS,
HARNESS LEATHER,
BRIDLE LEATHER,
ALL KINDS OF LININGS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

All of which they will sell to the trade, or by retail, and at prices which will be of advantage to the buyer.

Their facilities for making Leather are as good as any in the city, and hence, they can sell cheap as any.

N. B.—They buy Hides and Pelts.

50,000 HIDES WANTED.

For which the highest cash prices will be paid. *Call and examine our stock.*

Fort Wayne, Oct 13d, 1857. 1y

NEW GOODS!

The Emporium of Fashion is now open.

AND STILL THEY COME with one unusual rush to see one of the most Magnificent assortments of

DRY GOODS

that you can find in Northern Indiana.

SILKS

of all the latest styles: Fancy Collars; besides a large stock of BLACK SILKS, that we are one shade cheaper than any other house in the city. Also

DRESS TRIMMINGS

of every grade, style and price for the million.

WHITE GOODS.

A full and complete assortment.

Large stock of EMBROIDERIES of all the new patterns. A good assortment of

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

And a large assortment of all other Goods usually kept in a Dry Goods Store, too numerous to mention.

All the above Goods were bought under unusually favorable circumstances, just at the recent crash in the World's red Banks and the consequent depreciation in the money market, and the looked for failures of the Importers and Jobbing Houses designed there to sell to cash customers, we availed ourselves of these great bargains, and willing to give our customers the benefit of them, we would invite all the Ladies and the balance of mankind, to *all we have the Goods and are bound to sell them* Bring along your cash.

Oct 10, 1857. GRAHAM & RUTLEDGE.

Stewart's Large Oven, Air-Tight, SUMMER AND WINTER COOKING STOVE,

COMBINING economy of fuel and time perfection in Cooking and Baking, with great durability and convenience. This is warranted to be *The Best and most complete Cooking Stove* now made, and by a peculiar arrangement or fixture, the heat may be all retained in the stove, and the room kept cool and pleasant. A trial convinces the housekeeper and the comfort of those using the stove, and Housekeepers are invited to call and examine. Our term, cash.

For sale by A. B. BRANDRIFF,
Sep 24, 1857. *Sign of the Golden Stove.*

H. WILLIAMS. A. C. HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

Fruit, Glass, Nails, Woodenware,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Lard, &c.,

No. 29 Columbia street,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

MERCHANTS supplied with Groceries of all kinds, on as favorable terms, all things considered, as can be purchased in *any market*

☞ *All orders filled with dispatch.* ☜

1y29

B. W. OAKLEY

Will give his exclusive attention to the

HARDWARE BUSINESS,

and will keep always on hand a superior assortment of HARDWARE well selected to suit this market, and of the best quality. He will sell at *reasonable prices* and it will give him great pleasure to serve his old friends and make himself useful to the public generally in his line of business. He his prepared to fill all orders correctly and with dispatch.

In his stock may be found

Scythes, Snaths, Forks, Rakes, Hoes, Shovels, Grain Cradles, Sickles, &c.

IRON of all sizes.

Cast, Blister, German and Spring STEEL

Nails, Brads, Spikes, &c.

Mattocks, Picks, & Grub-Hoes.

Vices, Anvils, Bellows, & Screw Plates.

Bench and Moulding Planes.

Socket, Mortice, and Firmer Chisels.

A superior assortment of

Saddlery Ware

of all kinds, Enameled Leather and Cloths, and CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS generally.

Machine Stretched Leather Belting, Vulcanized Rubber Belting and Packing, and a large stock of

Shelf Hardware.

In short, all articles kept in the Hardware line June 27th, 1857. y—52

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co.,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE receive, Store, and Forward Goods by the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, and the Toledo, Wabash & Western Railroads, and by the Wabash & Erie Canal, and deal in all kinds of

PRODUCE,

Salt, Fish, Nails, Pork, Beef, Flour, Glass, Coal, &c.

☞ We are also Agents for

Fairbank's Celebrated Scales

and

DUPONT'S GUN POWDER,

For Sporting and Blasting purposes. And for

Peacock & Son's Steel Plow.

Our Warehouse is well located on the Canal Basin at the east end of Columbia street, at the termination of the side track of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad.

Fort Wayne, April 4, 1857.

C. L. HILL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Bookseller & Stationer,

Calhoun St., Fort Wayne.

School, Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books: Writing, Wrapping and Printing Papers; Fancy Articles, &c.

Pianos, Melodeons, Guitars, and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

BOOK BINDING promptly executed.

FRESH TAMARINDS just received and for sale by J. U. WINSLOW.
33 Columbia street.

HARD TIMES

And Prices to Match.

EMBROIDERIES almost given away. We have just received a large invoice of New Embroideries, consigned to us from an Eastern House, which will be sold at ruinously low prices. To the wavefist

1000 Jaconet Collars at one half the usual price.
500 Muslin do, at 20 cents, worth 5 shillings.
500 " " 25 " " 50 cents.
500 " " 31 cts. " 56 "
500 " " 37 " " 62 "
500 " " 50 " " 87 "
1000 Jaconet Bands 2 yards long, and warranted to wash, for 10 cents, worth 37.
500 Jaconet Bands at 20 cents, worth 62.
750 do, 24 yards long, for 50 cents, worth $1.00
100 sets Collars and Sleeves at 75 cts, worth 1 75
475 pair Sleeves at 20 cts a pair, worth 50 cts.
500 do at 25 cents, worth $1 00.

Jaconet and Muslin Flouncings, elegant work and beautiful patterns, for one half what they can be purchased for at any other house; and a whole run of Edgings, Insertings, Bands, Infants Waists, Infants Robes, Tucked Edgings, &c., &c. All of which will be sold without regard to cost, at 75 Columbia street, by

Oct 13 h J. U. WINSLOW.

☞ New England money taken at par in exchange for Goods.

100,000 Hides Wanted!

FOR which the highest market price will be paid in Cash.

Jan. 31. H. C. GREY & Co.

New Grocery and Provision Store!

Corner of Berry and Calhoun streets, opposite G. Miller's.

A. G. HARNEIT respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has opened in the above store, (formerly Reiser's Confectionary,) a full stock of choice

FAMILY GROCERIES

Crushed, Coffee, and N. Orleans Sugars; Rio and Java Coffee; Teas, Pepper, Spices, Tobacco, Segars, Pickles, Sauces, &c., &c.

CONFECTIONARIES

Of all kinds, Wholesale and Retail.

PROVISIONS such as Potatoes Butter, Eggs, Fruit, Flour, Corn Meat, Dried Beef, Hams, Fish, &c.

Cash paid for all kinds of Farmers' Produce.

It is his design to furnish his customers with every best and choice articles in the above line, and to sell at the very lowest prices, and he therefore hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

Nov 8 3d. 1—21

PILES! PILES! PILES!!

This hitherto intractable disease, of every form and in every stage,

CURED BY EXTERNAL APPLICATION ONLY

Dr. Cavanaugh's PILE SALVE

WILL never fail in giving immediate relief, and positively curing the worst and most obstinate cases of Hemorrhoids or Piles. It is the ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDY KNOWN here or elsewhere for the Piles, and the result of years of patient study and investigations.

Sufferers from Piles now have a remedy at hand which will

Stand the Test of Trial,

without the fair of failure on its part to do all the proprietor claims for it.

Full directions accompanying each box; and all that is requisite is strictly to observe them, and a cure is certain to follow.

The proprietor refers to the following testimonials from gentlemen of character and standing, who have voluntarily given their certificates in the favor in regard to its efficacy in their own cases. Read them.

The following is from one of the most reliable citizens of Geneva, the late Treasurer of Cass County Illinois:

Chicago, July 25, 1855

Dr. Cavanaugh:—Dear Sir—I wish hereby to make known to the afflicted that I have been troubled with the Piles for twenty years and upwards, and at times most severely. And during a recent and exceedingly painful attack a friend procured a box of your Salve, and asked me to give it a trial. He so, not however with the expectation of benefiting my disease, for truly, I had tried so many applications I had lost confidence in all. But to relating to your salve. I soon found that it was among my goods and really it is incredible to myself, that with only about two weeks' use of your Salve, I am so far as I can judge a well man.

I most cheerfully make this statement, hoping I may be of benefit to yourself and such as may be afflicted with this most painful and trying disease. I do not hesitate to say that I consider your preparation an invaluable remedy for the Piles.

Most sincerely yours, J. N. S. HEALD.

The Hon. Richard Yates, late member of Congress, from the Springfield, Illinois, district, says:

Jacksonville, Ill., Nov. 15, 1855.

Dr. Thos. H. Cavanaugh—Dear Sir—The preparation, Cavanaugh's Pile Salve, which you furnished, I found of great service, producing in my case a speedy cure. I not hesitate to recommend it as an invaluable remedy for the Piles.

Respectfully, RICHARD YATES.

☞ Price $1 per Box. For sale at Fort Wayne by Wall & Meyer, H. B. Reed & Co., J. U. Winslow, Smith and Bachtenstiner, Morgan & Nill, and H. G. Wagner, nearly Druggists and dealers generally.

1y52

FRUIT TREES

AND

SHRUBBERY.

WE the undersigned, Proprietors of the Elm Park Nursery, and members of the firm of Fatchner, Williams & Louis, of the Western Commercial Nursery at Lafayette, Indiana, take this means of informing the public that we have purchased all the right, title, and interest of I. D. G. Nelson in the Elm Park Nursery, as heretofore carried on by W. H. Loomis & Co., and that every effort will be made, as heretofore, to merit the trade and confidence of the people. Having been engaged in the Nursery and Fruit business (and no other) for the past fifteen years, we are confident that we are qualified to meet the wishes of our patrons in this particular, and to give valuable aid and advice in all matters connected with the Fruit business. The stock which we now offer for sale has been got up with the view of adaption to our soil and climate knowing as we do that such will succeed when Eastern trees will in most cases utterly fail.

We therefore have the pleasure of offering for sale

10,000 Peach Trees

of the very best leading varieties. A superior quality

STANDARD & DWARF PEAR TREES.

STANDARD & DWARF CHERRY TREES

of the best, leading, hardy sorts.

Also a large collection of superior

APPLE TREES

These varieties, not as large as we could desire, but fairly in growth, and unsurpassed in excellence of variety.

GRAPES, CURRANTS & GOOSEBERRIES,

a large collection.

EVERGREENS,

consisting of

BALSAM FIR, NORWAY SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, RED CEDAR AND AMERICAN ARBOR VITÆ,

at from four to twenty dollars each, according to size.

We will sell 100 Peach Trees, one year from bud, at twelve dollars; fifty for seven dollars, and 100 as $5. For less than fifty, 16 cents a piece will invariably be charged.

Terms CASH on all bills under $25, and if desired, on bills exceeding that amount, six months credit will be given on the best of paper, with interest, and well endorsed. Address by mail,

LOOMIS & FLETCHER,
April 10, 1858. 3m Fort Wayne, Ind.

FIVE REASONS WHY

C. Orff can sell Goods low.

1st. He does not sell on credit, hence no losses to put on prompt paying Customers.

2d. He buys all for Cash and short time.

3d. He is a working man, and does not hire "gentlemen," to take care of his business.

4th. All his clerks are working men.

5th. The greatest of all, he lives within his means.

March 27, 1858.

GIFTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS

AT

REED'S DRUG STORE

consisting of a choice assortment of

Perfumery & Fancy Articles

offered at

Prices to suit the Times!

I HAVE just opened a large stock of PERFUMERY, FANCY ARTICLES, TOYS, &c., for the Holidays, among which I will offer at reduced prices the following

EXTRACTS

FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF AND TOILET,

LUBIN'S Paris,
RIMMEL'S London,
MARQUERET & CORDAYE Paris,
FARINA COLOGNE Paris.

FOR THE HAIR.

Pomades, Philocomes, Restoratives and Dyes Ox Marrow and Bears Grease.

SOAPS.

Low's Brown Windsor, Low's Honey Soap, Hauff's Honey Soap, Rossetti's Almond and Floating Soap, Taylor's Wright's, Hauff's, Rossetti's and Baxin

Crystaline, Wash Balls and Bar Soap, Walnut Oil, Military Shaving, Soap Shaving, Cream, etc.

SHAVING BOXES AND BRUSHES.

Powder Puffs in Boxes, Toilet Powder, Mem Fan Lilly White, Pearl Powder, and Rouge.

A large assortment of

Brushes.

Hair Brushes, Cloth Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Flesh Brushes, and Dressing Combs.

Also a large lot of Turtle Mountain, Fort Parnas, Pocket Books, Cigar Cases, Card Cases, with an endless variety of other Fancy Toys and useful articles, all admirably suited for *Holiday Gifts*, which are offered CHEAP at the DRUG STORE

Corner of Calhoun and Columbia Streets.

December 25th, 1857.

2000 SEAMLESS BAGS.
5 bales Carpet Warp—white and colored.
250 kegs Juniata's Nails.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

O. H. Smith's Great Work!

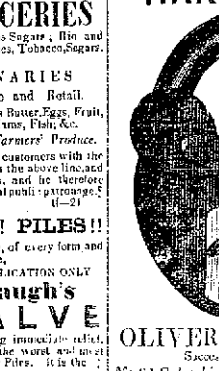
Early Indiana Trials & Sketches.

REMINISCENCES by Hon. O. H. Smith. In one octavo volume. One of the best and most interesting books ever published; throwing much light on the early history of Indiana and its old settlers. Just published, and for sale by

C. L. HILL

March 27, 1858

HARDWARE.



OLIVER P. MORGAN,

Successor to H. Dorlie,

No 81 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Ind

OFFERS a large assortment of STOVES which for quality and variety is equal to any in this market, at *greatly reduced prices*. Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call at least before buying elsewhere.

He is now receiving a large variety of

HARDWARE,

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON

AND STEEL, OF ALL SIZES,

Axles Elliptic Springs, anvils, bellows, Vices,

and other heavy goods, which in variety will compare with any stock in this vicinity.

FARMER'S GOODS.

such as Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Forks, Grubbing Hoes, Picks, &c, &c.

Building Materials

including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes.

DOOR TRIMMINGS—Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, &c.

MECHANICS' TOOLS for Carpenters and Joiners, Blacksmiths and Coopers, fully up to the times in shape and quality.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings, of a greater variety than is usually found

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY.

Plated and Britannia Coffees, Tea and Table Spoons, Forks, &c.

SOLAR & FLUID LAMPS.

Britan. a Tea Setts, Cake Baskets, Pickle Jarces and Bands, together with

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

of every kind and variety.

He is prepared to execute any order for the manufacture of

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Work

To Merchants he offers an assortment of TIN WARE, warranted in quality, at *Lower Prices* than usual.

Tin Plate and Tinners' Goods always on hand.

Dec. 19 1856 y—39

MACABOY SNUFF—a fine quality of Lorillard's received, at

J. U. WINSLOW.

FLUID EXTRACT OF VALERIAN, for sale at Apothecaries' Hall.

33 Columbia Street

NITRATE of silver *Pure* in Pencils and crystals
Sulphate of Quinine; Sulphate, Muriate, and Acetate of Morphia; Strychnia Veratria, Podophilin, Iodine, Iodide of Iron, Hydriate of Potassa, &c. &c. Iron Filings.

For sale by J. U. WINSLOW.
Aug 30. *At Apothecaries Hall.*

Splendid Prizes for Farmers!

Two Ways of making Money!!

No 1, One Silver Watch $30
2, One Canary Bird 5
3, One pr Boots made to measure 5
4, Copy of Fort Wayne Newspaper (to be selected by the winner) 2

The above prizes will be paid to persons delivering the most

BARK

To H. C. GREY & Co.,

at their Tannery on the Feeder Canal, near Capt. Rudisill's Mill, by the first day of August, 1857

The bark must be either

White or Black Oak,

in good condition, and of this year's peeling.

The person obtaining the most bark will receive the first prize; the one bringing the next largest amount will receive the second prize, and so on. We will pay

The highest Market Price in Cash for all Bark delivered January 31st.

No. 95 Columbia Street. No. 95 Columbia Street.

WALL, MEYER, & CO.,

WHO LEADE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS.

Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes,

of all kinds!

Pure Wines & Brandies!

Perfumery Soaps, and Fancy Articles.

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drugs and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.

NEW LIQUOR STORE.

L. FALK,

Wholesale D. aler in Foreign & Domestic

LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.,

No. 93 Columbia street.

One door east of Meyer & Coster's Drug Store;

IS just opening and will keep constantly on hand a large stock of

Cherry Brandy,	Stomach Bitters,
French "	Champagne Wine,
Catawba "	Port "
Domestic "	Malaga "
Apple "	Sweet "
Jamaica Rum,	Muscat "
St Croix "	Madeira "
Gin "	Sherry "
Old Bourbon Whisky,	Catawba "
Rye "	French "
Monongahela "	White "
Common "	Rhine "
Schiedam Schnapps.	Claret "

Also, a large assortment: Imported and Domestic

Cigars & Sardines

To which I would call the attention of both the City and Country Trade. All who want first rate articles, at

CHEAP PRICES,

will please give us a call. April 17 57 tf—42

KID GLOVES.

October 3d, 1857.

A COMPLETE assortment of Ladies and Gents white black and colored Kid Gloves of the best quality, this day opened and for sale by

WM. T. ABBOTT.

GAUNTLETS.

LADIES Lisle, Taffeta, Kid, Buck, and Merino Gauntlets—plain and fancy tops.

Also Gents Buck and Cloth do, at the Boston Dry Goods Store. Oct.

DRAKE & BOURIE

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

HAVE removed their Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Emporium to No. 5 Pixley Block, Calhoun street, two doors north of Evans & Co., where they have just received a large choice stock of

GROCERIES,

Provisions, Pickles, Preserves, Can Fruits, Confectionaries, Fish, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold very low for cash, and cash only.

To Farmers they offer the highest cash price for all kinds of marketing, and to the Citizens of Fort Wayne, the largest and most complete assortment of EATABLES in the city, *delivered Free of Charge* at their residences.

Are Agents for Maltby's celebrated

Baltimore Oysters.

Dec. 1. 1856.

HICKEY SOAP—A large lot of this popular soap; also an endless variety of Toilet Soaps, at *Apothecaries Hall.*

MARSH-MALLOW PASTE—Jujube Paste Lemon, Rose, Banana, Pine-Apple-Liquorice, Hearhound, Wild-Cherry and Iceland Moss Gum Drops for sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

HECKER'S FARINA, Pearl Tapioca, Pearl Sago, Pearl Barley, Bermuda Arrow root—fresh and of the best quality, at 83 Columbia street.

J. U. WINSLOW.

CHLORIDE of Lime and Chloride of Soda, at *Apothecaries Hall*, 83 Columbia st.

COFFEE—Old Gov. Java, Giba for a dollar, at J. U WINSLOW'S

PURE LEMON JUICE—Identical with the expressed juice of Fresh Lemons. For sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

ENGLISH BREAKFAST and fine Oolong Teas, 1 for sale at 61 Columbia street.

J. U WINSLOW.

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale on liberal terms of payment: LOTS 11 and 12 in Block 24, Ewing's Addition, (my late residence), price $3,000.

Also the middle 80 feet (adjoining Mr. F. Nirdlinger's) of lot 240, Hanna's addition. Price $1,000.

82 Acres of Land, 14 mile from town, adjoining James Embry's farm on the south, and Simon Edsall's farm on the west; 40 acres are well cleared and fenced. Price $1 000.

80 Acres of land near the Piqua Road, 24 miles from Fort Wayne, 8 acres cleared, the balance well timbered. Price $2 000.

The above property is rapidly rising in value, and presents a rare opportunity for investment to persons desiring property in and near Fort Wayne.

I also offer for sale, in lots to suit buyers, Lots and Out Lots in New Haven, and over 7,000 acres of valuable timbered and farming lands, on and near the Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis, and Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroads, in the eastern part of Allen County.

JOSEPH R. EDGERTON.
Fort Wayne, March 28, 1856. tf—39

PIANO FORTE WAREROOM

HILL & JACOBS having opened rooms for the sale of Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, keep on hand a full assortment of

Piano Fortes & Melodeons,

of various styles and qualities, from the most celebrated Manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC—A large collection kept on hand. New Music constantly received.

A fine assortment of

Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.,

Also Violin and Guitar Strings, Intact, almost every thing in the music line.

Oct. 3, 1857.

LATEST NEWS!

Reported expressly for CARTER & WEHMER, by the Telegraph Line *The Rumor.*

END OF THE WAR IN PALESTINE!

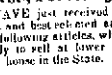
Jerusalem Bombarded and Taken

By the French and Germans!

Carier & Wehmer,

Wholesale Liquor Dealers,

63 Columbia St, Fort Wayne, Ind.



HAVE just received the largest and best selected assortment of the following articles, which they are ready to sell at lower figures than any house in the State.

Brandies—
1 Cognac Brandy.
2 Brown do.
3 Cognac do. of Rasteau de S. Zayar, Pond Condition, and Otard Dupuy.
4 Bas de Fin do.
5 D'Ouzy do.
6 Dorsey do.
7 Jamaica do.

Gin—Schiedam Schnapps.

Cordials—
Bordeaux.
Anisette.
Maraschino.
Curacoa.
Absinthe.
Brandy Fruits.

Whiskey—
Rye Whiskey. Monongahela. Bourbon.

Wines,
Haut Sauterne.
Claret, Rhine.
Champagne, Madeira.
Muscat. Sherry. Catawba.
Port. Malaga.
Cordial.

Rum—Jamaica, Santa Cruz, Batavia.

AGENTS for the sale of Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters, and also for Greene's Aromatic Syrup.

Also a large assortment of imported and domestic CIGARS, SARDINES, &c., &c.

May 23 1857. 47

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $12,000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from Hanging Rock metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, boxed at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS.—We have six sizes of the Comet that top coveding stoves—the best stove sold in any market; it outstrips all competition wherever introduced. I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the sign of the Golden Stove, by A. D. BRANDRIFF.

September 23d, 1856.

PARLOR COOKING STOVES.—You will find three kinds of these Stoves at BRANDRIFF'S.

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are both beautiful Stoves; for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE.—We have five sizes of this Stove, warranted good; also, the Hoosier State, takes 30 inches wood, which suits the laymen. This Stove has long been their favorite, in every instance. We will warrant it one year. Call by and get BRANDRIFF'S.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S.

Ironton Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find two sizes of this stove, of heavy plate, and a good baker of beautiful design, as the sign of the Golden Stove.

THE IOWA.—This is a new Stove, just out, and is destined to meet with rapid sales in this city. It is convincing that is nice and good. The sight of it is sufficient. We have the exclusive sale of it; the price is low. Call at BRANDRIFF'S.

KANSAS PARLORS.—3 sizes of this now and beautiful Parlor Stove, for sp thousand, and will carry off the palm. For sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

1853 FORT WAYNE 1853

STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C. BOWSER. JOHN STORY.

BOWSER & STORY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses.

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for old Castings and Brass

Fort Wayne, October 20, 1854. y16

WM. H. B. REED,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints Oils Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Glass, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuffs, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies.

I NOW receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other houses in the west. Call and examine.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 9, 1852. H B R.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!!

20 PIECES two and three ply Carpet of beautiful colors and patterns

5 pieces Stair Carpets and Rugs Mattings, plain and figured, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4.

OIL CLOTHS of splendid patterns and widths 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4, which will be sold cheaper than ever by H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

August 10th, 1857.

FAIRBANKS' PATENT SCALES.

L. F. & S. BURGESS, AGENTS,
Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by FAIRBANKS & CO
1y1 189 Broadway, N. Y.
and by COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co
Fort Wayne Ind.

BLINDS AND SASH

CHEAPEST AT HOME.

MAKERS of *